







# TABLE OF CONTENTS

002	Financial Highlights
004	Board Of Directors
005	Board Of Directors' Profile
011	Key Senior Management Profile
014	Corporate Information
015	Group Structure
016	Overseas Operations
017	Perutusan Pengerusi
019	Chairman's Message
021	Management's Discussion And Analysis
033	Corporate Governance Overview Statement
036	Other Bursa Securities Compliance
039	Statement On Risk Management And Internal Control
042	Directors' Responsibility Statement In Respect Of Annual Audited Accounts
043	Audit Committee Report
046	Sustainability Statement
052	Directors' Report

056	Statement By Directors
056	Statutory Declaration
057	Independent Auditors' Report
062	Statements Of Financial Position As At 31 December 2020
064	Statements Of Profit Or Loss For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2020
065	Statements Of Comprehensive Income For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2020
066	Statements Of Changes In Equity For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2020
069	Statements Of Cash Flows For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2020
073	Notes To The Financial Statements 31 December 2020
198	List Of Substantial Shareholders' And Directors' Shareholdings As At 1 April 2021
199	Statistics Of Shareholdings As At 1 April 2021
201	Notice Of Twenty Third Annual General Meeting
	Form Of Proxy



This Annual Report can be downloaded at

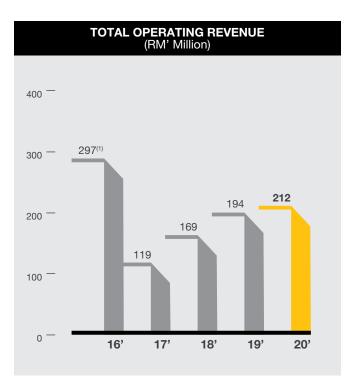
www.maa.my

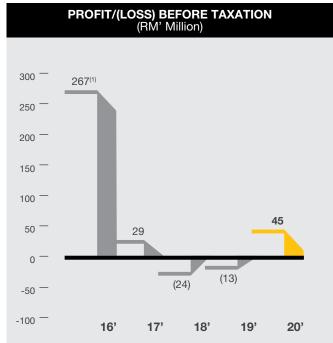
# **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

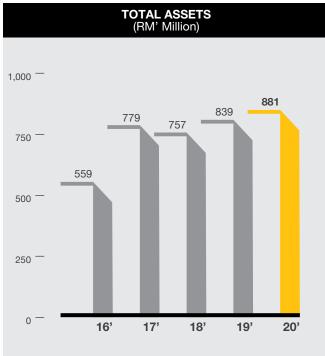
# FIVE YEARS GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Year Ended 31 December	2020	2019 (RESTATED)	2018	2017	2016
Statements of Profit or Loss (RM' million)					
Total Operating Revenue	212	194	169	119	297 <sup>(1)</sup>
Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation	45	(13)	(24)	29	267(1)
Statements of Financial Position (RM' million)					
Total Assets	881	839	757	779	559
Shareholders' Equity	533	505	547	559	546
Financial Ratios (%)					
Return on Capital Employed	8.4%	-2.5%	-4.5%	5.2%	48.9%
Return on Total Assets	5.1%	-1.5%	-3.2%	3.7%	47.8%
Earnings/(Loss) per Share (sen)	14.8	(5.3)	(10.0)	9.2	92.3
Net Asset per Share (RM)	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Included six (6) months results of subsidiary, MAA Takaful Berhad (now known as Zurich Takaful Malaysia Berhad) before the completion of its disposal to Zurich Insurance Company Ltd ("Zurich") on 30 June 2016.







SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (RM' Million) 700 -559 546 547 533 505 500 300 -100 -0 16' 17' 18' 19' 20'

<sup>(1)</sup> Included six (6) months results of subsidiary, MAA Takaful Berhad (now known as Zurich Takaful Malaysia Berhad) before the completion of its disposal to Zurich Insurance Company Ltd ("Zurich") on 30 June 2016.

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**







## 1. TUNKU DATO' YAACOB KHYRA

- Executive Chairman
- 2. TUNKU YAHAYA @ YAHYA BIN TUNKU TAN SRI ABDULLAH
  - Non-Independent Executive
     Director

## 3. YEO TOOK KEAT

- Independent Non-Executive
   Director
- Chairman of Audit & Governance Committee
- Member of Risk & Sustainability Committee
- Member of Nomination & Remuneration Committee

## 4. DATO' NARENDRAKUMAR JASANI A/L CHUNILAL RUGNATH

- Senior Independent Non-Executive Director
- Chairman of Risk & Sustainability Committee
- Chairman of Nomination & Remuneration Committee
- Member of Audit & Governance Committee

# 5. TUNKU DATO' AHMAD BURHANUDDIN BIN TUNKU DATUK SERI ADNAN

- Independent Non-Executive
   Director
- Member of Audit &
- Governance CommitteeMember of Risk &
- Sustainability CommitteeMember of Nomination &
- Remuneration Committee

## 6. DATIN SERI RAIHANAH BEGUM BINTI ABDUL RAHMAN

- Independent Non-Executive
   Director
- Member of Audit & Governance Committee
- Member of Risk & Sustainability Committee
- Member of Nomination & Remuneration Committee







# BOARD OF DIRECTORS' PROFILE

Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra	Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra has been a Director since its inception in November 1998. He was appointed as the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer in 1999. Subsequently, he was re-designated as Executive Chairman of the Company on 28 August 2008. He currently holds the position of Executive Chairman of Mycron Steel Berhad ("MSB") and Melewar Industrial Group Berhad ("MIG").
Executive Chairman	Tunku Dato' Yaacob graduated with a Bachelor of Science (Hons) Degree in Economics and Accounting from City University, London. An accountant by training, he is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales and a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.
Aged <b>60</b>	Tunku Dato' Yaacob started his career as an Auditor with Price Waterhouse in London from 1982 to 1985 and subsequently, employed by the same firm in Kuala Lumpur from 1986 to 1987. Tunku Dato' Yaacob joined Malaysian Assurance Alliance Berhad (now known as Zurich Life Insurance Malaysia Berhad) in 1987 until October 2006.
Nationality MALAYSIAN Gender MALE	Currently, Tunku Dato' Yaacob is a Board Member of MIG, MSB, Turiya Berhad, Melewar Group Berhad, Khyra Legacy Berhad, Yayasan Khyra, MAA Bancwell Trustee Berhad, Ithmaar Holding B.S.C., Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. (Closed) and several private limited companies. He also sits on the Board of Altech Chemicals Limited which is listed in Australia as Non-Executive Director. His shareholdings in the Company is disclosed on page 198 of the Annual Report.
	Tunku Dato' Yaacob is the Chairman of the Board of Trustees for MAA-Medicare Charitable Foundation and The Budimas Charitable Foundation.
	Tunku Dato' Yaacob does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company.
	Tunku Dato' Yaacob does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and he has had no convictions for any offences within the past five (5) years, other than traffic offences, if any, and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS' PROFILE (continued)

#### Tunku Yahaya @ Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya bin Tunku Tan Sri Abdullah was appointed to the Board on 10 January 2007. He was re-designated as Non-Independent Executive Director of the Yahya bin Tunku Tan Company on 1 December 2011 by virtue of his appointment as Head of E-Commerce Sri Abdullah (Vice President) of MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd, the wholly-owned subsidiary of MAA Group Berhad Tunku Yahaya is the brother to Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra, the Executive Chairman of the Company. Non-Independent Executive Director Tunku Yahaya graduated in 1983 with a Bachelor of Science (Hons) Degree in Economics and Accountancy from City University, London. Upon completion, he joined Peat Marwick Mitchell & Co. in London that same year. In 1986, he obtained his Master of Science in Economics from Birkbeck College, University of London. Aged Upon returning to Malaysia in 1986, he joined the advertising company, MZC-Saatchi & 59 Saatchi. In 1988, he joined the management of the refurbished Central Market (KL) as Executive Director. In 1994, he was appointed to put into operation and manage the Nationality television station, Metro Vision as Managing Director. In 1997, he started the music MALAYSIAN recording label, Melewar Parallax Sdn Bhd. Gender He currently sits on the Boards of Melewar Industrial Group Berhad, Mithril Berhad, MALE Melewar Group Berhad, Khyra Legacy Berhad, MAA Credit Berhad, MAA Bancwell Trustee Berhad, Jat Acres Berhad and several private limited companies. Tunku Yahaya does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company. Tunku Yahaya does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has had no conviction for any offences within the past five (5) years, other than traffic offences, if any, and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

# Yeo Took Keat

Independent Non-Executive Director

Chairman of Audit & Governance Committee

Member of Risk & Sustainability Committee

Member of Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Aged 63

Nationality **MALAYSIAN** 

Gender **MALE** 

Mr Yeo Took Keat was appointed to the Board on 24 February 2005 and was appointed as the Group Chief Operating Officer in May 2002. He was re-designated as Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 2 January 2018 upon his retirement as the Group Chief Operating Officer of the Company in December 2017. On 2 January 2020, he was re-designated as Independent Non-Executive Director and was appointed as the Chairman of Audit & Governance Committee, upon completing his 2 years' service as Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company based on the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. He is also a Member of Risk & Sustainability Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

Mr Yeo has vast experience in accounting and finance having served with various capacities in insurance companies and audit firms upon completing his studies in 1980. He joined Malaysian Assurance Alliance Berhad (now known as Zurich Insurance Malaysia Berhad) in 1986 and has held several positions, the last of which was as Senior Vice President – Finance & Administration before his transfer to MAA Group Berhad in May 2002 as the Group Chief Operating Officer.

Mr Yeo is a Fellow of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, United Kingdom and a Member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Mr Yeo currently sits on the Board of MAA International Group Ltd, the subsidiary of the Company.

Mr Yeo does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company.

Mr Yeo does not have any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholders of the Company and he has had no convictions for any offences within the past five (5) years, other than traffic offences, if any, and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year. His shareholdings in the Company is disclosed on page 198 of the Annual Report.

# Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilal Rugnath

Senior Independent Non-Executive Director

Chairman of Risk & Sustainability Committee

Chairman of Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Member of Audit & Governance Committee

Aged

Nationality **MALAYSIAN** 

Gender

Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilal Rugnath was appointed to the Board on 5 September 2012 as an Independent Non-Executive Director. Subsequently, he was appointed as the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director and as the Chairman of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee on 21 June 2018. He is the Chairman of the Risk & Sustainability Committee and a Member of Audit & Governance Committee.

Dato' Jasani is currently the Country Managing Partner of Grant Thornton Malaysia, a firm of public accountants. Regionally, he is the Chairman of Grant Thornton Cambodia. He qualified as a Chartered Accountant in England in 1974. He gained experience with Grant Thornton in the United Kingdom and locally with Ernst & Young. Whilst with the two firms, he was involved in rendering professional services for large financial institutions and a number of other international and public listed companies.

Dato' Jasani also actively contributes towards the professional development of the accounting standards and practice. He has served as the Vice President of Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA) and in the MIA Council. Dato' Jasani was also involved in a number of Committees including the Small & Medium Practice Committee (SMP), Insolvency Practice Committee (IPC), Valuation Committee (VC) and the Monitoring Committee (MC).

In his professional capacity, he established the Malaysian Chapter of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales ("ICAEW") in July 2002 and was the Chairman for 4 years. He remains actively involved as Member of ICAEW and Adviser for the Malaysian Chapter. For initiating the Malaysian ICAEW Chapter and then the successful student training, he was awarded the Life Time Achievement Award by ICAEW.

He is a Member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA), The Malaysia Institute of Chartered Public Accountants (MICPA) and a Member of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants (ISCA) as well as Member of the Asean Chartered Professional Accountants (ACPA).

Dato' Jasani has no family ties with any of the Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company nor any shareholding in the Company.

Dato' Jasani does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company.

He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has had no conviction for any offences within the past five (5) years, other than traffic offences, if any, and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS' PROFILE (continued)

# Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan

Independent Non-Executive Director

Member of Audit & Governance Committee

Member of Risk & Sustainability Committee

Member of Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Aged 59

Nationality MALAYSIAN

Gender MALE Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan was appointed to the Board on 26 May 2017 as an Independent Non-Executive Director. Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin is a Member of Audit & Governance Committee, Risk & Sustainability Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Company.

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin is an accountant by qualification. He is a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (FCCA) and a member of the Institute of Malaysian Accountants.

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin served as the Executive Director of CIMB Bank, The Financial Controller (CFO) of Commerce Asset Holdings (now known as CIMB Bank Berhad), Executive Director of Commerce Asset Fund Managers, Group Chief Internal Auditor of the Commerce Group and chaired various committees in CIMB Bank from year 2001 to 2009, including being the Chairman of the Building Committee for the construction of Menara CIMB Bank and had under his direct purview the Bank's International Branches, the Group Customer Care and Management Support Division and The Corporate Client Solutions which covered the group's relationships with Government and Multinational Corporations.

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin served as the Group Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of Themed Attractions Resorts & Hotels Sdn Bhd from April 2015 to July 2016. He also served as the Group Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of Themed Attractions and Resorts Sdn Bhd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Khazanah Nasional Berhad from October 2009 to April 2015.

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin was elected as the President of the Malaysian Association of Amusement Themeparks & Family Attractions (MAATFA) in 2013 for a two-year term. He was also elected as the President of The Malay College Old Boys' Association, continuing the legacy of his father who was the Past President and the Life President of the Association, in June 2016.

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin currently sits on the Boards of Bank Kerjasama Rakyat Malaysia Berhad and several private limited companies.

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin has no family ties with any of the Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company nor any shareholding in the Company.

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company.

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has had no conviction for any offences within the past five (5) years, other than traffic offences, if any, and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS' PROFILE (continued)

# Datin Seri Raihanah Begum Binti Abdul Rahman

Independent Non-Executive Director

Member of Audit & Governance Committee

Member of Risk & Sustainability Committee

Member of Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Aged 59

Nationality **MALAYSIAN** 

Gender FEMALE Datin Seri Raihanah Begum Binti Abdul Rahman, was appointed to the Board on 22 February 2018. Datin Seri Raihan is a Member of Audit & Governance Committee, Risk & Sustainability Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Company. She currently sits on the Boards of Melewar Industrial Group Berhad, Mycron Steel Berhad and several other private limited companies.

Datin Seri Raihan is an Associate of the Chartered Insurance Institute (UK) and the Malaysian Insurance Institute. As a scholar of American Malaysian Insurance Sdn Bhd (later known as CIMB Bank Insurance) she started her insurance career with the company immediately after successfully completing her course in 1984 and has held various positions in the Underwriting and Marketing Departments before leaving in 1988 to join Malene Insurance Brokers Sdn Bhd ("Malene").

During her 10-year service at Malene, she was exposed to various aspects of the oil and gas industry and was involved in the Insurance programmes for Petronas, Shell, Exxon-Mobil and various other oil and gas-related companies such as Gas Malaysia Sdn Bhd and MISC Berhad. Her experience also included an attachment with a London-based Lloyds broker.

She left Malene in 1997 when she was the Acting Chief Executive Officer, to dedicate more time in bringing up her three young children. To ensure that she was in touch with the insurance industry and coupled with her experience and knowledge in insurance underwriting and broking, she made time, from 1998 to 1999, while being a homemaker, to be a part-time lecturer with the Malaysian Insurance Institute for insurance industry practitioners to obtain a more in-depth knowledge of the business.

In August 2005, Datin Seri Raihan was appointed as a Non-Executive Director to the board of a public-listed fibre-based manufacturing company called Wang Zheng Berhad ("Wang Zheng"). She served as an active board member at Wang Zheng for 8 years.

She was also appointed as a member of the Board of Trustees for the Malaysian Medical Association ("MMA") Foundation for a three-year term from 2007. MMA Foundation is a non-profit organisation which provides financial assistance for undergraduate medical students, continuing professional development, public health education and donations to charities.

Datin Seri Raihan has no family ties with any of the Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company nor any shareholding in the Company.

Datin Seri Raihan does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company.

Datin Seri Raihan does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has had no conviction for any offences within the past five (5) years, other than traffic offences, if any, and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

# KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE

# **Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra**

Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra has been a Director of the Company since its inception in November 1998. He was appointed as the Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer of the Company in 1999. Subsequently, he was re-designated as Executive Chairman of the Company on 28 August 2008. His personal profile is listed in the Board of Directors' Profile on page 005 of this Annual Report.

# Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya Bin Tunku Tan Sri Abdullah

Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya bin Tunku Tan Sri Abdullah was appointed to the Board of Directors of the Company on 10 January 2007. He was re-designated as Non-Independent Executive Director of the Company on 1 December 2011 by virtue of his appointment as Head of E-Commerce (Vice President) of MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd, the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. His personal profile is listed in the Board of Directors' Profile on page 006 of this Annual Report.

# Daniel C. Go

Aged 59, Filipino, Male President/Chief Executive Officer ("CEO")

Mr Daniel C. Go is the President/CEO of MAA General Assurance Philippines, Inc. ("MAAGAP") since the commencement of the company's operation in 2001. He is one of the founder and pioneer of MAAGAP.

He was appointed as a Director of MAA Mutualife Philippines, Inc. in April 2003.

Mr Daniel C. Go has more than 38 years of work experience in the field of Non-Life Insurance. His career in insurance started in the middle of 1982 when he joined Prudential Guarantee and Assurance Inc. (PGAI) as a claims clerk for motor car. He rose from the ranks and became Assistant Vice President – Claims for All Lines then was further promoted to become Vice President for Marketing until 2001.

Mr Go studied Bachelor of Science in Commerce, Major in Management at the University of the East.

Mr Go has no family ties with any of the Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company nor any shareholding in the Company.

Mr Go does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company.

Mr Go does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has had no conviction for any offences within the past five (5) years, other than traffic offences, if any, and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

## Aged 60, Malaysian, Male Executive Chairman

Aged 59, Malaysian, Male

Non-Independent Executive Director

## **Anand Kanagasingam**

Aged 39, Malaysian, Male Group Chief Operating Officer

Mr Anand Kanagasingam was appointed as the General Manager of the Company on 18 September 2017 and was subsequently redesignated to Senior Vice President – Financial Services on 1 April 2019. On 11 March 2020, he was promoted to Group Chief Operating Officer of the Company.

Mr Anand holds a Bachelor of Commerce in Corporate Finance & Marketing awarded by the University of Adelaide, Australia.

He has worked in the banking industry for over 10 years and served in various renowned banks in Malaysia and the United Arab Emirates such as Affin Bank Berhad, the National Bank of Abu Dhabi, Standard Chartered Bank and Union National Bank.

He also serves on the Boards of several private limited companies in the group.

Mr Anand has no family ties with any of the Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company nor any shareholding in the Company.

Mr Anand does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company.

Mr Anand does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has had no conviction for any offences within the past five (5) years, other than traffic offences, if any, and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

# **Choon Siew Thong**

Aged 54, Malaysian, Male Group Chief Financial Officer

Mr Choon Siew Thong was appointed as Group Chief Financial Officer of the Company on 16 March 2020.

Mr Choon holds a Bachelor of Economics awarded by Monash University, Australia in 1990. He is also a member of both CPA Australia and Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA").

Mr Choon has more than 30 years of work experience since starting his career with PricewaterhouseCoopers in mid 1990 before leaving in 2003 to join the commercial world. He was formerly the Group Chief Financial Officer for Kencana Petroleum Berhad in 2007 till 2012 and the Group Chief Risk Officer for Sapurakencana Petroleum Berhad (now known as Sapura Energy Berhad) in 2012 till 2015. Prior to joining the Company, he was the Group Chief Financial Officer for a 100% foreign owned company called MFE Formwork Technology Sdn Bhd.

Mr Choon has no family ties with any of the Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company nor any shareholding in the Company.

Mr Choon does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company.

Mr Choon does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has had no conviction for any offences within the past five (5) years other than traffic offences, if any and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE (continued)

# **Ng Teck Sing**

Aged 57, Malaysian, Male Head of Information Technology

Mr Ng was appointed as Senior Vice President – Head of Information Technology since December 2017 when he joined the Company.

Mr Ng has 35 years of working experience in IT Management and Insurance Application Development in General Insurance. He started his career as Computer Operator cum Junior Programmer with Pacific & Orient Insurance Co. Bhd in 1986. Subsequently, he joined Power Computer Services Sdn Bhd (now known as P & O Global Technologies Sdn Bhd ("P&O Global")) in 1989 and was posted to Hong Kong in 1990 where he successfully completed 3 turnkey General Insurance system projects for P&O Global.

In 1992, Mr Ng joined Malaysian Assurance Alliance Berhad (now known as Zurich Insurance Malaysia Berhad) as Assistant Manager and in 2012, he resigned as Senior Manager of MAAGNET Systems Sdn Bhd, a sub-subsidiary of MAA Group Berhad. During his work tenure with Malaysian Assurance Alliance Berhad, he managed to develop a new General Insurance System that covered front and back end processes, whereas during his employment with MAAGNET Systems Sdn Bhd, he developed a Business Intelligence System to provide business insight to the Management. Mr Ng subsequently joined Tune Insurance Malaysia Bhd (now known as Tune Protect Malaysia Bhd) in 2012 as Assistant General Manager for IT Department and then in 2015, he joined MAA Takaful Berhad (now known as Zurich General Takaful Malaysia Bhd) as Assistant Vice President for IT Department.

Mr Ng holds a Postgraduate Diploma in Strategic Business IT awarded by NCC Education, UK.

Mr Ng has no family ties with any of the Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company nor any shareholding in the Company.

Mr Ng does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company.

Mr Ng does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has had no conviction for any offences within the past five (5) years, other than traffic offences, if any, and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

# **Angeline Lim Suan See**

Aged 55, Malaysian, Female Group Chief Human Resource & Communications Officer

Ms Angeline Lim joined the Company on 2 May 2000 as Manager, Communications. In 2002, she was promoted to Executive Manager and was subsequently promoted to Senior Manager in 2005 to oversee the Group Communications. In 2012, Angeline was promoted to Senior Manager – Group Human Resources, Training and Communications. She was then promoted to Vice President – Group Chief Human Resource & Communications Officer in February 2019.

Ms Angeline Lim completed her Diploma in Public Relations, Advertising and Marketing from the London Chamber of Commerce in 1992. Subsequently in 2010, she completed her MBA from the University of Southern Queensland.

Ms Angeline Lim has a combined 36 years' working experience in the aviation, service and insurance industry. She has been with the Group for 20 years. Prior to joining the Group, she was attached to Malaysia Airlines, the Shangri La Hotel, Hotel Istana, Palace of the Golden Horses and Malaysian Assurance Alliance Berhad (now known as Zurich Life Insurance Malaysia Berhad).

Ms Angeline Lim also serves as a Trustee on the Board of Trustees of MAA-Medicare Charitable Foundation and as a member of the Board of Governors for St John's International School.

Ms Angeline Lim has no family ties with any of the Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company nor any shareholding in the Company.

Ms Angeline Lim does not have any personal interest in any business arrangements involving the Company.

Ms Angeline Lim does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has had no conviction for any offences within the past five (5) years, other than traffic offences, if any, and no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

# CORPORATE INFORMATION

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra (Chairman)

**Mr Yeo Took Keat** 

Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya bin Tunku Tan Sri Abdullah

Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilal Rugnath Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan

Datin Seri Raihanah Begum binti Abdul Rahman

## AUDIT & GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Mr Yeo Took Keat (Chairman)

Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilal Rugnath

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan

Datin Seri Raihanah Begum binti Abdul Rahman

## RISK & SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilal Rugnath (Chairman)

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan

Datin Seri Raihanah Begum binti Abdul Rahman

Mr Yeo Took Keat

# NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilal Rugnath (Chairman)

Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan

Datin Seri Raihanah Begum binti Abdul Rahman

Mr Yeo Took Keat

## SECRETARY

Ms Lily Yin Kam May (MAICSA No. 0878038)

# AUDITORS

Messrs PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146) Chartered Accountants

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

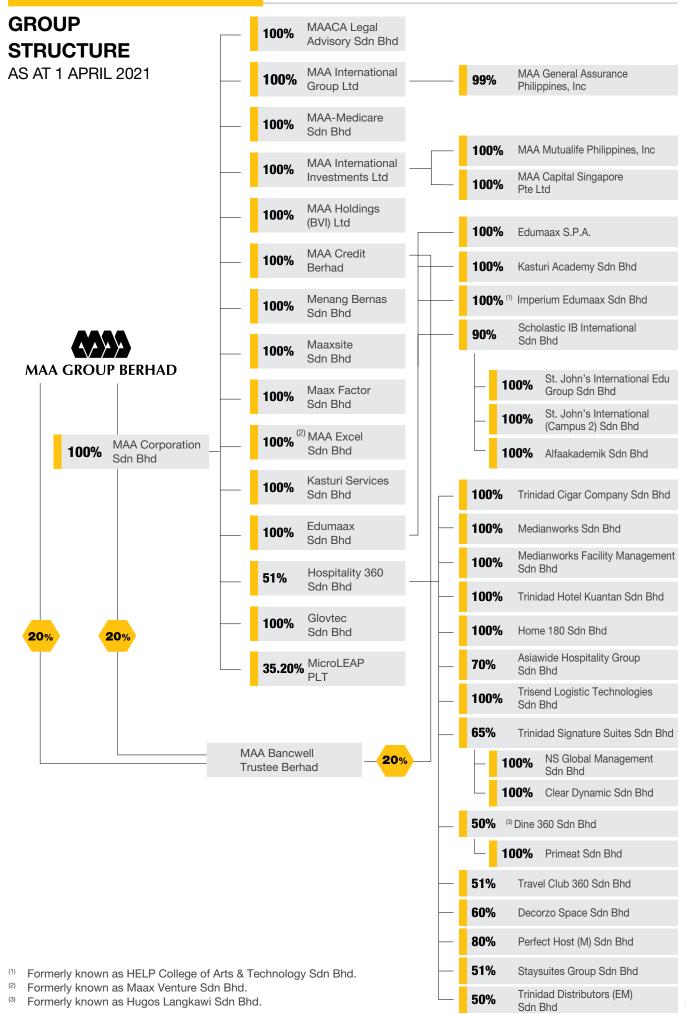
13th Floor, No. 566, Jalan Ipoh 51200 Kuala Lumpur Telephone No. : 03 6256 8000 Facsimile No. : 03 6251 0373

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

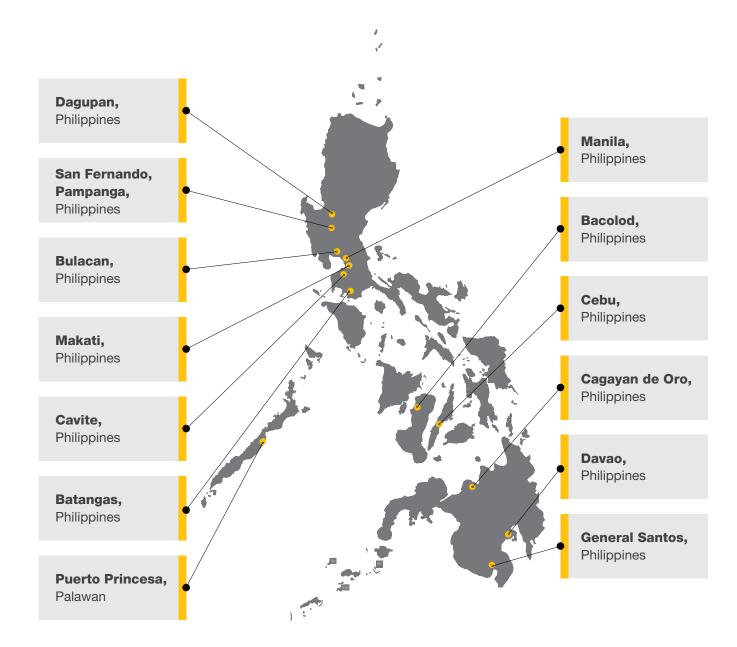
Suite 11.05, 11th Floor No. 566, Jalan Ipoh 51200 Kuala Lumpur Telephone No. : 03 6252 8880 Facsimile No. : 03 6252 8080

## SHARE REGISTRAR

Trace Management Services Sdn Bhd Suite 11.05, 11th Floor No. 566, Jalan Ipoh 51200 Kuala Lumpur Telephone No. : 03 6252 8880 Facsimile No. : 03 6252 8080



# OVERSEAS OPERATIONS



PERUTUSAN PENGERUSI



# PEMEGANG SAHAM YANG DIHARGAI,

Bagi pihak Ahli Lembaga Pengarah, saya dengan sukacitanya membentangkan Laporan Tahunan Kumpulan bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2020.



MESEJ UTAMA

Persekitaran Operasi	Perkembangan Terkini Cadangan Korporat	Tinjauan Keputusan	Dividen
	Tanggungjawab Sosial Korporat	Pengiktirafan dan Penghargaan	

#### Persekitaran Operasi

Cabaran luar biasa yang dihadapi akibat pandemik COVID-19 menyebabkan ekonomi Malaysia menyusut sebanyak -5.6% untuk tahun penuh 2020 berbanding sasaran pertumbuhan 4.8% yang diunjurkan oleh Kerajaan. Kebanyakan firma terpaksa menilai semula strategi perniagaan mereka pada tahun 2020 untuk menjamin kesinambungan perniagaan sambil mematuhi Prosedur Operasi Standard (SOP) semasa dalam pelbagai bentuk Perintah Kawalan Pergerakan serta penutupan dan penyekatan perjalanan yang ketat. Antaranya termasuk memendekkan waktu operasi, mengehadkan bilangan kakitangan yang bekerja pada satu masa, sekatan perjalanan di peringkat antarabangsa dan juga penutupan sempadan daerah dan negeri. Malah Filipina, yang merupakan pusat operasi Kumpulan, juga tidak terlepas daripada kesan pandemik dengan kemerosotan Keluaran Dalam Negara Kasar (KDNK) sebanyak -9.5% bagi tahun 2020, kadar paling rendah dicatatkan sejak 1947.

Pada tahun yang dilaporkan, Kumpulan menumpukan usahanya kepada langkah proaktif berterusan yang diperkenalkan oleh setiap syarikat dalam Kumpulan untuk mengurangkan gangguan perniagaan sambil mematuhi garis panduan SOP yang ditetapkan oleh Kerajaan. Antara langkah yang diambil termasuk meningkatkan kecekapan pengurusan, menggiatkan usaha mengoptimumkan kos dan mengenal pasti peluang perniagaan baharu demi menjamin kestabilan dan pertumbuhan perniagaan.

Di samping itu, Kumpulan juga telah menyempurnakan beberapa cadangan korporat seperti yang diterangkan pada bahagian seterusnya.

#### Perkembangan Terkini Cadangan Korporat

Kumpulan dengan sukacitanya membentangkan laporan berikut bagi cadangan korporat yang dilaksanakan sepanjang tahun yang dilaporkan:

- (a) Berhubung dengan status PN17 Syarikat, Syarikat telah mengemukakan permohonan kepada Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") pada 24 November 2020 untuk mendapatkan pelepasan daripada mematuhi Perenggan 8.04(3)(a) dan Practice Note 17 dalam Syarat-Syarat Penyenaraian Pasaran Utama Bursa Securities ("Syarat-Syarat Penyenaraian Pasaran Utama"). Menerusi surat bertarikh 25 Mac 2021, Bursa Securities telah memutuskan untuk memberi pelepasan kepada Syarikat daripada mematuhi Perenggan 8.04(3)(a) dalam Syarat-Syarat Penyenaraian Pasaran Utama. Dengan pemberian pelepasan tersebut, MAAG kini telah bebas daripada dikategorikan sebagai Syarikat PN17 berkuatkuasa mulai 26 Mac 2021.
- (b) Pada 13 September 2019, Syarikat menerusi anak syarikat milik penuhnya, Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Edumaax") telah membuat perjanjian pembelian saham ("SPA") dengan HELP International Corporation Berhad ("Penjual") untuk membeli 100% kepentingan ekuiti dalam HELP College of Arts and Technology Sdn Bhd ("HCAT") (kini dikenali sebagai Imperium Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Imperium Edumaax")) untuk pertimbangan pembelian berjumlah RM5,500,000 ("Pemerolehan HCAT").

Bagaimanapun, SPA telah dibatalkan menurut Fasal 3A.2 di dalam SPA pada 24 Jun 2020 memandangkan syarat-syarat pasca SPA tidak dipenuhi oleh Penjual sehingga tarikh akhir 12 Januari 2020 dan tiada persetujuan bersama antara Penjual dan Edumaax untuk melanjutkan tarikh akhir tersebut.

Seterusnya pada 20 Julai 2020, Edumaax dan Penjual telah membuat Perjanjian Pembelian Saham ("SPA bertarikh 20 Julai 2020) baharu bagi Pembelian HCAT pada harga pertimbangan pembelian berjumlah RM2,000,000 sahaja.

Pada 28 Ogos 2020, Jabatan Pendidikan Tinggi ("JPT"), Kementerian Pendidikan Malaysia telah meluluskan pertukaran pegangan saham, pemegang saham dan para pengarah HCAT (kini dikenali sebagai Imperium Edumaax). Selepas menerima kelulusan JPT tersebut, saham HCAT telah dipindahkan secara rasmi pada 26 Oktober 2020 kepada Edumaax.

- (c) Pada 7 Julai 2020, Syarikat menerusi anak syarikat milik penuhnya, MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd ("MAA Corp") telah melanggan dua (2) saham baharu bernilai RM2 setiap satu, mewakili 100% daripada modal diterbitkan dan berbayar dalam anak syarikat baharu, Glovtec Sdn Bhd, sebuah syarikat yang ditubuhkan di Malaysia, untuk pertimbangan tunai sebanyak RM4.
- (d) Pada 31 Julai 2020, Edumaax telah melanggan lima puluh ribu (50,000) saham baharu bernilai Euro1 setiap satu, mewakili 100% daripada modal diterbitkan dan berbayar dalam anak syarikat baharu, Edumaax SPA, sebuah syarikat yang ditubuhkan di Itali, untuk pertimbangan tunai sebanyak Euro50,000 (bersamaan dengan RM248,600).
- (e) Pada 27 Oktober 2020, MAA Corp telah memeterai Partnership InterestSubscription("PISA") dengan MicroLEAPPLT ("MicroLEAP") dan semua Rakan Kongsi Sedia Ada untuk melanggan kepentingan 35.20% dalam MicroLEAP untuk pertimbangan tunai RM1,250,000, tertakluk kepada terma dan syarat yang dinyatakan dalam PISA.

(f) Pada 3 November 2020, MAA Corp memperolehi 2 saham biasa bernilai RM1 sesaham dalam Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd ("H360"), yang mewakili 2% daripada modal saham diterbitkan dan berbayar H360, daripada Charming Vanguard Sdn Bhd untuk pertimbangan tunai berjumlah RM2. Dengan pemerolehan ini, kepentingan ekuiti MAA Corp dalam H360 meningkat dari 49% kepada 51%, menjadikan H360 sebuah anak syarikat Kumpulan.

#### **Tinjauan Keputusan**

Di sebalik ketidakpastian dan cabaran yang dihadapi akibat pandemik COVID-19 pada 2020, Kumpulan dengan sukacita mengumumkan Untung Sebelum Cukai ("USC") RM44.9 juta (2019: Rugi Sebelum Cukai ("RSC") bernilai RM12.8 juta) berasaskan sumbangan daripada segmen perniagaan yang berikut:

- Perniagaan Insurans Am yang dipegang menerusi MAA General Assurance Philippines, Inc. ("MAAGAP") – USC RM31.9 juta (2019: USC RM15.3 juta)
- Segmen Pegangan Pelaburan USC RM15.5 juta (2019: RSC RM22.4 juta)
- Segmen Perkhidmatan Pendidikan RSC RM4.7 juta (2019: RSC RM2.6 juta)

Maklumat tentang prestasi perniagaan, operasi dan kewangan pada tahun yang dilaporkan dan tinjauan Kumpulan bagi 2021 dibincangkan secara berasingan dalam Penyata Perbincangan dan Analisis Pengurusan pada halaman yang dilampirkan.

#### Dividen

Syarikat tidak membayar, mencadangkan atau mengisytiharkan apaapa dividen pada tahun yang dilaporkan memandangkan Kumpulan sedang membina sumber kewangan bagi memanfaatkan peluang perniagaan dan pertumbuhan baharu.

#### Tanggungjawab Sosial Korporat

Meneruskan usaha amal yang dilakukan selama ini, Kumpulan melaksanakan tanggungjawab sosial korporat menerusi MAA Medicare Charitable Foundation dan juga memberikan sokongan kepada The Budimas Charitable Foundation ("Budimas").

MAA Medicare Charitable Foundation menguruskan MAA Medicare Kidney Charity Fund dan MAA Medicare Heart Charity Fund yang menyediakan rawatan dialisis buah pinggang dan sakit jantung bagi golongan pesakit yang memerlukan. Budimas pula ialah sebuah badan amal yang mencari dan menyokong projek yang menghulurkan bantuan kepada kanak-kanak yang memerlukan di Malaysia.

#### Pengiktirafan dan Penghargaan

Bagi pihak Lembaga Pengarah, saya ingin mengucapkan ribuan terima kasih kepada pasukan Pengurusan dan Kakitangan atas komitmen, dedikasi dan sumbangan mereka kepada Kumpulan.

Saya juga ingin mengambil kesempatan ini untuk merakamkan setinggi-tinggi penghargaan kami kepada rakan niaga, pelanggan dan pemegang saham yang amat dihargai atas sokongan, keyakinan dan kepercayaan berterusan mereka terhadap kami.

Akhir sekali, saya mengucapkan terima kasih kepada rakan-rakan seperjuangan saya dalam Lembaga Pengarah atas panduan dan sokongan yang diberikan kepada Kumpulan.

Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra Pengerusi Eksekutif

# CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE



On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the Annual Report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020.



**KEY MESSAGES** 



#### **Operating Environment**

The unprecedented challenges brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in Malaysia's economy contracting by -5.6% for the full year 2020 against the Government's targeted 4.8%. 2020 was a year which saw most firms reviewing their business strategies to ensure business sustainability while adhering to Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) during the various forms of Movement Control Order and strict lockdowns. This includes reducing operating hours, limiting number of employees working at one particular time, restrictions in travelling on both international and local inter-district and inter-state borders. Likewise, the Philippines where the Group operates in, was also not spared of the pandemic effects with its Gross Domestic Product (GDP) declining by -9.5% for 2020, its lowest since 1947.

In the year under review, the Group focused its efforts on the on-going proactive measures introduced by each company in the Group to minimise business disruptions whilst adhering to the SOP guidelines set by the Government. The steps taken includes improving its management efficiency, intensifying costs optimisation and identifying new business opportunities to ensure business sustainability and growth.

In addition, the Group has also completed several corporate proposals as mentioned in the next section.

#### **Updates on Corporate Proposals**

The Group is pleased to provide the following report for corporate proposals carried out during the year:

- (a) On the PN17 status of the Company, the Company had on 24 November 2020 submitted an application to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") for a waiver from having to comply with Paragraph 8.04(3)(a) and Practice Note 17 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities ("Main Market Listing Requirements"). Bursa Securities had, vide its letter dated 25 March 2021, decided to grant the Company a waiver from complying with Paragraph 8.04(3)(a) of the Main Market Listing Requirements. With the waiver being granted, MAAG was uplifted from being classified as a PN17 Company effective from 26 March 2021.
- (b) On 13 September 2019, the Company via its wholly-owned subsubsidiary, Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Edumaax") had entered into a share purchase agreement ("SPA") with HELP International Corporation Berhad ("Vendor") for the acquisition of 100% equity interest in HELP College of Arts and Technology Sdn Bhd ("HCAT") (now known as Imperium Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Imperium Edumaax")) for a total purchase consideration of RM5,500,000 ("Acquisition of HCAT").

However, the SPA was rescinded pursuant to Clause 3A.2 of the SPA on 24 June 2020 in view that the post conditions under the SPA were not fulfilled by the Vendor before the deadline of 12 January 2020 and there was no mutual agreement between the Vendor and Edumaax to extend the said deadline.

Subsequently, Edumaax and the Vendor had, on 20 July 2020, entered into a new Share Purchase Agreement ("SPA dated 20 July 2020") with the Vendor for the Acquisition of HCAT for the purchase consideration of RM2,000,000 only.

On 28 August 2020, Jabatan Pendidikan Tinggi ("JPT"), Ministry of Higher Education had approved the change in shareholdings, shareholders and directors in HCAT (now known as Imperium Edumaax). Upon obtaining the approval, HCAT shares were officially transferred to Edumaax on 26 October 2020.

- (c) On 7 July 2020, the Company via its wholly-owned subsidiary, MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd ("MAA Corp") had subscribed for two (2) new ordinary shares of RM2 each, representing 100% of the issued and paid up capital in a new subsidiary, Glovtec Sdn Bhd, a company incorporated in Malaysia, for cash purchase consideration of RM4.
- (d) On 31 July 2020, Edumaax had subscribed for fifty thousand (50,000) new ordinary shares of Euro1 each, representing 100% of the issued and paid up capital in a new subsidiary, Edumaax SPA, a company incorporated in Italy, for cash consideration of Euro50,000 (equivalent to RM248,600).
- (e) On 27 October 2020, MAA Corp had entered into a Partnership Interest Subscription ("PISA") with MicroLEAP PLT ("MicroLEAP") and all the Existing Partners for the subscription of 35.20% interest in MicroLEAP for a total consideration of RM1,250,000 subject to further terms and conditions stipulated in the PISA.

(f) On 3 November 2020, MAA Corp acquired 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each in Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd ("H360"), representing 2% of the issued and paid up share capital of H360, from Charming Vanguard Sdn Bhd for a total cash purchase consideration of RM2. With this acquisition, MAA Corp's equity interest in H360 increased from 49% to 51%, making H360 a subsidiary of the Group.

## **Overview of Results**

Amidst the challenges and uncertainties in COVID-19 pandemichit 2020, it is heartening to note that the Group recorded a Profit Before Taxation ("PBT") of RM44.9 million (2019: Loss Before Taxation ("LBT") of RM12.8 million) by the following main business segments:

- General Insurance business held via MAA General Assurance Philippines, Inc. ("MAAGAP") – PBT of RM31.9 million (2019: PBT of RM15.3 million)
- Investment Holdings segment PBT of RM15.5 million (2019: LBT of RM22.4 million)
- Education Services segment LBT of RM4.7 million (2019: LBT of RM2.6 million)

Details of the Group's business, operations and financial performance during the year and the Group's outlook for 2021 are discussed separately in the Management Discussion and Analysis Statement in the attached pages.

#### Dividends

The Company did not pay, propose or declare any dividends during the year as it is building up its financial resources for new business opportunities and growth.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

Continuing from previous years, the Group discharges its corporate social responsibilities through MAA Medicare Charitable Foundation and also its support for The Budimas Charitable Foundation ("Budimas").

MAA Medicare Charitable Foundation manages MAA Medicare Kidney Charity Fund and MAA Medicare Heart Charity Fund which provide affordable kidney dialysis treatment and heart diseases treatment respectively to underprivileged patients. Budimas is a charitable organisation which assists and finds projects that care for underprivileged children in Malaysia.

#### Acknowledgement and Appreciation

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank the Management team and Staff for their commitment, dedication and contributions to the Group.

I would also like to take this opportunity to extend our appreciation to our valued business associates, valued customers and the shareholders for the continued invaluable support, confidence and trust they have placed in us.

Finally, I would like to thank my fellow Board members for their stewardship and contributions to the Group.

Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra Executive Chairman

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

## **OVERVIEW OF THE GROUP'S BUSINESS OPERATIONS**

MAA Group Berhad ("MAAG" or "the Company") is listed on the Main Board of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") with market capitalisation and total assets under management of RM263.7 million and RM880.5 million respectively as at end December 2020.

MAAG is an investment holdings company. The Group's significant business segments are General Insurance; via its subsidiary, MAA General Assurance Philippines, Inc. ("MAAGAP") in the Philippines, and in the Education sector. The other business activities of the Group are hire purchase, leasing, SME debt factoring and other credit facilities, advisory and consultancy services of hotel management, operators of hotel accommodation, food and beverage, operators of short-term property accommodation, logistics and dispatch, and the provision of property management, design and renovation services.

### **GROUP'S STRATEGIC DIRECTION**

- In 2020, MAAG has undertaken the following corporate exercises:
  - Incorporated a new subsidiary, Glovtec Sdn Bhd with an initial paid-up capital of RM2.00 on 7 July 2020.
  - Incorporated a new subsidiary, Edumaax SPA in Italy with an initial paid-up capital of Euro50,000 (equivalent to RM248,600) on 31 July 2020.
  - On 27 October 2020, MAA Corp entered into a Partnership Interest Subscription ("PISA") with MicroLEAP PLT ("MicroLEAP") and all Existing Partners for the subscription of 35.20% interest in MicroLEAP for a total consideration of RM1,250,000 ("Proposed Subscription") subject to further terms and conditions stipulated in the PISA.

The Proposed Subscription will enable MAAG Group to diversify into peer-to-peer financing business in Malaysia which is expected to be a high yielding business and to alleviate the financing gap encountered by micro, small and medium enterprises.

- On 3 November 2020, the Company via its wholly-owned subsidiary, MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd ("MAA Corp') acquired 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each in Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd ("H360"), representing 2% of the issued and paid up share capital of H360, from Charming Vanguard Sdn Bhd for a total cash purchase consideration of RM2. With this acquisition, MAA Corp's equity interest in H360 increased from 49% to 51%, making H360 a subsidiary of the Group.
- On 13 September 2019, the Company via its wholly-owned sub-subsidiary, Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Edumaax"), had entered into a share purchase agreement ("SPA") with HELP International Corporation Berhad ("Vendor") for the acquisition of 30,259,564 ordinary shares representing 100% equity interest in HELP College of Arts and Technology Sdn Bhd ("HCAT") (now known as Imperium Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Imperium Edumaax")) for a total purchase consideration of RM5,500,000 ("Acquisition of HCAT").

However, the SPA was rescinded pursuant to Clause 3A.2 of the SPA on 24 June 2020 in view that the post conditions under the SPA were not fulfilled by the Vendor before the deadline of 12 January 2020 and there was no mutual agreement between the Vendor and Edumaax to extend the said deadline.

Subsequently, Edumaax and the Vendor had, on 20 July 2020, entered into a new Share Purchase Agreement ("SPA dated 20 July 2020") with the Vendor for the Acquisition of HCAT for the purchase consideration of RM2,000,000 only.

On 28 August 2020, Jabatan Pendidikan Tinggi ("JPT"), Ministry of Higher Education had approved the change in shareholdings, shareholders and directors in HCAT (now known as Imperium Edumaax). Upon obtaining the approval, HCAT shares were officially transferred to Edumaax on 26 October 2020.

On the PN17 status of the Company, the Company had on 24 November 2020 submitted an application to Bursa Securities for a waiver from having to comply with Paragraph 8.04(3)(a) and Practice Note 17 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities ("Main Market Listing Requirements"). Bursa Securities had, vide its letter dated 25 March 2021, decided to grant the Company a waiver from complying with Paragraph 8.04(3)(a) of the Main Market Listing Requirements. With the waiver being granted, MAAG was uplifted from being classified as a PN17 Company effective from 26 March 2021.

# REVIEW OF THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND CONDITION

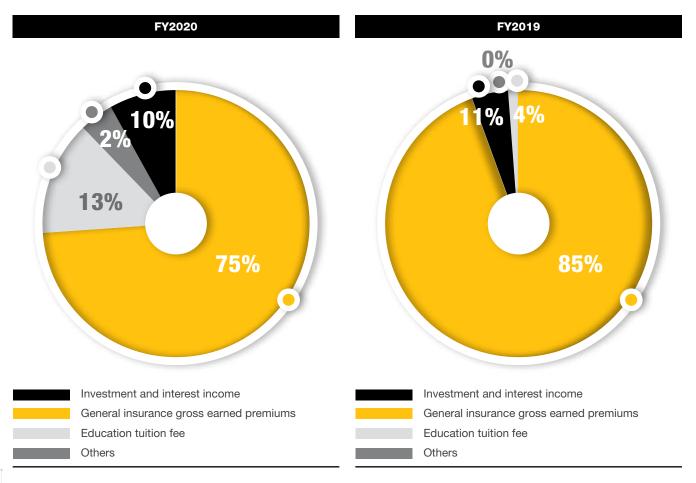
(Amount in RM'000)	GRO	UP
	FY2020	FY2019 (Restated)
Total Operating Revenue	211,843	194,178
Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation	44,901	(12,753)
Total Assets	880,531	839,204
Profit/(Loss) Per Share (sen)	14.8	(5.3)
Dividend Rate (sen)	-	6.0
Net Assets Per Share (RM)	2.0	1.8

The following analysis of financial performance should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

## Review of Statements of Profit or Loss of the Group

In 2020, the Group recorded a Total Operating Revenue of RM211.8 million (2019: RM194.2 million) which comprised of gross earned premiums of RM158.3 million (2019: RM166.1 million) recorded by the General Insurance business held via MAAGAP, investment and interest income of RM22.3 million (2019: RM20.5 million) and other operating revenue from non-insurance businesses of RM31.2 million (2019: RM7.5 million).

Major composition of the Group's Total Operating Revenue is shown below:



During the financial year under review, the Group recorded a Profit before taxation ("PBT") of RM44.9 million (2019: Loss before taxation ("LBT") of RM12.8 million). The PBT was mainly contributed by:

(a) Investment Holdings segment - PBT of RM15.5 million (2019: LBT of RM22.4 million)

In 2020, the profit recorded by the Investment Holdings and segment were mainly from:

- (i) higher net fair value gains of RM20.6 million (2019: RM4.6 million) from equity investments classified at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL");
- (ii) higher gains from disposal of equity investments of RM4.0 million (2019: RM0.9 million);
- (iii) other income of RM3.5 million arising from the returned excess purchase consideration of Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT); and
- (iv) a realised foreign exchange gain of RM10.9 million arising from capital reduction by a subsidiary.

However, these were set off by allowance for impairment loss on goodwill acquired of RM3.8 million and allowance for impairment loss on amounts due from associates of RM2.9 million.

(b) General Insurance business via MAAGAP - PBT of RM31.9 million (2019: PBT of RM15.3 million)

In 2020, the profit recorded by MAAGAP were mainly from:

- (i) higher underwriting surplus of PHP402.0 million (RM34.2 million equivalent) with lower claim ratio of 35.1%, compared to PHP128.0 million (RM10.1 million equivalent) with claim ratio of 54.7% in 2019; and
- (ii) improvement in investment performance with higher interest and dividend income totaling PHP136.8 million (RM11.6 million equivalent) (2019: PHP127.7 million (RM10.2 million equivalent)), higher realised gains from disposal of investments of PHP39.6 million (RM3.4 million equivalent) (2019: PHP30.6 million (RM2.4 million equivalent)) and net fair value gains of PHP15.2 million (RM1.5 million equivalent) (2019: losses of PHP53.7 million (RM4.3 million equivalent)) on equity investments classified at FVTPL.
- (c) Education Services segment LBT of RM4.7 million (2019: LBT of RM2.6 million)

In 2020, the loss recorded by the Education Services were attributed to:

- Edumaax and Kasturi Academy Sdn Bhd ("Kasturi Group") LBT of RM1.9 million (2019: LBT of RM0.9 million)
- St John's International Edu Group Sdn Bhd, St John's International (Campus 2) Sdn Bhd and Alfaakademik Sdn Bhd (collectively known as "SJI Group") PBT of RM0.8 million (2019: RM0.1 million)
- Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) LBT of RM3.6 million (2019: LBT of RM1.8 million)

In 2020, the Group recorded Other Comprehensive Loss (net of taxation) of RM4.8 million (2019: Other Comprehensive Income of RM6.0 million), mainly due to foreign currency translation loss of RM5.4 million (2019: gains of RM1.4 million); offset by net fair value gains of RM0.9 million on investments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") (2019: net fair value gains of RM5.3 million).

The Group's significant reportable operating business segments during the financial year under review are Investment Holdings, General Insurance and Education Services. The performance of each significant operating business segments are attached in pages 028 to 032 of the Management Discussion and Analysis.

In 2020, the Group recorded an Earning Per Share of 14.8 sen (2019: Loss Per Share of 5.3 sen).

# Review of Statements of Financial Position of the Group

Shown below the Statements of Financial Position:

Total Assets 880,531 100.0 839,204 100.0		GROUP			
Property, plant and equipment       15,868       1.8       9,931       1.2         Right-of-use assets       13,536       1.6       13,740       1.6         Investment properties       51,293       5.8       51,373       6.1         Intangible assets       1,344       0.2       786       0.1         Goodwill on consolidations       30,887       3.6       26,911       3.2         Associates       1,225       0.1       -       -         Deferred tax assets       4,583       0.5       2,261       0.3         Tax recoverable       143       0.0       227       0.0         Investments       416,700       47.3       285,996       34.1         Loans and receivables       15,938       1.8       526       0.1         Reinsurance assets       62,873       7.1       77,552       9.2         Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       2		As at 31.12.2020			
Right-of-use assets       13,536       1.6       13,740       1.6         Investment properties       51,293       5.8       51,373       6.1         Intangible assets       1,344       0.2       786       0.1         Goodwill on consolidations       30,887       3.6       26,911       3.2         Associates       1,225       0.1       -       -         Deferred tax assets       4,583       0.5       2,261       0.3         Tax recoverable       143       0.0       227       0.0         Investments       416,700       47.3       285,996       34.1         Loans and receivables       15,938       1.8       526       0.1         Reinsurance assets       62,873       7.1       77,552       9.2         Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       533,007       505,041       00.0		RM'000	%	<b>RM'000</b>	%
Investment properties         51,293         5.8         51,373         6.1           Intangible assets         1,344         0.2         786         0.1           Goodwill on consolidations         30,887         3.6         26,911         3.2           Associates         1,225         0.1         -         -           Deferred tax assets         4,583         0.5         2,261         0.3           Tax recoverable         143         0.0         227         0.0           Investments         416,700         47.3         285,996         34.1           Loans and receivables         15,938         1.8         526         0.1           Reinsurance assets         60,194         6.8         56,693         6.8           Deferred acquisition costs         21,085         2.4         19,435         2.3           Trade and other receivables         62,617         7.1         34,726         4.1           Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks         122,245         13.9         259,047         30.9           Total Assets         533,007         505,041         100.0         30,749         100.0           Net Assets         533,007         505,041 <td< td=""><td>Property, plant and equipment</td><td>15,868</td><td>1.8</td><td>9,931</td><td>1.2</td></td<>	Property, plant and equipment	15,868	1.8	9,931	1.2
Intangible assets       1,344       0.2       786       0.1         Goodwill on consolidations       30,887       3.6       26,911       3.2         Associates       1,225       0.1       -       -         Deferred tax assets       4,583       0.5       2,261       0.3         Tax recoverable       143       0.0       227       0.0         Investments       416,700       47.3       285,996       34.1         Loans and receivables       15,938       1.8       526       0.1         Reinsurance assets       62,873       7.1       77,552       9.2         Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       633,007       505,041       100.0       100.0       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       100.0       100.0	Right-of-use assets	13,536	1.6	13,740	1.6
Goodwill on consolidations       30,887       3.6       26,911       3.2         Associates       1,225       0.1       -       -         Deferred tax assets       4,583       0.5       2,261       0.3         Tax recoverable       143       0.0       227       0.0         Investments       416,700       47.3       285,996       34.1         Loans and receivables       15,938       1.8       526       0.1         Reinsurance assets       62,873       7.1       77,552       9.2         Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       880,531       100.0       839,204       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       100.0         Non-controlling interest       (3,989)       3,414	Investment properties	51,293	5.8	51,373	6.1
Associates       1,225       0.1       -       -         Deferred tax assets       4,583       0.5       2,261       0.3         Tax recoverable       143       0.0       227       0.0         Investments       416,700       47.3       285,996       34.1         Loans and receivables       15,938       1.8       526       0.1         Reinsurance assets       62,873       7.1       77,552       9.2         Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       880,531       100.0       839,204       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       100.0         Non-controlling interest       (3,989)       3,414	Intangible assets	1,344	0.2	786	0.1
Deferred tax assets       4,583       0.5       2,261       0.3         Tax recoverable       143       0.0       227       0.0         Investments       416,700       47.3       285,996       34.1         Loans and receivables       15,938       1.8       526       0.1         Reinsurance assets       62,873       7.1       77,552       9.2         Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       351,513       100.0       839,204       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       100.0         Non-controlling interest       (3,989)       3,414	Goodwill on consolidations	30,887	3.6	26,911	3.2
Tax recoverable       143       0.0       227       0.0         Investments       416,700       47.3       285,996       34.1         Loans and receivables       15,938       1.8       526       0.1         Reinsurance assets       62,873       7.1       77,552       9.2         Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Liabilities       351,513       100.0       330,749       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       505,041	Associates	1,225	0.1	-	-
Investments       416,700       47.3       285,996       34.1         Loans and receivables       15,938       1.8       526       0.1         Reinsurance assets       62,873       7.1       77,552       9.2         Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       351,513       100.0       839,204       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       505,041         Non-controlling interest       (3,989)       3,414	Deferred tax assets	4,583	0.5	2,261	0.3
Loans and receivables       15,938       1.8       526       0.1         Reinsurance assets       62,873       7.1       77,552       9.2         Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       880,531       100.0       839,204       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       505,041         Non-controlling interest       (3,989)       3,414	Tax recoverable	143	0.0	227	0.0
Reinsurance assets       62,873       7.1       77,552       9.2         Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       880,531       100.0       839,204       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       505,041         Non-controlling interest       (3,989)       3,414	Investments	416,700	47.3	285,996	34.1
Insurance receivables       60,194       6.8       56,693       6.8         Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       880,531       100.0       839,204       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       505,041         Non-controlling interest       (3,989)       3,414	Loans and receivables	15,938	1.8	526	0.1
Deferred acquisition costs       21,085       2.4       19,435       2.3         Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       880,531       100.0       839,204       100.0         Total Liabilities       351,513       100.0       330,749       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       505,041         Non-controlling interest       (3,989)       3,414	Reinsurance assets	62,873	7.1	77,552	9.2
Trade and other receivables       62,617       7.1       34,726       4.1         Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       880,531       100.0       839,204       100.0         Total Liabilities       351,513       100.0       330,749       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       505,041         Non-controlling interest       (3,989)       3,414	Insurance receivables	60,194	6.8	56,693	6.8
Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks       122,245       13.9       259,047       30.9         Total Assets       880,531       100.0       839,204       100.0         Total Liabilities       351,513       100.0       330,749       100.0         Net Assets       533,007       505,041       505,041         Non-controlling interest       (3,989)       3,414	Deferred acquisition costs	21,085	2.4	19,435	2.3
Total Assets         880,531         100.0         839,204         100.0           Total Liabilities         351,513         100.0         330,749         100.0           Net Assets         533,007         505,041	Trade and other receivables	62,617	7.1	34,726	4.1
Total Liabilities         351,513         100.0         330,749         100.0           Net Assets         533,007         505,041         505,041         100.0 <td< td=""><td>Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks</td><td>122,245</td><td>13.9</td><td>259,047</td><td>30.9</td></td<>	Liquid assets - fixed and call deposits and cash at banks	122,245	13.9	259,047	30.9
Net Assets         533,007         505,041           Non-controlling interest         (3,989)         3,414	Total Assets	880,531	100.0	839,204	100.0
Non-controlling interest (3,989) 3,414	Total Liabilities	351,513	100.0	330,749	100.0
	Net Assets	533,007		505,041	
Total Equities 529,018 508,455	Non-controlling interest	(3,989)		3,414	
	Total Equities	529,018	_	508,455	

# **Total Assets**

The Group's Total Assets stood higher at RM880.5 million as at 31 December 2020 (2019: RM839.2 million).

Below commentary on significant assets of the Group:

(i) Investment Properties

The Investment Properties are stated at fair value, determined based on valuation performed by external independent professional valuers. The Group recorded net fair value losses of RM112,000 (2019: losses of RM688,000) on investment properties in 2020.

## (ii) Investments

The Group's Investments comprise of:

	GROUP			
	As at 31.12	.2020	As at 31.12.2019	
	RM'000	%	RM'000	%
Investments at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")				
- equity securities	199,944	48.0	93,020	32.5
- unit trusts	2,433	0.6	2,308	0.9
	202,377	48.6	95,328	33.4
Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")				
- government debt securities	45,678	11.0	52,150	18.2
- corporate debt securities	1,140	0.3	4,193	1.5
- equity securities	30,174	7.2	26,106	9.1
	76,992	18.5	82,449	28.8
Investments at amortised costs ("AC")				
- government debt securities	18,825	4.5	11,255	3.9
- corporate debt securities	118,456	28.4	96,714	33.8
- private trust funds	50	0.0	250	0.1
	137,331	32.9	108,219	37.8
Total Investments	416,700	100.0	285,996	100.0

The global stock markets experienced an unprecedented volatile year in 2020 mainly due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Locally, the Kuala Lumpur Composite Index closed at 1644 at year end from its year opening of 1591.

In 2020, the Group recorded the following in the consolidated statement of profit or loss:

• net fair value gains total RM21.9 million (2019: losses of RM1.7 million) on equity securities quoted overseas

• net fair value losses total RM0.3 million (2019: gains of RM2.9 million) on equity securities quoted in Malaysia

• net fair value gains total RM0.5 million (2019: losses of RM1.2 million) on equity securities unquoted overseas

As at 31 December 2020, the total FVOCI reserve for Investments classified at FVOCI stood at a positive RM2.3 million (2019: RM1.3 million).

## (iii) Liquid Assets - Fixed and Call Deposits and Cash at Banks

The Group's Liquid Assets comprised of:

	GROUP				
	As at 31.12.2020		As at 31.12	As at 31.12.2019	
	RM'000	%	RM'000	%	
Fixed and call deposits	30,183	24.7	231,784	89.5	
Cash at banks	92,062	75.3	27,263	10.5	
Total fixed and call deposits and cash at banks	122,245	100.0	259,047	100.0	

Liquid Assets of the Group was lower at 31 December 2020 mainly due to the deployment of cash for the investment in quoted equities during the financial period under review, utilization of certain funds for acquisition of Scholastic IB International Sdn Bhd ("SIB") and HELP College of Arts and Technology Sdn Bhd ("HCAT") (now known as Imperium Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Imperium Edumaax")) and provision of working capital to subsidiaries for its debts factoring and money lending businesses.

#### (iv) Insurance Receivables, Reinsurance Assets and Deferred Acquisition Costs

As at 31 December 2020, Insurance Receivables, Reinsurance Assets and Deferred Acquisition Costs stood at RM60.2 million (2019: RM56.7 million), RM62.9 million (2019: RM77.6 million) and RM21.1 million (2019: RM19.4 million) respectively. These assets were solely from MAAGAP.

Insurance Receivables consist of amounts due from brokers, agents and ceding companies, funds held by ceding companies and reinsurance recoverable on paid losses, net of allowance for impairment loss. It should be noted that as at end December 2019, allowance for impairment loss stood at 1.5% of total Insurance Receivables, an increase over 0.6% as at end December 2019.

Reinsurance Assets consist of reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses and deferred reinsurance premiums are recognised in a manner consistent with the reinsurance business arrangements.

Deferred Acquisition Costs consist of commissions and other acquisition costs incurred during the financial year that vary with and are related to securing new general insurance contracts and renewing of existing general insurance contracts, but which relates to subsequent financial periods, are deferred to the extent that they are recoverable from future revenue margins. These costs are amortised on a straight-line basis using the 24th method from the policy inception date to the date of termination.

(v) Loans and Receivables

As at 31 December 2020, Loans and Receivables of RM15.9 million (2019: RM0.5 million) mainly comprised of term loans and microfinancing receivables of RM15.9 million (2019: RM0.5 million) from subsidiary MAA Credit Berhad which has been gradually building its loan portfolio since fourth quarter of 2019.

(vi) Trade and Other Receivables

As at 31 December 2020, Trade and Other Receivables stood higher at RM62.6 million (2019: RM34.7 million) which mainly included factoring receivables of RM27.2 million (2019: RM9.7 million).

### **Total Liabilities and Equity**

Total Liabilities and Equity of the Group stood at RM351.5 million (2019: RM330.7 million) and RM529.0 million (2019: RM508.5 million) respectively as at 31 December 2020. The increase in Total Liabilities as at 31 December 2020 was attributed mainly to the Total Liabilities of Investment Holding segment and MAAGAP of RM15.2 million and RM286.4 million respectively.

On another note, the higher Equity/Shareholders' funds of the Group as at 31 December 2020 was contributed by the recorded profit after taxation of RM39.8 million for the financial year 2020 under review.

As at 31 December 2020, Net Assets per Share stood at RM2.02 (2019: RM1.85).

## GROUP'S FINANCING, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

As at 31 December 2020, the Group is in a healthy liquidity position with insignificant borrowings in the form of hire purchase financing.

The Group's capital management objectives aims to ensure there is adequate funding to meet the following business segments:

- business operations and growth
- supervisory authorities' capital requirements for insurance companies in the Philippines
- preservation of capital for new investment/business opportunities and rewarding the shareholders

As at 31 December 2020, MAAGAP's net worth and risk based capital adequacy ratio were well above the minimum requirements set by the Philippines supervisory authority for insurance companies.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company did not pay, propose or declare any dividends during the year as it is building up its financial resources for new business opportunities and growth.

The Board will continue to evaluate the dividend policy of the Company, taking into consideration main factors like the need to conserve its cash for any contingencies due to the uncertainties of the current economic situation caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, funding requirements for sustainable operations and growth of the Group's businesses, reserves for new investment/business opportunities and lastly to meet the minimum net worth requirement for insurance companies under the Insurance Code issued by the Insurance Commission of the Philippines.

#### ANTICIPATED OR KNOWN RISKS

The Group's activities are exposed to a variety of risks, including the risk of fraud, investment risks, strategic and business risks. The Group's overall risk management objective is to ensure the Group creates value for its shareholders whilst minimising potential adverse effects on its performance and positions. The Group operates within an established risk management framework and clearly defined policies and guidelines that are approved by the Board.

The risks that most significantly affect the Group as a whole during 2020, the discussion of its impact to the Group's businesses and performance together with the Group's strategies to mitigate the identified risks forms part of the Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control of this Annual Report on page 039 to 041.

## **OUTLOOK FOR 2021**

The Group's outlook for 2021 amidst the COVID-19 pandemic is motivated by Bank Negara Malaysia's recent announcement that Malaysia's Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") is poised to grow between 6 % to 7.5% in 2021. Likewise, the Governor of Philippines Central Bank has also recently announced that Philippines will end 2021 with a GDP rate of 6.5% to 7.5%.

The Group expects the General Insurance business in the Philippines to continue with premium growth and improved profit margins in 2021 and MAAGAP being the main revenue contributor to the Group. In spite of the challenges the insurance industry continues to face as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and barring other unforeseen circumstances like natural disasters which Philippines is most vulnerable to and the market driven stock performance, MAAGAP remains optimistic for 2021. The Group expects MAAGAP to improve its financial performance in 2021 by capturing a wider market share in the Philippines through agencies expansion, venture to innovative digital transformation and management efficiency while preserving its prudent selection of risk and underwriting principles. Moving forward, 2021 will be a challenging year for the Group's Education Services business. The Education Services' operating units namely Kasturi Group, SJI Group and Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) will continue to intensify their marketing efforts to increase student enrolment, diversify program offerings and continue with cost control measures.

The Group is seeking to grow its money lending business and SME debt factoring business, given that SMEs account for approximately 95% of businesses in Malaysia, and cuts across all sizes and sectors. This translates to approximately 1 million SMEs in Malaysia, which contribute to more than 30% of GDP and are mostly under-served by the banking sector.

Although the global economy outlook for 2021 continues to be cautious with the COVID-19 pandemic, this situation however is being mitigated by various countries through containment measures and the recent announcements of effective vaccines.

## PERFORMANCE BY OPERATING BUSINESS SEGMENTS

## **BUSINESS SEGMENT – INVESTMENT HOLDINGS**

#### 1) Business Operations Review

Investment Holdings comprised of the Company and subsidiaries, namely MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd, MAA International Group Ltd, MAA International Investments Ltd, MAA Capital Singapore Ltd and Scholastic IB International Sdn Bhd whose principal activities are investments mainly in shares of subsidiaries and other quoted and unquoted equity securities, overseas investment properties held primarily for capital appreciation and local investment properties acquired from debt settlement arrangement in 2017.

#### 2) Financial Performance

Key financial performance

(Amount in RM'000)	FY2020	FY2019
Total Operating Revenue	5,099	9,909
Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation	15,496	(22,398)
Total Assets	276,617	338,796
Total Liabilities	15,211	9,883

Investment Holdings segment recorded a lower Total Operating Revenue to RM5.1 million (2019: RM9.9 million) which comprised mainly of interest income of RM3.1 million (2019: RM7.7 million), dividend income of RM1.6 million (2019: RM1.7 million) and rental income from investment properties of RM149,000 (2019: RM267,000).

In 2020, the Investment Holdings segment recorded a higher PBT of RM15.5 million (2019: LBT of RM22.4 million). The profit was mainly attributed to improvement in investment performance with higher net fair value gains of RM20.6 million (2019: RM4.6 million) from equity investments classified at FVTPL and higher gains from disposal of equity investments of RM4.0 million (2019: RM0.9 million). The profit was also contributed by other income of RM3.5 million arising from the returned excess purchase consideration of Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) and a realised foreign exchange gain of RM10.9 million arising from capital reduction by a subsidiary; offset by allowance for impairment loss on goodwill acquired of RM3.8 million and allowance for impairment loss on amounts due from associates of RM2.9 million. In term of management expenses, the Investment Holdings segment recorded a decrease of 11% to RM19.6 million compared to 2019 of RM22.0 million.

As at 31 December 2020, Total Assets stood lower at RM276.6 million (2019: RM338.8 million) where 19.8% (2019: 63.9%) comprised of low risk liquid assets in fixed and call deposits, cash and bank balances. The lower assets position was mainly attributed to utilisation of certain funds for acquisition of SIB and Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) and provision of working capital to subsidiaries for its debts factoring and money lending businesses. Total Liabilities recorded an increase to RM15.2 million as at end December 2020 (2019: RM9.9 million).

#### 3) Sustainability and Strategic Direction

Effective 26 March 2021 the Company's PN17 status has been lifted via Bursa Securities's letter dated 25 March 2021. Nevertheless, the Investment Holdings segment has been continuing in its efforts exploring potential investment opportunities for business growth. Moving into 2021, the Company will also continue in its efforts to increase efficiency.

# **BUSINESS SEGMENT – GENERAL INSURANCE**

#### 1) Business Operations Review

The Group's General Insurance business in the Philippines held via subsidiary, MAAGAP offers a wide range of products to both retail and corporate clients. The product offerings cover fire, motor, marine, personal accident, bond, engineering and general accident. MAAGAP distributes its products mainly via agency network, brokers and banks. MAAGAP has established a credible presence in the Philippines insurance sector.

### 2) Financial Performance

Key financial performance

	FY20	FY2020		19 ted)
	PHP'000	<b>RM'000</b>	PHP'000	RM'000
Gross Premiums Written	1,862,504	157,304	2,193,273	175,671
Underwriting Surplus	401,961	34,183	127,987	10,064
Investment Income	28,186	2,284	29,204	2,337
Interest Income	108,640	9,179	98,510	7,899
Profit Before Taxation	371,633	31,878	192,617	15,250
Claim Ratio in %	35.1%	35.1%	54.7%	54.7%
Commission Ratio in %	35.2%	35.2%	33.1%	33.1%
Total Assets	5,193,124	434,972	4,962,786	399,404
Total Liabilities	3,419,207	286,389	3,523,030	283,535
Range of currency exchange rate	1 RM = 11.59 t	o 12.48 PHP	1 RM = 12.16 to	o 12.88 PHP

In 2020, total Gross Premiums Written ("GPW") decrease by 15.1% to PHP1,862.5 million (RM157.3 million equivalent) (2019: PHP2,193.3 million (RM175.7 million equivalent)), affected mainly by decrease in the production of both motor and non-motor classes of business. Motor classes recorded a decrease in GPW of 15.7% to PHP665.0 million (RM56.1 million equivalent), (2019: PHP789.2 million (RM63.2 million equivalent)), whilst non-motor classes registered a 14.7% decrease in GPW to PHP1,197.5 million (RM101.2 million equivalent) (2019: PHP1,404.1 million (RM112.5 million equivalent)). The motor and non-motor businesses contributed 36% (2019: 36%) and 64% (2019: 64%) respectively of the total GPW in 2020.

Despite of the lower GPW, MAAGAP has registered a PBT of PHP371.6 million (RM31.9 million) (2019: PBT of PHP192.7 million (RM15.3 million equivalent)). The profit was mainly contributed by higher Underwriting Surplus of PHP402.0 million (RM34.2 million equivalent) with lower claim ratio of 35.1%, compared to PHP128.0 million (RM10.1 million equivalent) with claim ratio of 54.7% in 2019. In 2020, the claim ratios for both motor and non-motor classes have improved to 41.6% (2019: 55.7%) and 27.7% (2019: 53.5%) respectively.

In 2020, MAAGAP has also registered improvement in investment performance with higher interest and dividend income totaling PHP136.8 million (RM11.6 million equivalent) (2019: PHP127.7 million (RM10.2 million equivalent)), higher realised gains from disposal of investments of PHP39.6 million (RM3.4 million equivalent) (2019: PHP30.6 million (RM2.4 million equivalent)) and net fair value gains of PHP15.2 million (RM1.5 million equivalent) (2019: losses of PHP53.7 million (RM4.3 million equivalent)) on equity investments classified at FVTPL.

As disclosed in Note 48 to the financial statements, during the current financial year ended 31 December 2020, MAAGAP restated value added tax ("VAT") liabilities, resulting in a decrease in trade and other payments and an increase in retained earnings amounting to PHP208 million (equivalent to RM16.8 million) as at 31 December 2019.

As at 31 December 2020, MAAGAP's Total Assets increased by 4.6% to PHP5,193.1 million from PHP4,962.8 million as at 31 December 2019 with 62.8% comprised of the company's investible funds of PHP3,259.2 million (RM273.0 million equivalent) (31 December 2019: PHP2,865.4 million (RM230.6 million equivalent)). These investible funds are the resources to support MAAGAP's business growth and operations including claims payment to insured. MAAGAP applies assets and liabilities matching in its investment policies, close credit monitoring of receivables and cash requirement projections to ensure sufficient liquid assets are held to meet its obligations. The Total Liabilities of MAAGAP has decreased by 2.9% to PHP3,419.2 million (RM286.4 million equivalent) as at 31 December 2020 from PHP3,523.0 million (RM283.5 million equivalent) as at 31 December 2019.

Under the New Insurance Code issued by the Insurance Commission of the Philippines, insurance companies in the Philippines are required to comply with both the Net Worth requirement at increasing levels at each internal of three (3) years until 31 December 2022 and the new Risk-Based Capital ("RBC") framework. MAAGAP met both the 2020 minimum Net Worth requirement of PHP900 million and also the RBC requirement in FY2020. The next and final Net Worth compliance requirement would be PHP1.3 billion (RM108.9 million equivalent based on year end PHP:RM exchange rate @ 31/12/2020) on 31 December 2022.

## 3) Sustainability and Strategic Direction

Whilst the COVID-19 pandemic was a setback for Philippines economy in 2020 but underpinned by the increase in government spending and monetary policy easing, the medium term economic outlook remains favourable in 2021 as the Philippines government continues with structural reform momentum. In 2021, MAAGAP is expected to continue with premium growth momentum moving into 2021 by focusing on expanding customer base and also distribution channels including digital marketing.

Barring unforeseen circumstances like the natural catastrophe risk in the Philippines with typhoons and earthquakes, MAAGAP would continue with claim management to actively monitor the performance of each line of business and at the same time deploy active management and monitoring of the performance of internally and outsourced investment funds in light of market uncertainties to improve generate positive returns.

## **BUSINESS SEGMENT – EDUCATION SERVICES**

### 1) Business Operations Review

Education Services comprised of the following business units:

- Kasturi Group offers private tuition education for Malaysia National secondary school curriculum;
- SJI Group operates international schools and offers primary and secondary education and private tuition for Cambridge, IGCSE O-Level and A-Level programmes; and
- Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) offers tertiary education for diplomas, bachelor degrees, and professional
  accountancy qualification. Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) is also a HRDF-registered training provider offering
  a suite of continuous professional development and training programmes.

#### 2) Financial Performance

Overall Key financial performance

(Amount in RM'000)	FY2020	FY2019
Total Operating Revenue*	28,042	7,305
Loss Before Taxation	(4,716)	(2,580)
Total Assets	80,952	76,407
Total Liabilities	31,967	36,622

\* Total Operating Revenue consist mainly of tuition fee income

Key financial performance by business unit

(Amount in RM'000)	FY2020			
Business unit	Kasturi Group	SJI Group	Imperium Edumaax	Total
Total Operating Revenue	1,366	16,507	10,169	28,042
(Loss)/Profit Before Taxation	(1,887)	787	(3,616)	(4,716)
Total Assets	46,290	21,168	13,494	80,952
Total Liabilities	4,376	20,429	7,162	31,967

(Amount in RM'000)		FY2019		
Business unit	Kasturi Group	SJI Group*	Imperium Edumaax*	Total
Total Operating Revenue	3,249	2,401	1,655	7,305
(Loss)/Profit Before Taxation	(856)	100	(1,824)	(2,580)
Total Assets	43,374	21,953	11,080	76,407
Total Liabilities	6,024	21,706	8,892	36,622

Comprised of financial results for two (2) months – November and December 2019 after SJI Group and Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) became subsidiaries of the Group on 31 October 2019.

#### Financial performance by business unit:

(i) Kasturi Group

In 2020, Kasturi Group recorded a lower Total Operating Revenue of RM1.4 million (2019: RM3.2 million) with a LBT of RM1.9 million (2019: LBT of RM0.9 million). This was attributable to lower student enrolment for both physical and online classes amid the COVID-19 pandemic and cancellation of PT3 examination and postponement of SPM and STPM examinations.

Kasturi Group's Total Assets as at 31 December 2020 stood at RM46.3 million (2019: RM43.4 million), which included a goodwill of RM26.6 million arising from the acquisition of SIB in October 2019. Total Liabilities decreased from RM6.0 million as at 31 December 2019 to RM4.0 million. Total Liabilities as at 31 December 2019 included a purchase consideration of RM5.0 million retained from the acquisition of SIB Group which is payable to the sellers upon them fulfilling the RM5.0 million profit guarantees for FYE 2019 and FYE 2020 cumulatively. On 17 July 2020, the Group paid RM1.2 million for achieving partial yearly profit guarantee for financial year ended 31 December 2019.

(ii) SJI Group

In 2020, SJI Group recorded a Total Operating Revenue of RM16.5 million with a PBT of RM0.8 million which included the loss of RM3.1 million incurred by the newly start up primary school which commenced in January 2020.

As at 31 December 2020, SJI Group's Total Assets were RM21.2 million (2019: RM22.0 million), whilst Total Liabilities were RM20.4 million (2019: RM21.7 million).

(iii) Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT)

In 2020, Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) recorded a Total Operating Revenue of RM10.2 million with a LBT of RM3.6 million. The impact of COVID-19 pandemic has affected the higher education sector.

As at 31 December 2020, Imperium Edumaax's Total Assets were RM13.5 million (2019: RM11.1 million), whilst Total Liabilities were RM7.2 million (2019: RM8.9 million).

### 3) Sustainability and Strategic Direction

The sustainability and strategic direction of each business unit under Education Services are as follow:

(i) Kasturi Group

Kasturi Group is licensed by the Ministry of Education, Malaysia ("MOE") with proper set up in terms of facilities and teaching faculty to operate private tuition business for secondary national school curriculum. Over the last few years Kasturi Group's performance in terms of student enrolment was affected by the following main factors:

- Intense competition from a wide array of players in a crowded marketplace, particularly from many non-registered individual tutors with low operating costs.
- Changes in the Malaysian education landscape with the increase of home schools, private and international schools
  offering alternative curricular such as IGCSE, Accelerated Christian Education (A.C.E), etc.
- Decentralisation of the standard Form 3 PMR exams that were previously conducted by the MOE to PT3 exams (which are school-based assessments).
- In 2020, public anxiety and fear from COVID-19 pandemic had greatly reduced the number of physical students enrolled across all Kasturi Group's branches. This prompted the group to transition from physical/face-to-face to online tuition classes for most of the year 2020.

Moving forward, Kasturi Group is expected to remain competitive and resilient amidst an increasingly challenging market condition. In 2021, the Group will continue to pursue the following initiatives to improve its performance:

- Identify strategic locations to open new centres.
- Carry out rationalisation exercise including closing down non-profitable centres.
- Intensify marketing efforts via social media and e-marketing to improve student enrolment numbers.
- Continue with cost control measures.
- Carry out online teaching and learning along with physical classes to reach more students.

#### (ii) SJI Group

SJI Group complements the Education Services segment of the Group with its business of operating International school secondary education and private tuition for Cambridge, IGCSE O-Level and A-Level. Moving into 2021, the SJI Group will continue this growth momentum riding on its marketing and student recruitment drives.

The Cambridge secondary school programme of SJI Group is expected to continue growing its student population riding on affordable fee structure. On another note, the Group recognises that as new start up the Pre-school and Cambridge Primary school programmes may not immediately turn in profit given the anticipated gestation period.

(iii) Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT)

As an institution of higher learning, Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) offers students the opportunity to pursue home-grown programs (Foundation Studies in both Arts and Science, and Diplomas in Business, Accountancy, Business Information Systems, Computer Science, Culinary Arts, Hotel Management, Tourism Entrepreneurship, Electrical and Electronic Engineering, and Mechanical Engineering) and globally recognised 3+0 Bachelor's degree programmes in Business, Computer Science and Engineering that are awarded by Anglia Ruskin University in the UK.

Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) also offers professional accountancy programmes such as the Foundation in Accountancy (launched in January 2021) to replace the Certified Accounting Technician programme and the globally recognised Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA) programme.

The COVID-19 pandemic was the key factor that impaired Imperium Edumaax's student enrolment numbers and fiscal performance. Below are the direct effects arising from the pandemic:

- Significant decline in international student enrolment attributed to the closing of borders to international travel and student mobility.
- Disruption to marketing and physical student recruitment activities.
- Student withdrawals and deferment of studies due to impairment of parents' income.

In its rationalisation exercise for Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT), the Group's turnaround plans include among others the following:

- Continuous cost control measures.
- Focus on rebranding strategy with a series of branding awareness activities, advertising and promotional events and continuous targeted marketing initiatives to re-capture both the local and international markets.
- Promote synergy effort within the Group in that the Kasturi Group and SJI Group work very closely with Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) to provide the pool of students advancing from secondary school (after SPM, STPM, IGCSE O-Level and A-Level) to tertiary education.
- Offer a wider range of courses or programmes to cater for a broader range of students i.e. offer certificate programmes, expand the range of foundation programmes, introduce new Bachelor's degree programmes in collaboration with other universities.
- Offer short courses and training programmes to a wide range of participants.

Moving into 2021, Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) aims to complete the turnaround plans to build brand awareness and increase student enrolment to improve its performance.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

The Board of Directors of the Company ("Board") is fully supportive of the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance issued on 26 April 2017 ("Code"). The Company has also used its best endeavours to enhance its policies and procedures in order to apply the principles of the Code. The Company's corporate governance practices and activities for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in this Corporate Governance Overview Statement as well as the Corporate Governance Report. The Corporate Governance-1.

### **BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS**

## Board Responsibilities

The Board is aware that good governance starts from an effective and accountable Board.

Throughout the financial year 2020, the Board has continued to lead and provide direction to management directly as well as indirectly through its committees in relation to the Group's strategic direction and business. These have been further detailed under the Company's Management Discussion and Analysis section of this Annual Report.

In its exercise of oversight of the Company, the Board has met seven (7) times in 2020 to monitor the Group's operational and financial performance and to deliberate on the Group's corporate and business matters which require consideration, direction and decision of the Board.

The Board will continue to focus on good governance and towards protection of all stakeholders' interest, and including the interest of the shareholders with a view to adding long term value to the Company's shares.

The Board is committed to promote good corporate governance culture within the Company which reinforces ethical, prudent and professional behaviour. To this end, the Board has approved and adopted the revisions and enhancements to its Board Charter and the Code of Conduct and Ethics to be in line with the principles and practices under the Code.

The Board is also aware that sustainability is key to future of the Company. Further details on how the Group's material sustainability risks and opportunities are managed can be found in the Sustainability Statement of this Annual Report.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the members of the Board have attended and participated in various programmes and forums to keep abreast of current trends and issues while enabling them to update and refresh their skills and knowledge necessary for the performance of their duties.

The Board has met seven (7) times during the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and is satisfied with the time commitment given by the directors of the Company in discharging their duties.

Details of the meeting attendance by each of the Directors for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 are as follows:

Members of the Board	Meeting Attendance
Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra (Chairman)	7/7
Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya bin Tunku Tan Sri Abdullah	7/7
Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan	7/7
Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilai Rugnath	7/7
Datin Seri Raihanah Begum binti Abdul Rahman	7/7
Yeo Took Keat	7/7

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (continued)

The programmes or forums attended by Directors include the following:

Members of the Board	Trainings Attended
Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra (Chairman)	<ul> <li>Brainstorming Session LGK – Melewar Industrial Group Berhad</li> <li>Half-Day Seminar on 'Corporate Liability – Section 17A of the MACC Act 2009</li> <li>Data Driven Decision in Integrated Value Creation Webinar – Malaysian Alliance of Corporate Directors</li> <li>IBOR Reform, Transfer Pricing, Financial Accounting Standard – Deloitte Bahrain</li> <li>Board Training: An Overview, Amendments to the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law – Ithmaar Bank</li> <li>Board Training: Takeovers, Mergers and Acquisition – Ithmaar Bank</li> </ul>
Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya bin Tan Sri Abdullah	<ul> <li>Brainstorming Session LGK – Melewar Industrial Group Berhad</li> <li>Data Driven Decision in Integrated Value Creation Webinar – Malaysian Alliance of Corporate Directors</li> </ul>
Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan	<ul> <li>FIDE Core Programme Module A &amp; B</li> <li>How to be an Effective NED in a Disruptive World - Institute of Corporate Directors Malaysia (ICDM)</li> <li>Islamic Finance For Board Of Directors Programme</li> </ul>
Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilai Rugnath	<ul> <li>MICG - Building and Reporting a Culture of Integrity</li> <li>LHDNM/CTIM - National Tax Conference 2020</li> <li>Grant Thornton - APAC CEO/MP Conference</li> <li>IRB - 2021 Budget Seminar</li> <li>Grant Thornton - 2020 Global Conference</li> <li>CTIM - 2021 Budget Seminar</li> </ul>
Datin Seri Raihanah Begum binti Abdul Rahman	<ul> <li>Brainstorming Session LGK – Melewar Industrial Group Berhad</li> <li>Webinar on 'Building and Reporting a Culture of Integrity'</li> </ul>
Yeo Took Keat	<ul> <li>Data Driven Decision in Integrated Value Creation Webinar – Malaysian Alliance of Corporate Directors</li> <li>Webinar on 'Building and Reporting a Culture of Integrity'</li> </ul>

## **Board Composition**

The Board recognises that it is essential to have an appropriate mix of skills, knowledge, experience, diversity and independent elements in order for the Board to perform its role effectively.

The Board comprises of six (6) members as at the date of this Annual Report, of whom four (4) are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Board Committees are also chaired by Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Board, with the recommendation of the Audit & Governance Committee ("AGC") and the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, duly notes and fully supports the enhanced standards and requirements under the Code in relation to Board Composition.

#### **Remuneration**

The Board is aware that fair remuneration is critical to attract, retain and motivate Directors, CEO/Group MD and key senior officers. Procedures for determining the remuneration of directors, CEO/Group MD and key senior officers has been reviewed and enhanced on 23 November 2017 to be in line with the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("MMLR of Bursa Securities") and the Code.

The Detailed Remuneration of the Directors for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 is set out below:

Name	Salary RM'000	Bonus RM'000	Benefits in Kinds* RM'000	Fees RM'000	Meeting Allowance RM'000	Others** RM'000	Total RM'000
Executive Directors							
Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra	1,678	140	22	-	4 <sup>(N)</sup>	291	2,135
Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya bin Tunku Tan Sri Abdullah	265	22	7	-	-	95	389
TOTAL	1,943	162	29	-	4	386	2,524
Independent Non-Executive Directors							
Yeo Took Keat	-	-	-	82	35	-	117
Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani	-	-	-	61	32	-	93
Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan	-	-	-	61	31	-	92
Datin Seri Raihanah Begum	-	-	-	61	29	-	90
TOTAL	-	-	-	265	127	-	392
GRAND TOTAL	1,943	162	29	265	131	386	2,916

\* Benefits in kind included company car, petrol, driver and medical insurance benefits.

\*\* Others include vehicle substitution and travelling allowances, long service award and EPF.

<sup>(N)</sup> Director's fees and meeting allowances received from an overseas subsidiary company.

#### EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The AGC as well as the Risk & Sustainability Committee ("RSC") comprise of four (4) members, all of whom are independent nonexecutive directors. Both the AGC and the RSC's function as stipulated under the Terms of Reference has been approved by the Board. Further details on the AGC and the RSC together with their respective activities are set out in the Audit Committee Report and Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control of this Annual Report respectively.

#### INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Board is aware of the importance of meaningful communication with its stakeholders including its shareholders. It is the Board's expectation that all directors are to attend the AGM and will use its best endeavours to provide meaningful response to questions addressed to them.

The Board has endorsed the adoption of the Code requirement for notice of the AGM to be given to the shareholders at least 28 days prior to the meeting.

In line with the MMLR of Bursa Securities, the Company had implemented e-voting for all the resolutions set out in the Notice of AGM at the AGM and had appointed one (1) scrutineer to validate the votes cast at the AGM.

#### ANTI-CORRUPTION AND WHISTLE-BLOWING

In line with the requirement under 15.29 of the MMLR of Bursa Securities, the company has established the Anti-Corruption Policy, guided by the Guidelines on Adequate Procedures issued pursuant to section 17A(5) of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009; and the Whistle-Blowing Policy. Both policies can be viewed at ourwebsite: <a href="https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy">https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy</a>, <a href="https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy">https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy</a>, <a href="https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy">https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy</a>, <a href="https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy">https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy</a>, <a href="https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy">https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy</a>, <a href="https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy">https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy</a>, <a href="https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?anti-corruption-policy">https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?whistle-blowing-policy</a>, <a href="https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?anti-corruption-policy">https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?anti-corruption-policy</a>.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH CODE

The Board shall use its best endeavours to continually uphold corporate governance standards and ensure corporate governance practices are implemented in the business operations of the Company.

# OTHER BURSA SECURITIES COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

#### 1. STATUS OF UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS RAISED FROM CORPORATE PROPOSALS

Brief explanations of the status of utilisation of proceeds raised from corporate proposals of the Group are as follow:

(a) Disposal of MAA Takaful Berhad ("MAA Takaful") on 30 September 2016

	Purpose	Revised Utilisation	Actual Proceeds Received	Further Revised Utilisation	Deviations	Further Revised Utilisation (After Deviation)	Further Revised Timeframe For Utilisation	Actual Utilisation	Further Revised Remaining Unutilised Proceeds
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000
(i)	Future investment opportunity(ies)/Prospective	68,250	68,250	-	-	-	Within 24 months from the		
	new business(es) to be acquired <sup>(N4)</sup>	93,750	<sup>(N2)</sup> 88,623	70,127	-	70,127	EGM held on 30 June 2020	-	70,127
(ii)	Working capital	30,854	30,854	84,435	<sup>(N7)</sup> 3,500	87,935	Within 24 months from the EGM held on 30 June 2020	86,050	1,885
(iii)	Payment of dividends to shareholders for the FYE 2017	8,207	8,207	8,207	-	8,207	Utilised	8,207	-
(iv)	Payment of dividends to shareholders	32,822	32,822	32,822	-	32,822	Within 24 months from the EGM held on	16,411	16,411

							30 June 2020		
(v)	Acquisition of HCAT <sup>(N6)</sup> , Acquisition of Scholastic IB International Sdn Bhd ("SIB") and Subscription of Shares in Altech Chemicals Limited	-	-	38,292	<sup>(N6)</sup> (3,500)	34,792	Within 18 months from the EGM held on 30 June 2020	30,958	(N3)3,834
	Total	<sup>(N1)</sup> 233,883	228,756 (	<sup>N5)</sup> 233,883	-	233,883		141,626	92,257

<sup>(N1)</sup> Revised utilisation approved by shareholders during the EGM held on 5 June 2018.

<sup>(N2)</sup> Of the RM93,750,000 balance sale consideration of MAA Takaful retained by Zurich Insurance Company Ltd ("Zurich"), the Company received RM88,623,399.52 from Zurich on 1 July 2019 net of Zurich's claims of RM5,126,600.48.

- <sup>(N3)</sup> RM5.0 million of the purchase consideration for SIB and its subsidiaries has been withheld by the Company pending fulfillment of RM5.0 million profit guarantees for financial years ended 31 December 2019 and ending 31 December 2020 cumulatively by the sellers. On 17 July 2020, the Group paid RM1,166,054 for achieving partial yearly profit guarantee for financial year ended 31 December 2019.
- <sup>(N4)</sup> As disclosed in the Circular to Shareholders in relation to the disposal of MAA Takaful dated 6 June 2016, the actual proceeds of RM156.8 million is allocated for the Company to acquire future investment opportunity(ies)/prospective new business(es) to enhance its earning profile, regulate its financial conditions and address the PN17 status.
- <sup>(N5)</sup> Further revised utilisation approved by shareholders during the EGM held on 30 June 2020.
- (N6) As disclosed in the Note 49(d) to the financial statements in relation to the acquisition of HCAT (now known as Imperium Edumaax), the appointed lawyer of the Vendor returned the excess purchase consideration of RM3.5 million as result of the reduced purchase consideration pursuant to the SPA dated 20 July 2020.
- <sup>(N7)</sup> The deviation of RM3.5 million will be allocated for the working capital requirement of Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT).

#### 1. STATUS OF UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS RAISED FROM CORPORATE PROPOSALS (continued)

Brief explanations of the status of utilisation of proceeds raised from corporate proposals of the Group are as follow: (continued)

(b) Disposal of Columbus Capital Pty Limited ("CCA") on 27 December 2018

	Purpose	Proposed Utilisation	Actual Utilisation	Timeframe for utilisation	Deviation	Explanations (if the deviation is 5% or more)
		RM'000	RM'000		RM'000	
(i)	Future investment opportunity(ies)/Prospective new business(es) to be acquired	59,520	<sup>(N8)</sup> 18,847	No time limit specified	-	-
	Total	(N8)59,520	<sup>(N8)</sup> 18,847		-	-

(N8) (i) Acquisition of a loan equivalent to RM14.3 million (at the exchange rate of USD1.00: RM4.0316) and other related professional fees incurred. This loan is secured by mortgage which was valued approximately 2.5 times above the debt; and

(ii) Investment in 35.20% interest in MicroLEAP PLT for a total consideration of RM1,250,000.

#### 2. Audit and Non-Audit Fees

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the following audit and non-audit fees were incurred for services rendered by the external auditors or a firm or corporation affiliated to them:

- (a) Audit fees paid or payable to external auditors by the Group and the Company amounted to RM556,000 and RM251,000 respectively.
- (b) Non-audit fees paid to external auditors or a firm or corporation affiliated to them by the Group and the Company amounted to RM38,300 and RM7,000 respetively.

#### 3. Material Contracts

There were no material contracts entered into by the Group which involved the interest of Directors and major shareholders, either still subsisting at the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2020 or if not then subsisting, entered into since the end of the previous financial year.

#### 4. Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature

On 30 June 2020, the Company sought approval for a shareholders' mandate for the Group to enter into Recurrent Transactions (as defined in the Circular to Shareholders dated 29 May 2020) in their ordinary course of business with related parties ("Shareholders' Mandate") as defined in Chapter 10 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

The aggregate value of Recurrent Related Party Transactions conducted during the financial year ended 31 December 2020 are:

Transacting Party	Nature of Transaction	Related Party	Nature of Interest	Value of Transaction (1/1/2020 - 31/12/2020)
				RM'000
The Group	Corporate secretarial and related services fees paid and payable	Trace Management Services Sdn Bhd ("Trace")	A company in which TY* and TYY* have deemed interest by virtue of their major interest in Melewar Group Berhad, the holding company of Trace.	253
MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd ("MAA Corp")	Office service fee income	Melewar Equities Sdn Bhd ("MESB")	A company in which TY is deemed interested in MESB. MESB is a subsidiary of Khyra**. TY is a beneficiary of a trust known as Khyra, being the holding company of MESB.	13
		Melewar Industrial Group Berhad ("MIG")	TY is a director of MIG. TY is deemed interested in MIG by virtue of him being a beneficiary of Khyra, which is the holding company of MEBVI and MKSB*** which are the major/substantial shareholders of MIG.	20
MAA Corp	Office rental income	MESB	TY is deemed interested in MESB. MESB is a subsidiary of Khyra**. TY is a beneficiary of Khyra, being the holding company of MESB.	56
		MIG	TY is a director of MIG. TY is deemed interested in MIG by virtue of him being a beneficiary of Khyra, which is the holding company of MEBVI and MKSB which are the major/substantial shareholders of MIG.	87
Maax Factor Sdn Bhd	Factoring facility and ancillary fees	Mycron Steel CRC Sdn Bhd. ("MCRC")	TY is a director of MCRC. TY is deemed interested in MCRC by virtue of Section 8(4)(c) and Section 197(1)(b) of the Act via MIG.	4,561

Definition:

\* TY is Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra

\* TYY is Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya bin Tunku Tan Sri Abdullah

\*\* Khyra is Khyra Legacy Berhad, the ultimate holding company of Melewar Acquisitions Ltd ("MAL")\*\*\*\* and Melewar Equities (BVI) Ltd who are the major/substantial shareholders of the Company.

\*\*\* Melewar Khyra Sdn Bhd ("MKSB") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Khyra.

\*\*\*\* MAL is a wholly owned subsidiary of Melewar Equities Sdn Bhd ("MESB") who in turn is a wholly owned subsidiary of Khyra.

\*\*\*\*\* MEBVI is a subsidiary of Khyra.

# STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

#### INTRODUCTION

This statement on Risk Management and Internal Control is made pursuant to Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities which obliges the Board of Directors of a listed company to account for the state of its internal control system in the Annual Report.

The Malaysia Code on Corporate Governance 2017 ("Code") further require the Board of Directors to set appropriate policies on internal control and seek assurance that the systems are functioning effectively.

Pursuant to these requirements, the Board of Directors of the Company ("Board") is pleased to present the following statement that is prepared in accordance with the "Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers" issued by Bursa Securities.

#### **BOARD RESPONSIBILITY**

The Board reaffirms its overall responsibility for the Group's system of internal controls, including an assurance of its adequacy, integrity, and its alignment with business objectives. The Board is also of the view that, the risk management framework and internal control system in place are designed and have the capacity to manage the Group's risks within the accepted risk appetite thresholds. The Board does not claim nor believes that the controls will totally eliminate the risks emanating from the exercise of poor judgment in decision making, human error, deliberate circumvention of control processes by employees, and unforeseeable circumstances. It can therefore only provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance against material misstatement, fraud or loss.

Whilst the Board has the ultimate responsibility for the Group's risk management and internal control systems, it has delegated the immediate oversight and implementation of these internal controls to the Management who make regular submissions to the Audit & Governance Committee ("AGC") and Risk & Sustainability Committee ("RSC") on the status of actions taken to mitigate and/or minimise identified risks.

The risk management and internal control system is subject to the Board's regular review via the independent Internal Audit function with a view towards appraising and ascertaining the relevancy, adequacy and effectiveness of the controls in place in key operational and business areas as identified in the annual Audit Plan.

From time to time, the Board receives assurances from the Executive Chairman and Group Chief Operating Officer on the efficacy of the risk management and internal control system and that; it sufficiently safeguards the interests of the Group.

#### **RISK & SUSTAINABILITY MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

The RSC met four (4) times during the financial year ended December 2020. The attendance record of the members were as follows:

Name of Committee Members	Total Meetings Attended
Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilai Rugnath (Chairman)	4/4
Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin Bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan	4/4
Datin Seri Raihanah Binti Abdul Rahman	4/4
Yeo Took Keat	4/4

During RSC meetings, the members were engaged in active discussions with the Financial Services Department ("FSD") and Deloitte Risk Advisory Sdn Bhd ("Deloitte") on risk management matters affecting the Group and its operations. The emphasis during the year was on the operations in Malaysia. Risk review was conducted by Deloitte on MAAG and its subsidiaries and presented to the RSC and the Board.

#### **GROUP AUDIT AND RISK**

The day-to-day responsibility for the risk management function lies primarily with those entrusted with risk management responsibilities in the operating units. FSD, oversees the implementation of the Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") framework which is based on the ISO 31000 Risk Management Standard.

To ensure greater awareness of managing risks amongst the work-force so that it becomes embedded into the work culture, the Company has co-sourced the function of audit and risk management to an external provider, Deloitte. The appointment of Deloitte is to provide operational level risk assessment to leverage on the existing ERM efforts in the Group.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (continued)

#### **Adequate Procedures**

Pursuant to Section 17A under the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009, the Company's Anti-Corruption policy has been established in line with the Guidelines on Adequate Procedures issued by the Prime Minister Department on 4 December 2018.

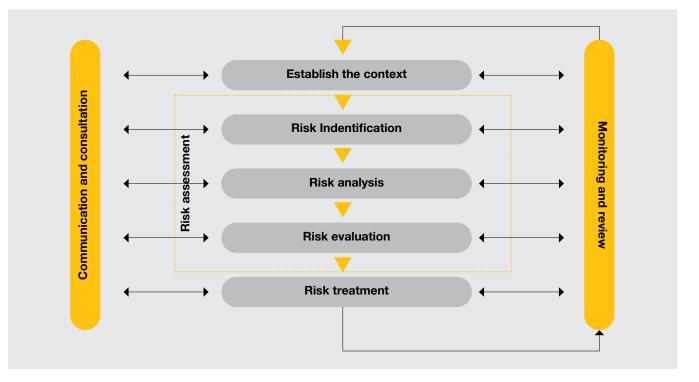
#### **INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE & RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK**

Management acknowledges its responsibility for the management of risks, for developing, operating and monitoring the system of internal controls and for providing assurance to the Board that it has done so in accordance with the policies approved by the Board.

The internal control system is periodically assessed to determine its adequacy and level of effectiveness. The evaluation is performed by Deloitte using the controls rating parameter stated in the risk management framework. Further assurance is provided by FSD. The internal auditors collaborate with risk management to ensure areas with higher risks are assessed more frequently and more intensely.

Details on the work performed by the Internal audit function can be found in the Audit Committee Report of this Annual Report.

The diagram below encapsulates the Risk Management process described in the ERM Framework which serves to inform and provide guidance to Directors, senior management, and staff on managing risks in the Group:



The ERM Framework sets out:

- the fundamentals and principles of risk management that are to be applied in all situations and throughout all levels of the Group;
- the process for identifying, assessing, responding, monitoring and reporting of risks and controls;
- the roles and responsibilities of each level of management in the Group; and
- the mechanisms, tools and techniques for managing risks in the Group.

The FSD ensures that all elements of the ERM Framework are implemented throughout the Group and its subsidiaries in a consistent fashion. The process includes the systematic application of procedures and practices to the activities of risk identification, assessment, treatment, monitoring and reporting. A quarterly review of risks is undertaken to ensure that the risk profiles remains relevant. This risk management process is applied to all levels of activity in the Group, with the objective of establishing accountability and ensuring mitigation at the point of risk assumption.

The Group is exposed to various financial risks such as credit, interest rate, foreign currency exchange rates, as well as operational risks. The tolerance level for each class of these risks is expressed through the use of a risk impact and likelihood matrix.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (continued)

Once the risk level is determined, the risk owner is obliged to deal with the relevant risks by adhering to the Group's risk treatment guidance on the actions to be taken and target timeline for implementation of the action plan. The Group will only accept a commercial level of risk that provides reasonable assurance on the long term profitability and survival of the Group.

#### OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

- A comprehensive and detailed set of "SOPs" and "ICPs" encompassing every key activity in all major facets of operations which are constantly revised to reflect changing circumstances. They are also easily accessed by all staff for reference purposes through a system based portal.
- The Executive Chairman chaired the various EXCO meetings attended by Senior Management to discuss and review the financial
  and business performance of all operating entities, new business initiatives and other corporate issues of the Group including any
  policy papers to be tabled at the Board.
- Annual Budgets of all operating subsidiary and associate companies are prepared by the relevant Business/Operating units and evaluated by Head Office before being tabled for approval at the applicable Boards. The budgets which include both operational and financial parameters and longer term initiatives are monitored on a monthly basis at the EXCO meetings mentioned above.
- A formal and structured Document Sign-Off Policy where relevant Department Heads (apart from the originator) must review, comment and sign off on any proposed changes or introduction of new operational policies before it can be submitted to the Executive Chairman for endorsement and adoption.
- An AGC comprising entirely of Independent Directors. The AGC is not restricted in any way in the conduct of its duties and has unrestricted access to the internal and external auditors of the Company and to all employees of the Group. The AGC and the Board is also entitled to seek such other third party independent professional advice deemed necessary to the discharge of its responsibilities.
- Review of all proposals for material capital investment by the Investment Committee and approval of the same by the Board prior to undertaking the said expenditure.
- Reviews by the AGC of all risk management and internal control issues identified by the external and internal auditors. Findings
  are communicated to the Management and the AGC with recommendations for improvements. Follow-up action to ascertain the
  implementation status of the recommended remedial actions is conducted by FSD and the AGC is furnished with the relevant
  update.
- Adoption and implementation of the annual risk-based internal audit plan after it has been approved by the AGC.
- Clearly defined terms of reference, authorities and responsibilities of the various committees which include the AGC, RSC, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Investment Committee and Executive Committee.
- A well-defined organisational structure with clear segregation of duties, accountabilities and responsibilities between Senior Management and Division/Department Heads including appropriately formalised and documented financial and non-financial authority limits.
- Distribution of papers at least five (5) days in advance of a scheduled Board or Board Committee meeting so as to allow sufficient time for members to digest the contents and to seek additional information so as to arrive at an informed decision. The Board maintains complete and effective control over the strategies and direction of the Group especially with regard to reserved matters.

#### **REVIEW OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board is of the opinion that, there were no significant weaknesses identified during the year in the system of risk management and internal control, contingencies or uncertainties that could result in material losses and adversely affect the Company and the Group. The Company and the Group continue to take the necessary measures to strengthen their internal control structure and the management of risks.

#### **REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT BY THE EXTERNAL AUDITOR**

As required by Paragraph 15.23 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, the external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control. Their limited assurance review was performed in accordance with Recommended Practice Guide ("RPG") 5 (Revised) issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. RPG 5 (Revised) does not require the external auditors to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF ANNUAL AUDITED ACCOUNTS

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the annual audited financial statements of the Company and the Group are drawn up in accordance with the requirements of the applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia, the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 and the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities Malaysia Berhad.

The Directors are also responsible for ensuring that the annual audited financial statements of the Company and the Group are prepared with reasonable accuracy from the accounting records of the Company and of the Group so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2020.

In preparing the annual audited financial statements, the Directors have:

- (a) applied the appropriate and relevant accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- (b) made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- (c) prepared the annual audited financial statements on a going concern basis.

# AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

#### **COMPOSITION AND MEETINGS**

The Audit & Governance Committee ("AGC") comprises of four members, all of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors. This meets the requirements of paragraph 15.09(1) (a) and (b) of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

The details of members and their respective attendance record at meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2020 are as follows:

Name of Committee	No. of Meetings
Yeo Took Keat (Chairman)	6/6
Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilai Rugnath	6/6
Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin Bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan	6/6
Datin Seri Raihanah Binti Abdul Rahman	6/6

The Chairman of the AGC, Mr Yeo Took Keat is a Fellow of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, United Kingdom and a Member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. The AGC, therefore, meets the requirement of paragraph 15.09 (1) (c) of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities which stipulates that, at least one (1) member of the AGC must be a qualified accountant.

The AGC met according to the schedule of at least once every quarter. The Group Chief Operating Officer and Group Chief Financial Officer were invited to all AGC meetings to facilitate direct communications as well as to provide clarification on audit issues and the Group's operations. The Committee members were provided with the agenda and relevant papers 5 days before each meeting. Minutes of the AGC meetings were distributed to the Board for notation and the Chairman of the AGC reported on the key issues discussed, to the Board.

#### TERMS OF REFERENCE

The terms of reference of the AGC can be found on the Company's website.

#### SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the AGC carried out its duties as set out in the terms of reference. The principal activities were as follows:

#### **Financial Reporting and Annual Report**

The AGC reviewed the following Group financial statements and made recommendations to the Board for approval of the same:

Date of AGC Meetings	Quarterly financial results/Financial statements reviewed
26 February 2020	Unaudited fourth quarter results for the period ended 31 December 2019
21 April 2020	Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019
30 June 2020	Unaudited first quarter results for the period ended 31 March 2020
25 August 2020	Unaudited second quarter results for the period ended 30 June 2020
03 November 2020	Unaudited third quarter results for the period ended 30 September 2020

The review of the unaudited quarterly financial results is to ensure the disclosures are in compliance with Malaysia Financial Reporting Standards and applicable disclosure provisions of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities. Only operational matters were reviewed in the 24 November 2020 meeting.

The AGC review of the audited financial statements of the Company and of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 encompassed the financial position and performance for the year and ensured that it complied with all disclosure and regulatory requirements prior to recommending the statements to the Board for approval.

Significant matters that were highlighted by the external auditors in the financial statements and noteworthy judgments made by the Management were also reviewed and discussed during the AGC meetings. Some of the significant matters that were discussed during the financial year were in relation to PN17 status and compliance with Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities. The issue on PN17 can be found in the Independent Auditor's Report of this Annual Report.

#### **External Audit**

- Reviewed the audit scope, audit strategy, audit plan and audit report issued for the financial year;
- Assessed the objectivity and independence of the external auditors for the engagement period although a written assurance was also provided by them on their independence. This was done in April 2021 after the reporting period, together with the assessment on the reappointment of the auditors;
- The AGC of the Company met 6 times during the financial year and had its private sessions with the External Auditors i.e. on 26 February 2020, 21 April 2020 and 25 August 2020 to discuss the audit plan, audit findings, financial statements and other matters that required the Board's attention;
- Evaluated the performance and effectiveness of the external auditors and made recommendations to the Board on their appointment and audit fees. The assessment was made based on the criterion specified in the Group's assessment policy for the appointment/ reappointment of an external auditor. Amongst the qualifying conditions applied during the said exercise was the level of knowledge the auditors brought to the assignment, capabilities, experience, output quality, their ability to provide constructive observations and recommendations in areas which required improvement and lastly, the effectiveness in planning and conducting the audit exercise; and
- Reviewed major audit findings raised and management's response, including the implementation status of previous audit recommendations.

#### Key Audit Matters ("KAM")

- The International Standards on Auditing for KAM (ISA701) comes into effect for audit reports and financial statements for financial years ending on or after 31 December 2016. This standard requires a section to be included in the Independent Auditor's Report to highlight those matters that, in the Auditor's professional judgement, were deemed most significant during the course of the audit.
- The AGC has proactively engaged in active discussions with the external auditors for a better understanding of the Group's role in
  providing the required information needs in order to ensure compliance and a smooth transition process. The AGC also ensured
  that mechanisms were put in place especially with regard to mutually agreed timelines so that full co-operation was extended by
  the operating entity in the Philippines (who have a different External Auditor) to assist PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT ("PwC"), the
  Company's external auditors in completing this assessment in a timely and effective manner. Issues under KAM are reported in the
  Independent Auditor's Report of this Annual Report.

#### **Internal Audit**

- Reviewed the annual audit plan for adequacy of scope and coverage of the key activities of the Group. Audit areas were discussed together with the audit procedures. Risks affecting the audit areas determined the frequency of audit coverage. The annual audit plan was approved for adoption following this review;
- Reviewed the internal audit reports, audit recommendations and management's responses to the same and actions taken to improve the system of internal controls and procedures. Internal audit reports in the financial year covered both the functions of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- · Monitored the implementation of the audit recommendations to ensure all key risks and controls have been addressed; and
- Reviewed the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control to confirm that it is consistent with their understanding of the state of internal controls of the Group and recommended the same to the Board for inclusion in the Annual Report.

#### **AUDIT & RISK**

The AGC is supported by Financial Services Department ("FSD") which collaborates with the outsourced service providers in discharging the internal audit role for the Group and its principal operating subsidiaries.

An Assistant Vice President with 19 years of internal audit experience, and also a member of The Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Institute of Internal Auditors is in charge of the collaboration with the outsourced service providers. In order to strengthen the controls within the Group, an outsourced service provider, that is Deloitte Risk Advisory Sdn Bhd ("Deloitte") has been engaged for internal audit and risk management for the Group.

Deloitte's engaging partner and his team has a total of more than 20 years of internal audit experience. He is a Certified Information Systems Security Professional, Information Systems Auditor, Practicing Accountant, Australia and ISO/IEC 27001:2005 Provisional Auditor. Deloitte via its Due Diligence Team conducted company check and assessment to ensure auditor independence.

The appointed service provider who applies the International Professional Practises Framework as adopted by the Institute of Internal Auditors assisted the Board, AGC and Senior Management by providing an independent and objective assurance/assessment on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system, risk management procedures and governance processes. The audit scope covers operational, financial and compliance of the Group and the subsidiaries. A risk based audit plan which includes risk rating indicators is presented to AGC for approval. The results of the audits will be reported to the AGC on a quarterly basis to highlight control issues with risk exposures and effectiveness of the existing mitigating measures.

The total cost incurred for internal audit function for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 was RM160,084 compared to RM472,000 in FY2019. The lower audit fees for FY2020 was due to deferment of MAA General Assurance Philippines, Inc. audit as a result of strict movement control imposed during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Audit review was conducted on the area of Student Registration, Billing, Collection and Credit Controls for the Education Sector i.e. St. John International School and Imperium International College (formerly known as HELP College of Arts and Technology). Issues highlighted were in the area of enhancements on the monitoring of Accounts Receivables, Scholarship Management and Granting Offers to Students. Compliance review was also conducted on the same entities and audit observation were on the area of Safety and Health, student enrolments, teaching permits, building's renovation and license renewal. An audit on Advances Management and Budgeting Process Review was also conducted on the newly acquired subsidiary, Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd. The issues highlighted were on the enhancements to recording and monitoring of the use of advances and in the budgeting process. Management has taken steps to address all recommendations provided by the auditors. Follow-up audit were also conducted on Corporate Governance in November 2020.

Internal audit reports were tabled to the AGC of the Company in respect of the above mentioned entities. Management had taken note and responded on all comments made by AGC during the meeting pertaining to the issues highlighted by the auditors.

# SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

#### Introduction

MAA Group Berhad ("MAAG") is pleased to present our Sustainability Report for the financial year ended on 31 December 2020. Recognising the ever-increasing relevance of sustainability in our business value, our statement aims to make the three pillars of Economic, Environmental and Social ("EES") concerns key parts of our business operations.

At MAAG, we are not merely focused on our efforts to improve the financial performance of our businesses but also, to integrate sustainable practices such as environmental conservation and social welfare into the heart of our business decisions.

As a business, our commitment to continue providing favourable returns to our shareholders and investors is of great importance to MAAG. This quest for financial success however, must not take precedence over our concerns regarding any negative impact this may have on the environment, as well as our contribution to the socioeconomic welfare of the communities MAAG operate in. Our pursuit of this balance is distinctly shown through the sustainable strategies we have carefully mapped out and implemented.

#### **Responding to COVID-19**

Before we dive into the main aspects of the Sustainability report, we would like to share how our company has been responding to the current pandemic.

In December 2019, a continuous occurrence of an unknown acute respiratory tract infection was reported in Wuhan, China. In January 2020, the outbreak was declared a public health emergency of international concern, and by March 2020, as a full blown pandemic by the World Health Organisation.

Before the government's initial lock down on 18 March 2020, between January to March 2020, it was pretty much, business as usual in Malaysia. In hindsight, Malaysia's first case (officially the country's 1st wave), was detected on 25 January 2020. March 2020, we were in our 2nd wave and by February 2021, we officially entered our 3rd wave. The country went from a Movement Control Order (MCO) to a Conditional Movement Control Order (CMCO), to a Recovery Movement Control Order (RMCO) and now, depending on the number of cases in each State, different levels of lockdowns are in place.

In compliance to these lockdowns and Standard Operating Procedure ("SOP") issued by the Government, MAAG implemented the SOP required for COVID-19. Led by the Executive Chairman, a Crisis Response Committee was also established in April 2020. As an essential business entity, we have put in place, strict work rotation measures that allow us to continue operations while curbing the possible spread of COVID-19 at any of our premises. This is to ensure the continuous safety of our staff, their families and all our stakeholders.

It has definitely been a challenge to operate under the shroud of COVID-19 and the existing restricted environments imposed under the MCO and CMCO lockdowns; nevertheless, we will continue to meet the expectations of all our stakeholders while we support the efforts of the government in this unprecedented challenge.

#### **Sustainability Statement**

This Sustainability Statement is structured into four (4) sections. The first section gives an overview of our reporting approach, scope and boundaries and the sustainability governance. The second section sets out the stakeholder engagement in deriving the material concerns while the third section records the process that we have undertaken to identify and prioritise the material matters. The fourth section reports on MAAG's practices and performance in managing the material sustainability matters.

#### **Our Reporting Approach**

MAAG's Sustainability Report has been prepared with reference to the latest Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI") Standards and follows the GRI Standards Reporting Principles for defining reporting content, which include:

- Stakeholder Inclusiveness; capturing our stakeholder's expectations and concerns;
- Sustainability Context; presenting our performance in the wider context of sustainability;
- Materiality; identifying and prioritising the key sustainability issues that our Group encounters; and
- Completeness; reporting all sustainability topics that are relevant to our Group and influence our stakeholders.

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (continued)

The Material references included in this report are as stated below:

- GRI 201-1: Economic Performance
- GRI 205-3: Anti-Corruption
- GRI 401-1: Employment
- GRI 419-1: Socioeconomic Compliance

#### Scope and Boundaries

This report identifies the sustainability practices and progress of the Group, including our Malaysian and Philippines based subsidiaries, unless otherwise stated. The reporting will cover the period of 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020.

References to "MAAG", "the Company", "the Group", "the Organisation", "our" and "we" refer to MAA Group Berhad and relevant subsidiaries.

References to "MAAGAP" refer to our subsidiary, MAA General Assurance Philippines, Inc.

#### **Our Sustainable Governance**

The responsibility to promote sustainability in MAAG's business strategies lie with the Board of Directors. To be in line with Recommendation 1.4 of the Malaysia Code on Corporate Governance 2012, we have incorporated our sustainability agenda under the Risk & Sustainability Committee ("RSC").

The RSC is responsible for managing and reviewing the Group's sustainability strategy and communicating relevant concerns to the Board. The RSC ensures that the Group's best practices and disclosures on sustainability are made in accordance with the required standards.

MAAG's sustainability governance structure is as follows:



#### Feedback

Should you have any input or feedback on our Sustainability Report, please direct your correspondence to:

Name : Anand Kanagasingam Email : anand@maa.my Telephone : +603 6256 8000 Address : MAA Group Berhad 13th Floor, No. 566, Jalan Ipoh 51200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

#### Stakeholder Engagement

MAAG places great emphasis on understanding the needs and concerns of our stakeholders. We are committed to providing shareholders, regulators and employees with comprehensive, accurate and timely disclosure of information relating to the Group. Our stakeholders have been segmented into seven key groups, allowing us to ascertain the needs and requirements of each segment. The table below illustrates our current methodology:-

#### Table 1: Stakeholder Engagement Table

Stakeholder Group	Mode of Engagement	Frequency of Engagement	Concerns Raised
Shareholders Investors	Annual General Meeting Annual Report Quarter Financial Report Analyst Briefing Extraordinary General Meeting Shareholder Communication Announcement on Bursa Malaysia and Corporate Website	Annually Annually Quarterly As and when needed As and when needed As and when needed As and when needed	Economic Performance Corporate Governance
Employees	Annual Performance Appraisal Briefings and Trainings Event, Celebrations and Sporting Activities Management, Operational and Committee Meetings	Annually Periodic Periodic As and when needed, Monthly and periodic	Economic Performance Career Progression Fair Benefits Business Integrity
Customers	Feedback Channels such as Emails, Phone Calls and Hotlines Website and Social Media Product Launches and Roadshows Marketing and Promotional Programmes and Events	As and when needed As and when needed As and when needed As and when needed As and when needed	Product Delivery Customer Privacy, Health & Safety Environmental Performance
Government Regulators	Income Tax Filing Annual Return Official Meetings and Visits Industry Events and Seminars	Annually Annually As and when needed As and when needed	Regulatory Compliance Occupation & Customer Health & Safety
Suppliers Contractors	Product Launches and Roadshows Meetings and Site Visits Supplier Assessment System Briefings and Trainings	As and when needed As and when needed As and when needed As and when needed	Business Integrity Ethical Procurement Employment Conditions
Local Communities	Community Outreach and Development Programmes Strategic Partnerships Charitable Contributions Website and Social Media	Periodic Upon Mutual Agreement As and when needed As and when needed	Community Outreach Employment
Media	Press Releases Site Visits Interviews Events Website and Social Media	As and when needed As and when needed As and when needed As and when needed As and when needed	Regulatory Compliance CSR Initiatives

Our corporate website, <u>www.maa.my</u> provides reliable information on our business activities as well as financial information, including our annual report. Information in our website is updated regularly, as part of our commitment to provide current and accurate information to all our stakeholders as well as the public at large.

#### **Materiality Matrix**

Effectively identifying material sustainability concerns for our organisation is crucial to ensure that our report reflects the topics most relevant to us. The material topics for MAAG were determined through a stakeholder engagement workshop; during which, due consideration was given to the concerns identified from the survey responses in the Stakeholder Engagement Table 1. The materiality matrix is determined through ranking the concerns and topics by importance on a scale of low-to-high measuring the economic, environmental, and social ("EES") impact of our business activities then marked accordingly by the weight of importance placed by our stakeholders.

The key issues prioritised and determined are as follow:

Material Sustainability Matters	
1. GRI 201-1: Economic Performance	
2. GRI 205-3: Anti-corruption	
3. GRI 401-1: Employment	
4. GRI 419-1: Socioeconomic Compliance	

#### **Economic Performance**

In 2011 the Group began taking steps to trade in major subsidiaries, and has since transitioned to a Practice Note 17/2005 or PN17 status company. A sound economic strategy is key to guaranteeing our Group's profit, operational cash flow, and dividend distribution is not only maintained but will grow sustainably. Stable economic performance is a key target for MAAG in order to display a favourable business representation, an important factor to sustain as the Group looks to acquire new businesses that align with the Group's vision, allowing us to expand our reach as well as steer ourselves back to the regularised main market listing.

In the last quarter of 2019 and 2020, the Group has strengthened its presence in the education industry by acquiring Imperium Edumaax Sdn Bhd (formerly known as HELP College of Arts and Technology Sdn Bhd), Scholastic IB International Sdn Bhd, and in the hospitality sector, by acquiring H360 Group respectively.

In order to ensure that our Group's economic performance is optimally managed, we are guided by the Group-wide Standard Operating Procedures ("SOPs") on the Budget Process (SOP-SP-01), which is managed by the Group Finance Department. We monitor our Group's financial performance on a monthly basis for all major subsidiaries and compare our budgets against the data provided on a quarterly basis. In order to best achieve the Group financial targets, we have invested heavily in our human capital through training initiatives. To further strengthen the infrastructure of the Group's financial management, we also engage external auditors for regular financial audits, undergo internal audit for business operations and engage risk management advisory for the Group.

#### **Anti-Corruption**

MAAG strives to undertake all our business operations with integrity. This is a critical issue to any successful company as we seek to ensure stakeholders' confidence in the management of the business as well as ensuring our reputation remains unblemished in the public eye. Corruption and fraudulent practices are some of the main causes of inefficiency for any business. These actions can result in serious ramifications; from criminal sanctions, to the halting of further business activities, as well as reputational damage in the areas we operate. At MAAG, we have undertaken rigorous measures in order to avoid corruption at any level. We will continue to remain vigilant in upholding any and all applicable local and international laws that apply to our business.

At MAAG, we have established an anti-fraud framework, Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") mechanism and whistle-blowing policy that govern all our subsidiaries. Operations that cross over from Malaysian boundaries are subjected to additional international regulations which are fully complied with. To ensure that corrupt practices are discouraged, MAAG conducts training on relevant procedures dealing with corrupt practices.

In line with the requirement under 15.29 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"), the company has established the Anti-Corruption Policy, guided by the Guidelines on Adequate Procedures issued pursuant to section 17A(5) of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 by the Prime Minister Department on 4 December 2018, of which, management and employees must adhere to. All employees and every level of management, including the Board of Directors have attended the compulsory training on Section 17A. Future employees will attend the same. The company's Anti-Corruption policy can be viewed here; <a href="https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?anti-corruption-policy">https://www.maa.my/maa/maagroup/index.php?anti-corruption-policy</a>.

The Compliance division manages the implementation of all internal training and reporting processes to the management and Board of Directors. Any incident related to financial corruption will be under the purview of our external auditors, while on an operational level, our internal audit processes are in place to ensure any wrongdoing is properly dealt with.

In 2020, no cases relating to confirmed incidents of corruption, dismissal of employees due to corruption, termination of business contracts due to corruption or public legal cases against the Company related to corruption were discovered or reported.

#### SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (continued)

#### Employment

For MAAG, it is crucial that we strive to be a fair and equitable employer that genuinely cares for the growth and future of our employees. Their performance, commitment and loyalty to the job are critical not only in achieving the company's goal and objectives, but more importantly, for our long-term survival and sustainability.

The employment process at MAAG is managed by our Group Human Resources ("GHR") Department, with the Head of GHR reporting directly to the Executive Chairman. Crucial and important details are reported to the Remuneration & Nomination Committee ("RNC"); made up of members of the Board of Directors. GHR prepares a comprehensive report detailing the turnover rate for the RNC annually.

To maintain the quality management of our staff, all GHR employees must attend a minimum of 4 training sessions per year to ensure they are kept abreast with any change in our labour laws. HR Policies are developed and managed at Group level through our Handbook and Internal Control Procedures ("ICPs"). Our policies are reviewed annually by GHR with the support of all departments. Individual employee performance is evaluated through their annual KPIs. We encourage all our employees to consult GHR to have a more in-depth understanding of their KPIs, GHR policies and ICPs.

In enhancing learning and retention of local talents, it is our practice to offer practical training to undergraduates who are required to fulfill their training requirements. On the job training provides opportunities for trainees to gain insight of our corporate culture, our processes and our operations.

We are constantly nurturing the skills and knowledge of our employees. Staff are encourage to participate in in-house or external training to enhance their skills and productivities.

#### Socio-Economic Compliance

Socioeconomic compliance is an important aspect of maintaining the image and reputation of MAAG. From the group level, MAAG have set in place several policies such as the Anti-Fraud Framework, Policy of Conflict of Interest, Compliance Framework and Enterprise Risk Management in place, in order to ensure that compliance to social and economic legislation is adhered.

In the Philippines Insurance industry, MAAGAP has achieved growth in the market share through an increased volume of our branch operations. We have solidified and expanded our relationship with the relevant government agencies relating to insurance companies' operations. Our commitment and performance, particularly in the settlement of claims, assists in shaping and stabilising of the local industry, resulting in a more competitive market.

The insurance business in the Philippines is one that is very competitive and strictly regulated. To transact in this competitive insurance environment and at the same time, maintain our position as a dominant player in the market, maintaining MAAGAP's operating license is vital. MAAGAP ensures adherence to the Insurance Commission's regulation via its Certificate of Authority as proof of compliance in all areas required by law.

An ISO management team, designated by the President and CEO of MAAGAP, is in place to manage our operations and policy compliance. This practice is crucial; it safeguards us alongside any audit conducted on our operations, such as the annual random audit of policies by the Insurance Commission ("IC") in the Philippines. Management of MAAGAP is responsible for reviewing the audit results and managing the improvement of MAAGAP's processes based on the ISO team's recommendations.

On a group level, HR monitors due processes and report grievances to ensure that violations against the Company's Code of Conduct are zero in nature, or at least, kept to a minimum. Offenders of the Group's internal policies will be dealt through disciplinary measures including suspension and termination of employment. The Group considers socioeconomic compliance a priority and has made its implementation a company-wide effort. Further details on these policies are laid out in our Company quality plan.

There were no sanctions of non-compliance with the laws and regulations that resonates with anti-bribery or corruption and anticompetition law within financial year 2020.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

052	Directors' Report
056	Statement By Directors
056	Statutory Declaration
057	Independent Auditors' Report
062	Statements Of Financial Position As At 31 December 2020
064	Statements Of Profit Or Loss For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2020
065	Statements Of Comprehensive Income For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2020
066	Statements Of Changes In Equity For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2020
069	Statements Of Cash Flows For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2020
073	Notes To The Financial Statements 31 December 2020

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

#### DIRECTORS

The Directors in office during the financial year and during the period from the end of the financial year to the date of the report are:

Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya bin Tunku Tan Sri Abdullah Yeo Took Keat Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilal Rugnath Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan Datin Seri Raihanah Begum Binti Abdul Rahman

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding and providing management services, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are stated in Note 8 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries during the financial year, other than the significant events as disclosed in Note 49 to the financial statements.

#### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

The results of the operations of the Group and the Company for the financial year were as follows:

	GROUP	COMPANY
	RM'000	RM'000
Net profit for the financial year attributable to:		
- Owners of the Company	39,789	6,826
- Non-controlling interests	(728)	-
Net profit for the financial year	39,061	6,826

#### **RESERVES AND PROVISIONS**

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year under review other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

#### **ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES**

There was no issuance of shares or debentures during the financial year.

#### TREASURY SHARES

The shareholders of the Company by an ordinary resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting on 30 June 2020 approved the Company's plan to purchase its own shares. The Directors of the Company are committed to enhance the value of the Company to its shareholders and believe that the share buy-back plan can be applied in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders.

During the current financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Company purchased a total 9,574,100 ordinary shares of its issued share capital from the open market at an average price RM0.73 per share. The total purchase consideration paid for the shares buyback including transaction costs amounted to RM7,014,656 and were financed by internally generated funds. The shares purchased were held as treasury shares in accordance with the Companies Act 2016 and carried at purchase cost.

On 1 December 2020, the Company cancelled the whole 9,574,100 treasury shares in accordance with the Companies Act 2016.

As at 31 December 2020, there were no treasury shares held by the Company.

#### **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS**

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than those fees and other benefits shown under Directors' Remuneration) by reason of a contract made by the Company or by a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest, except fees paid to a company in which certain Directors have an interest as stated in Note 33 to the financial statements.

Neither during nor at the end of the financial year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements whose object was to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

According to the Register of Directors' Shareholdings required to be kept under Section 59 of Companies Act 2016, none of the Directors who held office at the end of the financial year held any shares in the Company or its subsidiaries or its holding company or subsidiaries of the holding company during the financial year except as follows:

			Number of	ordinary shares
The Company	At 1.1.2020	Acquired	Disposed	At 31.12.2020
Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra - deemed indirect interest <sup>#</sup>	105,777,084	-	-	105,777,084
Yeo Took Keat	80,000	-	-	80,000

<sup>#</sup> Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra is deemed interested by virtue of him being a beneficiary of a trust known as Khyra Legacy Berhad, being the holding company of Melewar Equities (BVI) Ltd and Melewar Acquisitions Limited who are the substantial shareholders of the Company.

#### DIVIDENDS

No interim dividend has been paid by the Company during the financial year ended 31 December 2020 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

The Directors do not propose any final dividend for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

#### DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Details of Directors' remuneration are set out in Note 40 to the financial statements.

#### INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE FOR DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The Group and the Company maintain Directors' and Officers' liability insurance for the purpose of Section 289 of Companies Act 2016, which provides appropriate insurance cover for the Directors and Officers throughout the financial year.

During the current financial year, the total amount of indemnity coverage and insurance premium paid for the Directors and the Officers of the Group and of the Company are RM96,000 and RM18,000 respectively.

There were no indemnity given to, or insurance effected for auditors of the Group and the Company during the current financial year.

#### **OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION**

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were prepared, the Directors took reasonable steps:

- to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts; and
- (ii) to ensure that any current assets, which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business including the value of current assets as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company had been written down to an amount which the current assets might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- (i) which would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the allowance for doubtful debts inadequate to any substantial extent; or
- (ii) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; or
- (iii) which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

At the date of this report:

- (i) there are no charges on the assets of the Group and of the Company which have arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; and
- (ii) there are no contingent liabilities in the Group and in the Company which have arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent or other liability of any company in the Group has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may affect the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to meet their obligations when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (i) the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature; and
- (ii) there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group or of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made, except the significant subsequent event as disclosed in Note 49(g) to the financial statements.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of subsidiaries are set out in Note 8 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

#### SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND AFTER THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Significant events during and after the financial year are disclosed in Note 49 to the financial statements.

#### AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Details of auditors' remuneration are disclosed in Note 33 to the financial statements.

#### AUDITORS

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146), have expressed their willingness to accept re-appointment as auditors.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 15 April 2021.

#### TUNKU DATO' YAACOB KHYRA DIRECTOR

TUNKU DATO' AHMAD BURHANUDDIN BIN TUNKU DATUK SERI ADNAN DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur

# STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

We, Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra and Tunku Dato' Ahmad Burhanuddin bin Tunku Datuk Seri Adnan, two of the Directors of MAA Group Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 62 to 197 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2020 and financial performance of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 15 April 2021.

#### TUNKU DATO' YAACOB KHYRA DIRECTOR

TUNKU DATO' AHMAD BURHANUDDIN BIN TUNKU DATUK SERI ADNAN DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur

# STATUTORY DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

I, Choon Siew Thong, being the Officer primarily responsible for the financial management of MAA Group Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that, the financial statements set out on pages 62 to 197 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

#### **CHOON SIEW THONG**

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the above named at Kuala Lumpur in Malaysia on 15 April 2021.

Before me:

#### COMMISSIONER FOR OATH

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MAA GROUP BERHAD

(INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

REGISTRATION NO. 199801015274 (471403-A)

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of MAA Group Berhad ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2020, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

#### What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2020 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 62 to 197.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

#### Our audit approach

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company. In particular, we considered where the Directors made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters, consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

We tailored the scope of our audit in order to perform sufficient work to enable us to provide an opinion on the financial statements as a whole, taking into account the structure of the Group and of the Company, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which the Group and the Company operate.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### Key audit matters (continued)

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matters
PN17 status and compliance with Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements ("Listing Requirements") of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities")	
<ul> <li>Refer to: <ul> <li>Note 49(a) of the financial statements.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Since 30 September 2011, the Company has been classified as an affected listed issuer pursuant to Paragraph 8.04.</li> <li>On 24 November 2020, the Company made an application to Bursa Securities in relation to be uplifted from the classification as a PN17 Company. The Company was uplifted from being classified as a PN17 Company effective 26 March 2021.</li> </ul>	We have sighted the announcement made on 26 March 2021 and the letter from Bursa Securities in respect of the upliftment of the PN17 status.
Restatement of balance sheet of MAA General Assurance Philippines, Inc ("MAAGAP"), a subsidiary of MAA Group Berhad	
Refer to: - Note 48 of the financial statements.	In this area our audit procedures included, amongst others:
The Group's subsidiary had restated value added tax liabilities, resulting a decrease in trade and other payables and an increase in retained earnings amounting to PHP208 million (equivalent to RM16.8 million) as at 31 December 2019.	<ul> <li>We have obtained an understanding of the transaction background and management's assessment through discussions.</li> <li>We have tested the completeness and accuracy of the management's assessment.</li> <li>We have assessed the accounting treatment of the restatement.</li> <li>We have also had consultations and discussed with the Board of Directors of the treatment taken to the financial statements.</li> </ul>

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Key audit matters (continued)

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matters
Impairment testing of goodwill	
<ul> <li>Refer to: <ul> <li>Accounting policy Notes 2.6 and 2.9;</li> <li>Critical accounting estimate Note 3(e); and</li> <li>Notes 32 and 38 of the financial statements.</li> </ul> </li> <li>As required by MFRS 136, an impairment assessment is performed on the goodwill arising from the acquisition of Scholastic IB International Sdn Bhd ("SIB") in 2019 and on the inherent goodwill of Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd ("H360"). The recoverable amount of the cash generating unit ("CGU") is computed as the higher of value in use ("VIU") or fair value less costs of disposal.</li> <li>We focused on this area due to the size of the carrying amount of the goodwill, which represents 4.0% of total assets and because significant estimates were made about the future cash flows and discount rate used in arriving at the VIU.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>We tested the impairment assessment of the goodwill by performing the following procedures:</li> <li>Assessed the reasonableness of the cash flow projections;</li> <li>Assessed the reasonableness of the discount rates which reflects the specific risk related to the CGU;</li> <li>Evaluated the reasonableness of growth rates beyond five years ("terminal growth rate") based on economic outlook and industry forecasts;</li> <li>Performed sensitivity analysis over terminal growth rates and discount rates used in the determination of VIU cash flows to assess the potential impact of a reasonable possible change to any of these assumptions on the recoverable amount of the CGU.</li> </ul>
Insurance contract liabilities of subsidiary, MAA General Assurance Philippines, Inc. ("MAAGAP")	
<ul> <li>Refer to: <ul> <li>Accounting policy Note 2.31;</li> <li>Critical accounting estimate Note 3(a); and</li> <li>Notes 22 and 44 of the financial statements</li> </ul> </li> <li>The Group's insurance contract liabilities as at 31 December 2020 amounted to RM200.5 million.</li> <li>Significant judgement is required for valuation of general insurance claims liabilities, particularly in determining the ultimate cost of all claims incurred but not settled at the end of the reporting period, whether reported or not, together with the related claims handling costs.</li> <li>Understanding of the general insurance industry and actuarial expertise is required to evaluate these judgemental methods and assumptions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Our audit procedures included, amongst others:</li> <li>We validated the underlying data used in the claims estimation process to source documents. These included the integrity of data used in the calculation of claims liabilities.</li> <li>We used our own actuarial specialist to assist us in evaluating the methods and assumptions used by MAAGAP's Appointed Actuary and the claim liabilities is within the range of our estimates.</li> <li>We evaluated whether MAAGAP's valuation methodology for estimating the insurance claims liabilities is in line with the valuation methods issued by the Philippines Insurance Commission.</li> </ul>
	• We also assessed whether MAAGAP's disclosures in relation to insurance contract liabilities are in line with relevant accounting requirements, including the sensitivities of the key actuarial assumptions.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Chairman's Message, Financial Highlights, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Corporate Governance Overview Statement, Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, Audit Committee Report, Directors' Report, and other contents in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

#### Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (continued)

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and of the Company's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

(f) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, we report that the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, are disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

#### **OTHER MATTERS**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 15 April 2021 WONG HUI CHERN 03252/05/2022 J Chartered Accountant

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

(Restated)           (Restated)           31.12.2019         31.12.2019         31.12.2019           RM'000         RM'000         RM'000           ASSETS           Properly, plant and equipment         4         15.868         9.931         661         902           RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000           ASSETS           Properly, plant and equipment         4         15.353         13.132         13.132         RM'000         STAT RO'01         STAT RO'01         STAT RO'01         RE'0200         RE'0200         RE'0200         RE'0200				GROUP		COMPANY
RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000           ASSETS         Property, plant and equipment         4         15,868         9,931         661         902           Right-of-use assets         5(a)         13,556         13,740         1,187         389           Investment properties         6         51,293         51,373         28,480         28,480           Intragible assets         7         1,344         786         10         51           Subsidiaries         8         -         -         100,748         141,000           Goodwill on business combinations         9         30,887         26,911         -         -           Deforad tax assets         11         4,583         2,261         -         -           Investments         143         227         -         -         -           Investments         146,700         285,996         142,690         49,095           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         202,377         93,328         142,690         49,095           At amortised cost ("AC")         12(c)         137,331         108,219         -         -           Investments         <				(Restated)		
ASSETS         Number         Number         Number         Number           Property, plant and equipment         4         15,868         9,931         661         902           Hight-of-use assets         5(a)         13,536         13,740         1,187         389           Investment properties         6         51,293         51,373         28,400         28,400           Intrangible assets         7         1,344         7         100,748         141,000           GoodWill on business combinations         9         30,867         26,911         -         -           Deferred tax assets         10         1,225         -         -         -         -           Tax recoverable         143         2227         -         -         -         -           Investments         416,700         285,996         142,690         49,095         -         -           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         70,992         82,449         -         -         -           At amortide cost ("AC")         12(a)         77,70         12,328         29         15           Invastmence assets         14         62,873         77,52         -		Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
Property, plant and equipment         4         15,868         9,931         661         902           Right-of-use assets         5(a)         13,740         1,187         389           Investment properties         6         51,233         51,373         28,480         28,480           Intangible assets         7         1,344         786         10         51           Subsidiaries         8         -         -         100,748         141,000           Goodwill on business combinations         9         30,887         2,6911         -         -           Associates         10         1,225         -         -         -         -         -           Deferred tax assets         11         4,583         2,261         -         -         -           Investments         416,700         285,996         142,690         49,095         44,161         -         -         -           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         76,992         82,449         -         -         -           At fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")         12(b)         76,992         82,449         -         -         -           At amotised cost			RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Hight-of-use assets         5(a)         13,536         13,740         1,187         389           Investment properties         6         51,293         51,373         28,480         28,480           Intangible assets         7         1,344         786         10         51           Subsidiaries         8         -         -         100,748         141,000           Godwill on business combinations         9         30,887         26,911         -         -           Associates         10         1,225         -         -         -         -           Deferred tax assets         11         4,583         2,261         -         -         -           Investments         143         227         -         -         -         -           Investments         141,700         285,996         142,690         49,095         41,670         28,249         -	ASSETS					
Investment properties         6         51,293         51,373         28,480         28,480           Intangible assets         7         1,344         786         10         51           Subsidiaries         8         -         -         100,748         141,000           Goodwill on business combinations         9         30,887         26,911         -         -           Associates         10         1,225         -         -         -         -           Deferred tax assets         11         4,583         2,261         -         -         -           Investments         143         227         -         -         -         -         -           Investments         416,700         285,996         142,690         49,095         -         -           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         202,377         95,328         142,690         49,095           At fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")         12(a)         76,992         82,449         -         -           Loans and receivables         13         27,720         12,328         29         15           Insurance assets         14         62,873	Property, plant and equipment	4	15,868	9,931	661	902
Intangible assets         7         1,344         786         10         51           Subsidiaries         8         -         -         100,748         141,000           Goodwill on business combinations         9         30,887         26,911         -         -           Associates         10         1,225         -         -         -         -           Deferred tax assets         11         4,583         2,261         -         -         -           Tax recoverable         143         227         -         -         -         -           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         202,377         95,328         142,690         49,095           At fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")         12(a)         7,720         12,328         29         15           Reinsurance assets         14         62,873         77,752         -         -         -           Insurance receivables         15         60,194         56,693         -         -         -           Insurance assets         14         62,873         77,752         -         -         -         -           Insurance receivables         17	Right-of-use assets	5(a)	13,536	13,740	1,187	389
Subsidiaries         8         -         -         100,748         141,000           Goodwill on business combinations         9         30,887         26,911         -         -           Associates         10         1,225         -         -         -         -           Deferred tax assets         11         4,583         2,261         -         -         -           Tax recoverable         143         227         -         -         -         -         -           Investments         416,700         285,996         142,690         49,095         49,095         - <td< td=""><td>Investment properties</td><td>6</td><td>51,293</td><td>51,373</td><td>28,480</td><td>28,480</td></td<>	Investment properties	6	51,293	51,373	28,480	28,480
Goodwill on business combinations         9         30,887         26,911         -         -           Associates         10         1,225         -         -         -         -           Deferred tax assets         11         4,583         2,261         -         -         -           Tax recoverable         143         227         -         -         -         -           Investments         416,700         285,996         142,690         49,095         -         -           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         202,377         95,328         142,690         49,095           At fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")         12(b)         76,992         82,449         -         -           Loans and receivables         13         27,720         12,328         29         15           Reinsurance assets         14         62,873         77,552         -         -           Insurance receivables         15         60,194         56,693         -         -           Deferred acquisition costs         16         21,085         144,726         73,713         14,979           Cash and cash equivalents         18         110,46	Intangible assets	7	1,344	786	10	51
Associates         10         1,225         -         -         -           Deferred tax assets         11         4,583         2,261         -         -           Tax recoverable         143         227         -         -         -           Investments         416,700         285,996         142,690         49,095           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         202,377         95,328         142,690         49,095           At fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")         12(b)         76,992         82,449         -         -         -           Loans and receivables         13         27,720         12,328         29         15           Reinsurance assets         14         62,673         77,552         -         -           Insurance receivables         15         60,194         56,693         -         -           Insurance receivables         17         62,617         34,726         73,713         14,979           Cash and cash equivalents         18         110,463         247,245         50,401         158,457           EQUITY AND LIABILITIES           Sanac capital         19         304,354 <td>Subsidiaries</td> <td>8</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>100,748</td> <td>141,000</td>	Subsidiaries	8	-	-	100,748	141,000
Deferred tax assets         11         4,583         2,261         -         -           Tax recoverable         143         227         -         -           Investments         416,700         285,996         142,690         49,095           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         202,377         95,328         142,690         49,095           At fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")         12(b)         76,992         82,449         -         -         -           At amortised cost ("AC")         12(c)         137,331         108,219         -         <	Goodwill on business combinations	9	30,887	26,911	-	-
Tax recoverable         143         227         -         -           Investments         416,700         285,996         142,690         49,095           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         202,377         95,328         142,690         49,095           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         202,377         95,328         142,690         49,095           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         202,377         95,328         142,690         49,095           At mortised cost ("AC")         12(b)         76,992         82,449         -         -         -           Loans and receivables         13         27,720         12,328         29         15           Reinsurance assets         14         62,873         77,552         -         -           Insurance receivables         15         60,194         56,693         -         -           Trade and other receivables         17         62,617         34,726         73,713         14,979           Cash and cash equivalents         18         110,463         247,245         50,401         158,457           EQUITY         And Sastiff         304,354         304,354	Associates	10	1,225	-	-	-
Investments         416,700         285,996         142,690         49,095           At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")         12(a)         202,377         95,328         142,690         49,095           At fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")         12(b)         76,992         82,449         -         -           At amortised cost ("AC")         12(c)         137,331         108,219         -         -           Loans and receivables         13         27,720         12,328         29         15           Reinsurance assets         14         62,873         77,552         -         -           Insurance receivables         15         60,194         56,693         -         -           Insurance receivables         17         62,617         34,726         73,713         14,979           Cash and cash equivalents         18         110,463         247,245         50,401         158,457           EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         880,531         839,204         397,919         393,368           EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         19         304,354         304,354         304,354         304,354           EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         21         237,508         205,168         85	Deferred tax assets	11	4,583	2,261	-	-
At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")       12(a)       202,377       95,328       142,690       49,095         At fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")       12(b)       76,992       82,449       -       -         At mortised cost ("AC")       12(c)       137,331       108,219       -       -       -         Loans and receivables       13       27,720       12,328       29       15         Reinsurance assets       14       62,873       77,552       -       -         Insurance receivables       15       60,194       56,693       -       -         Deferred acquisition costs       16       21,085       19,435       -       -         Trade and other receivables       17       62,617       34,726       73,713       14,979         Cash and cash equivalents       18       110,463       247,245       50,401       158,457         TOTAL ASSETS         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         EQUITY ATTIBUTABLE TO OWNERS         6 FTHE COMPANY       533,007       505,041       389,587       389,776         Non-controll	Tax recoverable		143	227	-	-
At fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")       12(b)       76,992       82,449       -       -         At amortised cost ("AC")       12(c)       137,331       108,219       -       -         Loans and receivables       13       27,720       12,228       29       15         Reinsurance assets       14       62,873       77,552       -       -         Insurance receivables       15       60,194       56,693       -       -         Deferred acquisition costs       16       21,085       19,435       -       -         Trade and other receivables       17       62,617       34,726       73,713       14,979         Cash and cash equivalents       18       110,463       247,245       50,401       158,457         TOTAL ASSETS         Base,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         EQUITY         Share capital       19       304,354       304,354       304,354       304,354         Reserves       21       (8,855)       (4,481)       -       -         TOTAL ASSETS       533,007       505,041	Investments		416,700	285,996	142,690	49,095
income ("FVOCI")         12(b)         76,992         82,449         -         -           At amortised cost ("AC")         12(c)         137,331         108,219         -         -           Loans and receivables         13         27,720         12,328         29         15           Reinsurance assets         14         62,873         77,552         -         -           Insurance receivables         15         60,194         56,693         -         -           Deferred acquisition costs         16         21,085         19,435         -         -           Trade and other receivables         17         62,617         34,726         73,713         14,979           Cash and cash equivalents         18         110,463         247,245         50,401         158,457           TOTAL ASSETS         880,531         839,204         397,919         393,368           EQUITY AND LIABILITIES           EQUITY           Share capital         19         304,354         304,354         304,354           Retained earnings         21         (8,855)         (4,481)         -         -            21         (8,855) <td>At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")</td> <td>12(a)</td> <td>202,377</td> <td>95,328</td> <td>142,690</td> <td>49,095</td>	At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	12(a)	202,377	95,328	142,690	49,095
At amortised cost ("AC")       12(c)       137,331       108,219       -       -       -         Loans and receivables       13       27,720       12,328       29       15         Reinsurance assets       14       62,873       77,552       -       -         Insurance receivables       15       60,194       56,693       -       -         Deferred acquisition costs       16       21,085       19,435       -       -         Trade and other receivables       17       62,617       34,726       73,713       14,979         Cash and cash equivalents       18       110,463       247,245       50,401       158,457         TOTAL ASSETS       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         EQUITY       Share capital       19       304,354       304,354       304,354       304,354         Retained earnings       21       (8,855)       (4,481)       -       -         TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS       533,007       505,041       389,587       389,776         Non-controlling interests ("NCI")       8       (3,989)       3,414 <td< td=""><td></td><td>12(b)</td><td>76,992</td><td>82,449</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>		12(b)	76,992	82,449	-	-
Loans and receivables       13       27,720       12,328       29       15         Reinsurance assets       14       62,873       77,552       -       -         Insurance receivables       15       60,194       56,693       -       -         Deferred acquisition costs       16       21,085       19,435       -       -         Trade and other receivables       17       62,617       34,726       73,713       14,979         Cash and cash equivalents       18       110,463       247,245       50,401       158,457         TOTAL ASSETS       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         EQUITY       19       304,354       304,354       304,354       304,354         Retained earnings       21       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Reserves       21       (8,855)       (4,481)       -       -         TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS       533,007       505,041       389,587       389,776         Non-controlling interests ("NCI")       8       (3,989)       3,414       -       -					-	-
Reinsurance assets       14       62,873       77,552       -       -         Insurance receivables       15       60,194       56,693       -       -         Deferred acquisition costs       16       21,085       19,435       -       -         Trade and other receivables       17       62,617       34,726       73,713       14,979         Cash and cash equivalents       18       110,463       247,245       50,401       158,457         TOTAL ASSETS       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         Feauity       19       304,354       304,354       304,354       304,354         Retained earnings       21       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Reserves       21       (8,855)       (4,481)       -       -         TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS       533,007       505,041       389,587       389,776         Non-controlling interests ("NCI")       8       (3,989)       3,414       -       -			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		29	15
Insurance receivables       15       60,194       56,693       -       -         Deferred acquisition costs       16       21,085       19,435       -       -         Trade and other receivables       17       62,617       34,726       73,713       14,979         Cash and cash equivalents       18       110,463       247,245       50,401       158,457         TOTAL ASSETS       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         Fequity       19       304,354       304,354       304,354       304,354         Retained earnings       21       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Reserves       21       (8,855)       (4,481)       -       -         TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS       533,007       505,041       389,587       389,776         Non-controlling interests ("NCI")       8       (3,989)       3,414       -       -	Reinsurance assets		-		-	-
Deferred acquisition costs         16         21,085         19,435         -         -           Trade and other receivables         17         62,617         34,726         73,713         14,979           Cash and cash equivalents         18         110,463         247,245         50,401         158,457           TOTAL ASSETS         880,531         839,204         397,919         393,368           EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         50         90         304,354         304,355	Insurance receivables	15			-	-
Trade and other receivables       17       62,617       34,726       73,713       14,979         Cash and cash equivalents       18       110,463       247,245       50,401       158,457         TOTAL ASSETS       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         EQUITY       Share capital       19       304,354       304,354       304,354       304,354       304,354         Retained earnings       21       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Reserves       21       68,855       (4,481)       -       -         TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY       8       (3,989)       3,414       -       -	Deferred acquisition costs	16	-		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents       18       110,463       247,245       50,401       158,457         TOTAL ASSETS       880,531       839,204       397,919       393,368         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       EQUITY       Share capital Retained earnings       19       304,354		17			73,713	14,979
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES           EQUITY           Share capital         19         304,354         304,354         304,354         304,354           Retained earnings         21         237,508         205,168         85,233         85,422           Reserves         21         (8,855)         (4,481)         -         -           TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY         533,007         505,041         389,587         389,776           Non-controlling interests ("NCI")         8         (3,989)         3,414         -         -	Cash and cash equivalents	18				
EQUITY         Share capital       19       304,354       304,354       304,354         Retained earnings       21       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Reserves       21       (8,855)       (4,481)       -       -         TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY       533,007       505,041       389,587       389,776         Non-controlling interests ("NCI")       8       (3,989)       3,414       -       -	TOTAL ASSETS	_	880,531	839,204	397,919	393,368
Share capital       19       304,354       304,354       304,354       304,354         Retained earnings       21       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Reserves       21       (8,855)       (4,481)       -       -         TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY       533,007       505,041       389,587       389,776         Non-controlling interests ("NCI")       8       (3,989)       3,414       -       -	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Retained earnings       21       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Reserves       21       (8,855)       (4,481)       -       -         TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY       533,007       505,041       389,587       389,776         Non-controlling interests ("NCI")       8       (3,989)       3,414       -       -	EQUITY					
Reserves         21         (8,855)         (4,481)         -         -           TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY         533,007         505,041         389,587         389,776           Non-controlling interests ("NCI")         8         (3,989)         3,414         -         -	Share capital	19	304,354	304,354	304,354	304,354
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY         533,007         505,041         389,587         389,776           Non-controlling interests ("NCI")         8         (3,989)         3,414         -         -	Retained earnings	21	237,508	205,168	85,233	85,422
OF THE COMPANY         533,007         505,041         389,587         389,776           Non-controlling interests ("NCI")         8         (3,989)         3,414         -         -	Reserves	21	(8,855)	(4,481)	-	-
		s _	533,007	505,041	389,587	389,776
TOTAL EQUITY         529,018         508,455         389,587         389,776	Non-controlling interests ("NCI")	8	(3,989)	3,414	-	-
	TOTAL EQUITY	_	529,018	508,455	389,587	389,776

#### STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

			GROUP		COMPANY
			(Restated)		
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
LIABILITIES					
Insurance contract liabilities	22	200,515	216,589	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	11	690	831	62	95
Lease liabilities	5(b)	14,133	13,718	1,183	402
Insurance payables	23	20,555	22,676	-	-
Deferred reinsurance commissions	16	2,062	908	-	-
Trade and other payables	24	110,707	74,414	5,737	3,095
Retirement benefit liability	25	1,219	1,358	-	-
Current tax liabilities		1,632	255	1,350	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	351,513	330,749	8,332	3,592
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	880,531	839,204	397,919	393,368

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

			GROUP		COMPANY
			(Restated)		
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Gross earned premiums	26	158,298	166,121	_	-
Premiums ceded to reinsurers	26	(50,501)	(59,193)	-	_
Net earned premiums		107,797	106,928	-	-
Investment income	27	4,256	4,408	1,784	992
Interest income	28	18,105	16,135	4,605	6,619
Realised gains and losses	29	7,351	3,198	3,974	776
Fair value gains and losses	30	22,002	(398)	20,066	5,355
Commission income	16	2,557	2,284	_	-
Other operating revenue from non-insurance				000	500
businesses	31	31,184	7,514	386	560
Other operating income/(expenses) - net	32	7,876	112	(5,308)	(22,217)
Other revenue/(expenses)		93,331	33,253	25,507	(7,915)
Total revenue/(expenses)		201,128	140,181	25,507	(7,915)
Gross claims paid		(58,670)	(54,430)	-	-
Claims ceded to reinsurers		19,274	14,318	-	-
Gross change to contract liabilities		23,990	(54,282)	-	-
Change in contract liabilities ceded to reinsurers		(22,163)	35,800	-	-
Net claims incurred		(37,569)	(58,594)	-	-
Commission expenses	16	(38,602)	(40,554)	-	-
Management expenses	33	(79,283)	(53,523)	(16,448)	(18,233)
Finance costs	34	(729)	(263)	(16)	(45)
Other expenses		(118,614)	(94,340)	(16,464)	(18,278)
Share of loss of associates, net of tax	10	(44)	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) before taxation		44,901	(12,753)	9,043	(26,193)
Taxation	35	(5,840)	(1,737)	(2,217)	27
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	_	39,061	(14,490)	6,826	(26,166)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year attributable to:					
- Owners of the Company		39,789	(14,445)	6,826	(26,166)
- NCI		(728)	(45)	-	-
		39,061	(14,490)	6,826	(26,166)
Basic/diluted earning/(loss) per ordinary share attributable to owners of the Company (sen)	•	14.82	(5.28)		
attinuatione to officio of the oofficially (Sell)		17.02	(0.20)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

064

# STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

			GROUP		COMPANY
			(Restated)		
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		39,061	(14,490)	6,826	(26,166)
Other comprehensive income/(loss):					
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:					
Foreign currency translation differences	21	(5,318)	1,413	-	-
Net fair value gains on debt securities at FVOCI	21	1,535	4,758	-	-
		(3,783)	6,171	-	
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:					
Net fair value (losses)/gains on equity securities at FVOCI	21	(591)	534	-	-
Remeasurements loss on retirement benefit plan	25	(434)	(732)	-	-
		(1,025)	(198)		
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the financial year, net of tax	_	(4,808)	5,973	-	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year	_	34,253	(8,517)	6,826	(26,166)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year attributable to:					
- Owners of the Company		34,981	(8,472)	6,826	(26,166)
- NCI		(728)	(45)	-	-
		34,253	(8,517)	6,826	(26,166)

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Com	
of the	
owners of	
Attributable to	

					Attr	ibutable to c	Attributable to owners of the Company	Company		
		Issued and fully paid ordinary shares	ed and fully paid ordinary shares	Treasu	Treasury shares					
	Note	Number of shares	Share capital	Number of shares		Retained earnings	Reserves	Total	NCI	Total equity
	•	000,	RM'000	000,	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2020 - as previously stated		273,307	304,354	ı	ı	188,396	(4,481)	488,269	3,414	491,683
- prior years' adjustments	48	I	'	'	ı	16,772	ı	16,772	I	16,772
- restated	•	273,307	304,354	I		205,168	(4,481)	505,041	3,414	508,455
Profit for the financial year	21	ı	1	I	ı	39,789	I	39,789	(728)	39,061
Other comprehensive loss for the financial year	21				1	(434)	(4,374)	(4,808)		(4,808)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year		ı	ı		ı	39,355	(4,374)	34,981	(728)	34,253
Share buy-back	20	ı	I	(9,574)	(7,015)	I	ı	(7,015)	ı	(7,015)
Cancellation of treasury shares	20	(9,574)	ı	9,574	7,015	(7,015)	I	ı	ı	
Acquisition of subsidiaries	38(a)	ı		ı	'	ı			(6,675)	(6,675)
At 31 December 2020	•	263,733	304,354	1		237,508	(8,855)	533,007	(3,989)	529,018

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

(continued)

ROUI					Att	ributable to o	Attributable to owners of the Company	Company		
P BERHA	I	Issued and ordina	ssued and fully paid ordinary shares	Treas	Treasury shares					
D	Note	Number of shares	Share capital	Number of shares		Retained earnings	Reserves	Total	NCI	Total equity
	I	000,	RM'000	000,	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2019		273,518	304,354	I	I	236,931	(11,186)	530,099	3,419	533,518
Loss for the financial year	21									
- as previously stated		ı	ı	ı	ı	(31,217)	I	(31,217)	(45)	(31,262)
- prior years' adjustments	48	I	I		I	16,772	I	16,772		16,772
- restated		I	I	ı	I	(14,445)	ı	(14,445)	(45)	(14,490)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the financial year	21	I	I	I	I	(732)	6,705	5,973	I	5,973
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the financial year		I		I	I	(15,177)	6,705	(8,472)	(45)	(8,517)
Share buy-back	20	I	I	(211)	(175)	ı	ı	(175)	ı	(175)
Cancellation of treasury shares	20	(211)	I	211	175	(175)	I	ı	ı	ı
Interim dividends paid	36	I	I	ı	I	(16,411)	I	(16,411)	ı	(16,411)
Transactions with NCI	38(c)	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I	40	40
At 31 December 2019		273,307	304,354	1	1	205,168	(4,481)	505,041	3,414	508,455

# The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GROUP

#### STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

#### COMPANY

		Non-di	stributable		D	istributable	
	-		d fully paid ary shares	Treas	sury shares		
	Note	Number of shares	Share capital	Number of shares		Retained earnings	Total equity
		<b>'000</b> '	RM'000	<b>'000</b> '	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2020		273,307	304,354	-	-	85,422	389,776
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	21	-	-	-	-	6,826	6,826
Share buy-back	20	-	-	(9,574)	(7,015)	-	(7,015)
Cancellation of treasury shares	20	(9,574)	-	9,574	7,015	(7,015)	-
At 31 December 2020		263,733	304,354	-	-	85,233	389,587
At 1 January 2019		273,518	304,354	-	-	128,174	432,528
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year	21	-	-	-	-	(26,166)	(26,166)
Share buy-back	20	-	-	(211)	(175)	-	(175)
Cancellation of treasury shares	20	(211)	-	211	175	(175)	-
Interim dividends paid	36	-	-	-	-	(16,411)	(16,411)
At 31 December 2019		273,307	304,354	-	-	85,422	389,776

068

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

			GROUP
			(Restated)
	Note	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		39,061	(14,490)
Adjustment for:			
Investment income	27	(4,256)	(4,408)
Interest income	28	(18,105)	(16,135)
Realised gains and losses	29	(7,351)	(3,198)
Fair value gains and losses	30	(22,002)	398
Property, plant and equipment written off	32	1	1,036
Allowance for impairment loss on investments at AC	32	274	403
(Write back of)/allowance for impairment loss on investments at FVOCI Allowance for impairment loss on loans from money lending, hire purchase and oth	32 er	(13)	5
credit facilities	32	392	506
(Write back of)/allowance on amounts due from associates	32	(89)	2,998
Allowance for impairment loss on fixed and call deposits	32	1	-
Allowance for/(write back of) impairment loss on cash and cash equivalents	32	23	(31)
Realised foreign exchange (gains)/losses	32	(8,950)	127
Unrealised foreign exchange losses	32	2,205	1,799
Provision for Zurich's claims	32	-	5,127
Allowance for impairment loss on goodwill acquired	32	3,785	4,996
Other income arising from the excess purchase consideration	32	(3,500)	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	33	3,138	2,242
Amortisation of leasehold land	33	1	_,
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	33	8,565	3,500
Amortisation of intangible assets	33	179	83
Allowance for impairment loss on trade and factoring receivables	33	206	385
Allowance for/(write back of) impairment loss on insurance receivables	33	554	(734)
Finance costs	34	729	263
Share of loss of associates	10	44	- 200
Tax expense	35	5,840	1,737
Operating profit/(loss) before changes in working capital		732	(13,390)
Changes in working capital: Acquisition of investment properties from claims recovery	6	_	(4,829)
Increase in loans and receivables	0	- (15,804)	(4,829) (1,004)
Decrease/(increase) in reinsurance assets		14,679	(37,529)
Increase in insurance receivables		(4,062)	(8,410)
Increase in deferred acquisition costs		(1,650)	(1,988)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables		(23,428)	67,088
(Decrease)/increase in insurance contract liabilities		(16,074)	67,356
(Decrease)/increase in insurance payables		(10,074) (2,121)	9,096
Increase in deferred reinsurance commission		1,154	3,030 75
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		12,651	(3,030)
Cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(33,923)	73,435
			(4.004)
Income tax paid Income tax refund		(7,688) 210	(4,221) 20
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(41,401)	69,234
		•	

#### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

	Note	GROUP (Restated)	
		2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000
INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	4	(6,201)	(3,400)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		69	423
Additions from subsequent expenditure of investment properties	6	(24)	(470)
Purchase of intangible assets	7	(354)	(170)
Purchases of investments	12	(844,646)	(208,357)
Proceeds from disposal of investments		753,307	174,685
Investment in an associate	10	(1,250)	-
Increase in fixed and call deposits		(7)	(7,304)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from business combinations	38	3,248	(26,316)
Proceed from the excess purchase consideration		3,500	-
Interest income received		13,046	15,967
Dividend income received		3,977	4,141
Rental income received	6	149	267
Net cash used in investing activities		(75,186)	(50,534)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of treasury shares	20	(7,015)	(175)
Dividends paid	36	-	(16,411)
Repayment of lease liabilities	5(b)	(8,126)	(3,183)
Lease interest paid	5(b)	(674)	(257)
Hire purchase interest paid	34	(3)	(6)
Other interest paid	34	(52)	-
Net cash used in financing activities		(15,870)	(20,032)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(132,457)	(1,332)
Currency translation differences		(4,325)	(2,555)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		247,245	251,132
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	18	110,463	247,245

070

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

			COMPANY
	Note	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		6,826	(26,166)
Investment income	27	(1,784)	(992)
Interest income	28	(4,605)	(6,619)
Realised gains and losses	29	(3,974)	(776)
Fair value gains and losses	30	(20,066)	(5,355)
Property, plant and equipment written off	32	1	14
Allowance for impairment loss on investments in subsidiaries	32	-	16,510
Allowance for impairment loss on amounts due from subsidiaries	32	1,229	295
Realised foreign exchange losses	32	1,827	120
Unrealised foreign exchange losses	32	2,257	183
Provision for Zurich's claims	32	-	5,127
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	33	302	294
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	33	423	424
Amortisation of intangible assets	33	44	44
Lease interest	34	16	45
Tax expense/(income)	35	2,217	(27)
Operating loss before changes in working capital		(15,287)	(16,879)
Changes in working capital:			
Increase in loans and receivables		(14)	-
Increase in trade and other receivables		(7,018)	(625)
Retained Consideration from the disposal of MAA Takaful received		-	88,623
Increase in trade and other payables		2,642	44
Cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(19,677)	71,163
Interest income received		3,612	6,619
Dividend income received		1,626	992
Rental income received		158	-
Income tax paid		(900)	(7)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(15,181)	78,767

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

			COMPANY
	Note	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000
INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	4	(64)	(416)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		1	284
Addition from subsequent expenditure of investment properties	6	(13)	(429)
Purchase of intangible assets	7	(3)	(2)
Increase in investment in a subsidiary		(4,522)	(48,510)
Purchase of investments	12	(285,951)	(39,826)
Proceeds from disposal of investments		213,817	37,204
Advances from subsidiary		45,524	-
Increase in amounts due from subsidiaries		(54,193)	(13,800)
Net cash used in investing activities		(85,404)	(65,495)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of treasury shares	20	(7,015)	(175)
Dividends paid	36	-	(16,411)
Repayment of lease liabilities	5(b)	(440)	(411)
Lease interest paid	5(b)	(16)	(45)
Net cash used in financing activities		(7,471)	(17,042)
Net decrease increase in cash and cash equivalents		(108,056)	(3,770)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		158,457	162,227
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	18	50,401	158,457

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020

### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Board of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding and providing management services, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are stated in Note 8 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries during the financial year, other than the significant events disclosed in Note 49 to the financial statements.

The registered office and principal place of business of the Company are as follows:

Registered office

Suite 11.05, 11th Floor No.566, Jalan Ipoh 51200 Kuala Lumpur

Principal place of business

13th Floor, No. 566 Jalan Ipoh 51200 Kuala Lumpur

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 15 April 2021.

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

### (a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The following are accounting standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that have been issued by Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2020 and adopted by the Group and the Company:

### MFRSs, interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020

- The Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (Revised 2018)
- Amendments to MFRS 3 'Business Combinations' Definition of a Business
- Amendments to MFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', MFRS 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and MFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' Interest Rate Benchmark Reform
- Amendments to MFRS 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and MFRS 108 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' – *Definition of Material*

The adoption of the standards and amendments to standards listed above did not result in significant changes in the accounting policies of the Group and the Company and did not have any significant financial impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

The following are accounting standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that have been issued by MASB but not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group and the Company:

### MFRSs, interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020

Amendments to MFRS 16 'Leases' – COVID-19 – Related Rent Concessions

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

### (a) Statement of compliance (continued)

The following are accounting standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that have been issued by MASB but not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group and the Company (continued):

### MFRSs, interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

- Amendments to MFRS 116 'Proceeds before intended use' prohibit
- Amendments to MFRS 3 'Reference to Conceptual Framework'
- Amendments to MFRS 137 'onerous contracts cost of fulfilling a contract'
- Annual Improvement to MFRSs 2018 2022 Cycle
  - o MFRS 1 'First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards'
  - o MFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'
  - o Illustrative Examples accompanying MFRS 16 'Leases'
  - o MFRS 141 'Agriculture'

### MFRSs, interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

- Amendments to MFRS 101 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'
- MFRS 17 'Insurance Contract'

# MFRSs, interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date yet to be confirmed

 Amendments to MFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' and MFRS 128 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The initial application of the abovementioned standards and amendments to standards and interpretations are not expected to have any material financial impact to the current period and prior period financial statements of the Group and the Company except as mentioned below:

### MFRS 17 'Insurance Contracts'

MFRS 17 replaces the guidance in MFRS 4, Insurance Contracts.

MFRS 17 applies to insurance contracts issued, to all reinsurance contracts and to investment contracts with discretionary participating features if an entity also issues insurance contracts. For fixed fee service contracts whose primary purpose is the provision of services, an entity has an accounting policy choice to account for them in accordance with either MFRS 17 or MFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'. An entity is allowed to account financial guarantee contracts in accordance with MFRS 17 if the entity has asserted explicitly that it regarded them as insurance contracts. Insurance contracts, (other than reinsurance) where the entity is the policyholder are not within the scope of MFRS 17. Embedded derivatives and distinct investment and service components should be 'unbundled' and accounted for separately in accordance with the related MFRSs. Voluntary unbundling of other components is prohibited.

MFRS 17 requires a current measurement model where estimates are remeasured at each reporting period. The measurement is based on the building blocks of discounted, probability weighted cash flows, a risk adjustment and a contractual service margin ("CSM") representing the unearned profit of the contract. An entity has a policy choice to recognise the impact of changes in discount rates and other assumptions that related to financial risks either in profit or loss or in other comprehensive income.

Alternative measurement models are provided for the different insurance coverage:

- a) Simplified Premium Allocation Approach if the insurance coverage period is a year or less;
- b) Variable Fee Approach should be applied for insurance contracts that specify a link between payments to the policyholder and the returns on the underlying items

### 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

### (a) Statement of compliance (continued)

### MFRS 17 'Insurance Contracts' (continued)

The requirements of MFRS 17 align the presentation of revenue with other industries. Revenue is allocated to the periods in proportion to the value of the expected coverage and other services that the insurer provides in the period, and claims are presented when incurred. Investment components are excluded from revenue and claims. Insurers are required to disclose information about amounts, judgements and risks arising from insurance contracts.

The Group is currently assessing the financial impact that may arise from the adoption of MFRS 17.

### (b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

### (c) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in RM and has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

### (d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial period. It also requires Directors to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements.

### 2.2 Basis of consolidation

### (a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement and fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interests ("NCI") in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the NCI's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any NCI in the acquiree and the acquisition date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets is recognised as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, NCI recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

### 2.2 Basis of consolidation (continued)

### (a) Subsidiaries (continued)

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date, any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with MFRS 9 in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

NCI in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of financial position respectively.

### (b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with NCI that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling interest and NCI to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to NCI and any consideration paid or received is recognised in equity attributable to owners of the Group.

### (c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to consolidate a subsidiary because of a loss of control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purpose of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Gains or losses on the disposal of subsidiaries include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the subsidiaries sold.

### (d) Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost, and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of post-acquisition profits or losses of the associate in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the associate in other comprehensive income.

Dividends received or receivable from an associate are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

### **2.2 Basis of consolidation** (continued)

### (d) Associates (continued)

The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group recognised the amount of impairment loss as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and presents the impairment loss adjacent to 'share of profit or loss of an associate' in profit or loss.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

When the Group ceases to equity account its associate because of a loss of significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as a financial asset. In addition, any amount previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of the entity is accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

Dilution gains and losses arising in investment in associates are recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.3 Investments in subsidiaries and associates in separate financial statements

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount (see accounting policy in Note 2.9 to the financial statements on impairment of non-financial assets). The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

On disposal of investments in subsidiaries and associates, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments are recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.4 Property, plant and equipment

### (a) Cost

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Freehold land is subsequently shown at fair value. Valuations are performed with sufficient regularity to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset. All other property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment initially recognised includes its purchase price and any cost that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Cost also includes borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset (see accounting policy in Note 2.20 to the financial statements on borrowings).

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised as expenses in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

### 2.4 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

### (b) Depreciation and residual value

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method to allocate the cost or the revalued amounts to their residual values over their estimated useful lives.

Leasehold land is amortised in equal instalments over the period of their respective leases or earlier if the expected useful life is lower than the leasehold period.

The annual depreciation rates are as follows:

Leasehold land	Over the remaining leasehold period
Furniture, fittings and equipment	10% - 20%
Motor vehicles	10% - 20%
Renovation	10% - 20%
Office buildings	20 years

Residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting date.

### (c) Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Group and the Company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exist, an analysis is performed to assess whether the carrying amount of the asset is fully recoverable. A write down is made if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount (see accounting policy in Note 2.9 to the financial statements on impairment of non-financial assets).

### (d) Gains and losses on disposals

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing sale proceeds with carrying amount and are included in profit or loss.

### (e) Revaluation surplus reserve

Increases in the carrying amounts arising from revaluation of land is recognised, net of tax, in other comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in shareholders' equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognised in profit or loss, the increase is first recognised in profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset in the revaluation surplus reserve; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost, net of tax, is reclassified from revaluation surplus reserve to retained earnings.

When revalued assets are sold, the revaluation surplus included in equity is transferred directly to retained earnings when the asset is retired or disposed of.

### 2.5 Investment properties

Investment properties, comprising principally of land and buildings, are held for long term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and are not occupied by the Group and the Company.

Investment property is measured initially at costs, including professional fees for legal services, property transfer taxes, other transaction costs and borrowing costs if the investment property meets the definition of a qualifying asset.

After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group and the Company uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. The fair values of investment properties are reviewed annually through formal valuations by independent professional valuers who hold recognised and relevant professional qualifications and have recent experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued.

### 2.5 Investment properties (continued)

The fair value of investment property reflects, among other things, rental income from current leases and other assumptions that market participants would make when pricing the property under market conditions.

Subsequent expenditure is recognised to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Changes in fair values of investment properties are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits is expected from its disposal.

Where the Group and the Company disposes of a property at fair value in an arm's length transaction, the carrying value immediately prior to the sale is adjusted to the transaction price, and the adjustment is recorded in profit or loss as a net gain/loss from fair value adjustment on investment property.

Gains or losses on disposal are determined by the comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount and are included in profit or loss.

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment, and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for subsequent accounting purposes.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed, any difference arising between the carrying amount and the fair value of such a property at the date of transfer is treated in the same way as a revaluation under MFRS 116 'Property, plant and equipment'. Any resulting increase in the carrying amount of the property is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a previous impairment loss, with any remaining increase credited directly to other comprehensive income in revaluation surplus reserve. Any resulting decrease in the carrying amount of the property is initially charged in other comprehensive income against any previously recognised revaluation surplus reserve, with any remaining decrease charged to profit or loss.

Property located on land that is held under an operating lease is classified as investment property as long as it is held for long term yields and is not occupied by the Group. The initial cost of the property is the lower of the fair value of the property and the present value of the maximum lease payments. The property is carried at fair value after initial recognition.

### 2.6 Intangible assets

### Goodwill

Goodwill arises from a business combination and represents the excess of the aggregate of fair value of consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquire over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the acquisition date. If the fair value of consideration transferred, the amount of non-controlling interest and the fair value of previously held interest in the acquiree are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the acquiree, the resulting gain is recognised in profit or loss.

Goodwill is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

### Computer software

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software.

Costs associated with maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as expenses when incurred. Developments costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the Group and the Company, and that will generate probably future economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognised as intangible assets.

### 2.6 Intangible assets (continued)

### Computer software (continued)

Computer software development costs recognised as assets are amortised from the point at which the asset is ready for use over their estimated useful lives, ranging between 5 to 10 years.

### 2.7 Financial assets

### (a) Classification

The Group and the Company classifies financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss); and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

### (b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Group and the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

### (c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group and the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest ("SPPI").

### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group and the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group and the Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

There are three measurement categories into which the Group and the Company classifies debt instruments:

### (i) <u>Amortised cost ("AC")</u>

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent SPPI are measured at AC. Interest income from these financial assets is included in 'Investment income' using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in 'Realised gains and losses' together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in 'Other operating income/(expenses)' in profit or loss.

### (ii) Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent SPPI, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in 'Realised gains and losses'. Interest income from these financial assets is included in 'Investment Income' using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment losses are presented in 'Other operating income/(expenses)' in profit or loss.

- 2.7 Financial assets (continued)
  - (c) Measurement (continued)

### Debt instruments (continued)

(iii) Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Assets that do not meet the criteria for AC or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. The Group and the Company may also irrevocably designate financial assets at FVTPL if doing so significantly reduces or eliminates a mismatch created by assets and liabilities being measured on different bases. Fair value changes are recognised in profit or loss and presented net within 'Fair value gains and losses' in the period in which it arises.

### Equity instruments

The Group and the Company measures all equity investments at fair value. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group and the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. Where the Group and the Company's management have elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as 'Investment Income' when the Group and the Company's rights to receive payments are established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised in 'Fair value gains and losses' in profit or loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

### Derivative instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instrument that does not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in 'Fair value gains and losses' in profit or loss.

### 2.8 Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses ("ECLs") associated with its debt instruments carried at AC and at FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group and the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contract terms.

ECLs are recognised in three stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For debt instruments at FVOCI, the Group and the Company applies the low credit risk simplification. At end of each reporting period, the Group and the Company evaluates whether the debt instrument is considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making the evaluation, the Group and the Company reassesses the internal credit rating of the debt instrument. In addition, the Group and the Company considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

### 2.8 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

The Group and the Company's debt instruments at FVOCI comprise solely of quoted debt securities that are graded in the top investment category (Very Good and Good) by S&P Global Ratings and, therefore, are considered to be low credit risk investments. It is the Group and the Company's policy to measure ECLs on such instruments on a 12-month basis. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the loss allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. The Group and the Company uses the ratings from S&P Global Ratings to determine whether the debt instruments have significantly increased in credit risk and to estimate ECLs.

For insurance receivables, the General insurance subsidiary applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the General insurance subsidiary does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at end of each reporting period. The General insurance subsidiary has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Group and the Company assesses at the end of each reporting date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. The Group and the Company considers a financial asset is in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group and the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group and the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group and the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

### 2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of impairment at end of each reporting date.

The impairment loss is charged to profit or loss unless it reverses a previous revaluation in which case it is charged to the revaluation surplus. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. In respect of other assets, any subsequent increase in recoverable amount is recognised in profit or loss unless it reverses an impairment loss on a revalued asset in which case it is taken to revaluation surplus reserve.

### 2.10 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy.

### 2.11 Loans

Loans are recognised initially at fair values and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment. The loans are subject to ECL model for impairment assessment.

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contracts and all the cash flows that the Group and the Company expect to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collaterals held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contract terms.

### 2.11 Loans (continued)

ECLs are recognised in three stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that results from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of default (a lifetime ECL).

The assessment of whether credit risk has increased significantly is based on quantitative and qualitative information that include financial evaluation of the creditworthiness of the borrowers, actual or expected changes in the operating results of the borrowers, aging of receivables, defaults and past due amounts, past experience with the borrowers, changes in the value of the collaterals supporting the debt obligations or the quality of third-party guarantees.

Where the collateral is property, the net realisable value for the property is determined by using its fair value based on open market value by independent property valuers, adjusted if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset, while the net realisable value for shares is based on last transacted price. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets, adjusted if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset or discounted cash flow projections.

To measure ECLs, borrowers are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The Group established a provision matrix based on historical credit loss experience of the borrowers, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. In circumstances where there was no historical credit loss experience, the Group used prevailing market non-performing loan data as the proxy for the credit loss experience. Borrowers that are credit-impaired are assessed on individual basis for loss allowance.

Loans and receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a borrower to engage in repayment plan with the Company.

Impairment loss and write off in respect of financial assets carried at amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off and subsequent decrease in impairment loss are recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.12 Insurance receivables

Insurance receivables are recognised on policy inception dates and measured on initial recognition at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the period of coverage. Subsequent to initial recognition, insurance receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Group and the Company applies the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for insurance receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, insurance receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The Group and the Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. In circumstances where there was no historical credit loss experience, the Group and the Company has used prevailing market non-performing loan data as the proxy for the credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Insurance receivables are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

### 2.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Other receivables generally arise from transactions outside the usual operating activities of the Group/Company. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, where they are recognised at fair value plus transaction costs. Other receivables are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs.

### 2.13 Trade and other receivables (continued)

The Group and the Company holds trade and other receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The Group and the Company applies the general approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The Group and the Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the company has used prevailing market non-performing loan data as the proxy for the credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking factors specific to the debtors and the company has used prevailing market non-performing loan data environment.

### 2.14 Loans to subsidiaries

Loans to subsidiaries are recognised initially at fair value. If there is any difference between cash disbursed and fair value on initial recognition, the difference would be accounted as additional investment in the subsidiary as it reflects the substance of the transaction.

Loans to subsidiaries are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less allowance for impairment.

The Group and the Company assesses on forward looking basis of the expected credit loss which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for loans to subsidiaries. Due to lack of historical credit loss experience, the Group and the Company have used prevailing market non-performing loan data as the proxy for the credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking factors specific to the subsidiaries and the economic environment.

### 2.15 Leases

### The Group and the Company as a lessee

Leases are recognised as right-of-use ("ROU") asset and a corresponding liability at the date on which the leased asset is available for use by the Group and the Company (i.e. the commencement date).

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group and the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of properties for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected the practical expedient provided in MFRS 16 not to separate lease and non-lease components. Both components are accounted for as a single lease component and payments for both components are included in the measurement of lease liability.

(a) Lease term

In determining the lease term, the Group and the Company considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not to be terminated).

The Group and the Company reassess the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or change in circumstances that is within the control of the Group and the Company and affects whether the Group and the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option not previously included in the determination of lease term, or not to exercise an option previously included in the determination of lease term. A revision in lease term results in remeasurement of the lease liabilities. See accounting policy below on reassessment of lease liabilities.

(b) ROU assets

ROU assets are initially measured at cost comprising the following:

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentive received;
- Any initial direct costs; and
- Decommissioning or restoration costs.

### 2.15 Leases (continued)

The Group and the Company as a lessee (continued)

(b) ROU assets (continued)

ROU assets that are not investment properties are subsequently measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss (if any). The ROU assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group and the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the ROU asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. In addition, the ROU assets are adjusted for certain remeasurement of the lease liabilities.

(c) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments include the following:

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentive receivable;
- Variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable by the Group and the Company under residual value guarantees;
- The exercise price of a purchase and extension options if the Group and the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group and the Company exercising that option.

Lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group and the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing is used. This is the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the ROU in a similar economic environment with similar term, security and conditions.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The Group and the Company presents the lease liabilities as a separate line item in the statement of financial position. Interest expense on the lease liability is presented within the finance cost in the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) Short term leases and leases of low value assets

Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise office equipment. Payments associated with short-term leases of office equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss.

### 2.16 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purpose.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank balances and fixed and call deposits with financial institutions, with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### 2.17 Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held for sale if their carrying amount will be recoverable principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the sale is considered highly probable. They are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for assets such as deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets and investment properties that are carried at fair value and contractual rights under insurance contracts, which are specifically except from this requirement.

### 2.17 Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write-down of the asset (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset (or disposal group), but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. A gain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the non-current asset (or disposal group) is recognised at the date of derecognition.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale and the assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the statement of financial position. The liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from other liabilities in the statement of financial position.

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately in the statement of profit or loss.

### 2.18 Trade and other payables

Trade payables represent liabilities for good and services provided to the Group and the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities unless the Group and the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

### 2.19 Insurance payables and other financial liabilities

Insurance payables and other financial liabilities are recognised when due and measured on initial recognition at fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Insurance payable and other financial liability are derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially modified terms, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.20 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair values, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the initial recognised amount (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest rate method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is capitalised as prepayment until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

### 2.20 Borrowings (continued)

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

### 2.21 Share capital

### (a) Classification

The Company has issued ordinary shares that are classified as equity.

### (b) Share issue expenses

Incremental costs directly attributed to the issue of the new shares are deducted against equity.

### (c) Dividend distribution

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised as liabilities and deducted from equity when they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Interim dividends are deducted from equity when they are paid.

Dividends for the financial year that are approved after end of the reporting date are dealt with as an event after the date of the statement of financial position.

### 2.22 Treasury shares

When the Company re-purchases its own equity shares as a result of a share buy-back arrangement, the amount of the consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, is recognised in equity as treasury shares until they are cancelled, reissued or disposed of. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares and presented as a deduction from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the sale, reissuance or cancellation of the treasury shares.

Where such treasury shares be reissued by re-sale in the open market, the cost of the treasury shares is reversed from the treasury share account and the realised gain or loss on disposal or reissue, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction cost, is shown as a movement in equity as appropriate.

Where treasury shares are distributed as share dividends, the cost of the treasury shares are applied in the reduction of the share premium reserve or distributable retained earnings or both.

### 2.23 Contingent assets and liabilities

The Group and the Company does not recognise contingent assets and liabilities other than those arising from business combinations, but discloses its existence in the financial statements. A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group and the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation.

A contingent liability also arises in the extremely rare case where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group and the Company. The Group and the Company does not recognise contingent assets but discloses their existence where inflows of economic benefits are probable, but not virtually certain.

### 2.24 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Company has a present obligation, either legal or constructive as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provisions are reviewed at each date of the statement of financial position and adjusted to reflect the management's best estimates. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance costs.

### 2.25 Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker.

The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Group's Executive Committee that makes strategic decisions.

### 2.26 Foreign currencies

### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transactions or valuation when items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss. However, exchange differences are deferred in other comprehensive income when they arose from qualifying cash flow or are attributable to items that form part of the net investment in a foreign operation.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as debt instruments classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at FVTPL are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on assets at fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at FVTPL are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income, are included in other comprehensive income.

### (c) Group companies

The results and financial positions of the Group's entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency of the Group are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

 assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;

### 2.26 Foreign currencies (continued)

### (c) Group companies (continued)

- income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income or separate statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rates on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisitions of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investments in foreign entities are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the separate component of equity are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to NCI and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (that is, reductions in the Group's ownership interest in associates or joint ventures that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange difference is reclassified to profit or loss.

### 2.27 Employee benefits

### Short-term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are accrued in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group and the Company.

### Post-employment benefits

The Group and the Company has post-employment benefit schemes for eligible employees, which are either defined contribution or defined benefit plans.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group and the Company pays fixed contributions or variable contributions as determined yearly, into a separate entity ("a fund") on a mandatory basis, and will have no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior financial years.

A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan. Defined benefit plans define an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

### Defined contribution plans

The Group and the Company's contributions to defined contribution plans, including the Employees' Provident Fund, are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group and the Company has no further payment obligations.

### 2.27 Employee benefits (continued)

### Defined benefit plans

The net defined benefit liability or asset recognised in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plan is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period reduced by the fair value of plan assets (if any), adjusted for any effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling. The asset ceiling is the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plans is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method.

Defined benefit costs comprise the following:

- Service cost
- Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset
- Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability or asset

Service costs which include current service costs, past service costs and gains or losses on non-routine settlements are recognised as expense in profit or loss. Past service costs are recognised when plan amendment or curtailment occurs. These amounts are calculated periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is the change during the period in the net defined benefit liability or asset that arises from the passage of time which is determined by applying the discount rate based on government bonds to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognised as expense or income in profit or loss.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest on defined benefit liability) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Plan assets are assets that are held by a long-term employee benefit fund or qualifying insurance policies. Plan assets are not available to the creditors of the Group nor can they be paid directly to the Group. Fair value of plan assets is based on market price information. When no market price is available, the fair value of plan assets is estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects both the risk associated with the plan assets and the maturity or expected disposal date of those assets (or, if they have no maturity, the expected period until the settlement of the related obligations). If the fair value of the plan assets is higher than the present value of the defined benefit obligation, the measurement of the resulting defined benefit asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The Group's right to be reimbursed of some or all of the expenditure required to settle a defined benefit obligation is recognised as a separate asset at fair value when and only when reimbursement is virtually certain.

### 2.28 Product classification

The General insurance subsidiary issues contracts that transfer insurance risk.

Insurance contracts are those contracts under which the General insurance subsidiary accepts significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholders) by agreeing to compensate the policyholders if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder. As a general guideline, the General insurance subsidiary determines whether it has significant insurance risk, by comparing benefits paid with benefits payable if the insured event did not occur. Insurance contracts can also transfer financial risk. Financial risk is the risk of a possible future change in one or more of a specified interest rate, security price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of price or rate, a credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Once a contract has been classified as an insurance contract, it remains an insurance contract for the remainder of its lifetime, even if the insurance risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and obligations are extinguished or has expired.

### 2.29 Reinsurance

The General insurance subsidiary cedes insurance risk in the normal course of business. Reinsurance assets represent balances due from reinsurance companies. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the outstanding claims provision and are in accordance with the related reinsurance contracts.

Reinsurance assets are reviewed for impairment at end of each reporting date or more frequently when an indication of impairment arises during the reporting year. Impairment occurs when there is objective evidence exists that the General insurance subsidiary may not recover all outstanding amounts under the terms of the contract and when the impact on the amounts that the General insurance subsidiary will receive from the reinsurer can be measured reliably. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Ceded reinsurance arrangements do not relieve the General insurance subsidiary from its obligations to policyholders.

The General insurance subsidiary also assumes reinsurance risk in the normal course of business for insurance contract. Premiums and claims on assumed reinsurance are recognised in profit or loss as income and expenses in the same manner as they would be if the reinsurance were considered direct business, taking into account the product classification of the reinsured business. Reinsurance liabilities represent balances due to reinsurance companies. Amounts payable are estimated in a manner consistent with the related reinsurance contract.

Premiums and claims are presented on a gross basis for both ceded and assumed reinsurance.

Reinsurance assets or liabilities are derecognised when the contractual rights are extinguished or expired or when the contract is transferred to another party.

Reinsurance liabilities represent balances due to reinsurance companies. Amounts payable are estimated in a manner consistent with the associated reinsurance contract.

When the General insurance subsidiary enters into a proportional treaty reinsurance agreement for ceding out its insurance business, the General insurance subsidiary initially recognises a liability at transaction price. Subsequent to initial recognition, the portion of the amount initially recognised as a liability which is presented as 'Insurance payables' in the liabilities section of the statement of financial position will be withheld and recognised as funds held for reinsurers and included as part of the 'Insurance payables' in the liabilities section of the statement of financial position. The amount withheld is generally released after a year. Funds held by ceding companies are accounted for in the same manner.

### 2.30 General insurance underwriting results

The General insurance underwriting results are determined for each class of business after taking into accounts reinsurances, commissions, unearned premium reserves and claims incurred.

### Gross premiums

Gross premiums on insurance contracts comprise the total premiums receivable for the whole period of cover provided by insurance contracts entered into during the accounting period and are recognised on the date on which the policy incepts. Premiums include any adjustments arising in the accounting period for premiums receivable in respect of business written in prior periods. Premiums collected by intermediaries, but not yet received, are assessed based on estimates from past experience and are included in premiums written.

Premiums from insurance contracts are recognised as revenue over the period of the contracts using the 24th method for all classes of business. The portion of the premiums written that relate to the unexpired periods of the policies at end of the reporting period is accounted for as 'Provision for unearned premiums' and presented as part of Insurance contract liabilities in the liabilities section of the statements of financial position.

Premium receivables represent the outstanding balance or premiums due from the insured or policyholders, or those premiums that were collected by agents or brokers on behalf of the General insurance subsidiary.

### 2.30 General insurance underwriting results (continued)

### Reinsurance premiums

Gross reinsurance premiums ceded comprise the total premiums payable for the whole cover provided by insurance contracts entered into in the period and are recognised on the date which the policy incepts. Premiums include any adjustments arising in the accounting period in respect of reinsurance contracts incepting in prior accounting periods.

The related reinsurance premiums ceded that pertain to the unexpired periods at the end of reporting period are accounted for as 'Deferred reinsurance premiums' and shown as part of reinsurance assets presented in the assets section of the statements of financial position.

### Commission income

Commissions earned from insurance contracts are recognised as revenue over the period of the contracts using the 24th method for all classes of business. The portion of the commissions that relate to the unexpired periods of the policies at end of the reporting period is accounted for as 'Deferred reinsurance commissions' and presented in the liabilities section of the statement of financial position.

### Benefits and Claims

Gross benefits and claims consists of benefits and claims paid to policyholders, which includes changes in the valuation of insurance contract liabilities, except for changes in the provision for unearned premiums which are recorded in net earned premiums. It further includes internal and external claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims. Amounts receivable in respect of salvage and subrogation are also considered. General insurance claims are recorded on the basis of notifications received.

### Commission expenses

Commission incurred from insurance contracts are recognised as expense over the period of the contracts using the 24th method for all classes of business. The portion of the commissions that relate to the unexpired periods of the policies at end of the reporting period is accounted for as 'Deferred acquisition costs' and presented in the assets section of the statement of financial position.

### Deferred acquisition costs ("DAC")

Commissions and other acquisition costs incurred during the financial period that vary with and are related to securing new insurance contracts and/or renewing existing insurance contracts, but which relates to subsequent financial periods, are deferred to the extent that they are recoverable out of future revenue margins. All other acquisition costs are recognised as expense when incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these costs are amortised on a straight-line basis using the 24th method over the life of the contract. For policies with policy duration less than one year or more than one year, the DAC considers the actual DAC from the date of valuation to the date of termination of policies. Amortisation is recognised as 'Commission expenses' in profit or loss. The unamortised acquisition costs are shown as 'Deferred acquisition costs' in the assets section of the statement of financial position.

An impairment review is performed at end of each reporting period or more frequently when an indication of impairment arises. The carrying value is written down to the recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. DAC is also considered in the liability adequacy test at each end of the reporting period.

DAC is derecognised when the related contracts are settled or disposed.

### 2.31 Insurance Contact Liabilities

Insurance contract liabilities are recognised when contracts are entered into and premiums are charged.

These liabilities comprise provision for unearned premiums and provision for outstanding claims.

### Provision for unearned premiums ("UPR")

The proportion of written premiums, gross of commission payable to intermediaries, attributable to subsequent periods or to risks that have not yet expired, is deferred as 'Provision for unearned premiums' in the liability section of the statements of financial position. UPR is calculated based on the 24th method for all classes of business, on a gross of reinsurance basis. For policies with policy duration less than one (1) year or more than one (1) year, the UPR shall consider the actual unearned premium from the date of valuation to the date of termination of the policy. 'Gross change in provision for unearned premiums' account is taken to profit or loss in the order that revenue is recognised over the period of risk.

### Claims Provision and Incurred But Not Reported ("IBNR") Losses

These liabilities are based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims incurred but not settled at the end of the reporting period, whether reported or not, together with related claims handling costs and a reduction for the expected value of salvage and other recoveries. Delays can be experienced in the notification and settlement of certain types of claims, therefore the ultimate cost of these cannot be known with certainty at the end of the reporting period. The liability is not discounted for the time value of money and includes provision for claims reported and IBNR. The provision for claim liability is based on the adjusters' report on the individual claims and the provision for IBNR is calculated at the reporting date using a range of standard actuarial claim projection techniques, based on empirical data and current assumptions that may include margin for adverse deviation. No provision for equalisation or catastrophic reserves is recognised. The liability is derecognised when the contract is discharged, cancelled or has expired.

### Liability Adequacy Test

At each end of the reporting period, liability adequacy tests are performed to ensure the adequacy of insurance contract liabilities, net of related DAC. In performing the test, current best estimates of future cash flows, claims handling and policy administration expenses are used. Changes in expected claims that have occurred, but which have not been settled, are reflected by adjusting the liability for claims and future benefits. Any inadequacy is immediately charged to the profit or loss by establishing an unexpired risk provision for losses arising from the liability adequacy tests.

### 2.32 Other revenue recognition

### Interest income

Interest income from fixed and call deposits is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.

Interest income on investments measured at AC and at FVOCI is calculated using the effective interest rate method and recognised as 'Investment Income' in profit or loss.

### Dividend income

Dividend income from financial assets measured at FVTPL and at FVOCI are recognised as 'Investment Income' in profit or loss when the Group's/Company's right to receive payment is established. This applies even if they are paid out of preacquisition profits.

Dividend that clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of an investment is recognised in other comprehensive income if it relates to an investment in equity instruments measured at FVOCI.

### Rental income

Rental income from investment properties are recognised as 'Investment Income' in profit or loss on straight-line basis over the terms of the leases.

### 2.32 Other revenue recognition (continued)

### Other income

Other income consists of:

- (i) Management, consultancy and advisory, educational, factoring and other services fees are recognised as 'Other Operating Revenue from Non-Insurance Businesses' in profit or loss. These incomes are measured based on the considerations specified in contracts with customers in exchange for transferring services to customers. The Group and the Company recognise these incomes when the services specified in the contracts are provided.
- (ii) Interest income from loan is recognised using the effective interest rate method. When a receivable is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the loan and continues unwinding the discount as interest income.

Finance income and interest earned from leasing and hire purchase financing and the provision of loans settled on fixed installment basis are accounted for over the period of the leasing, hire purchase and loan contracts in proportion to the net funds invested, using the effective interest rate method. For term loans with single repayment of principal and interest, the associated interest and finance charges are earned on the monthly rest basis. Overdue interest on late payment is recognised on a receipt basis.

### 2.33 Current and deferred income tax

Tax expense for the financial year comprises current and deferred income tax. The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

### Current tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretations and makes provisions, where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities using an expected value (weighted average probability) approach.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for tax purposes and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised.

### 2.33 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

### Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred and income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Group and the Company presumed investment property measured at fair value will be recovered entirely through sale. Accordingly, deferred tax assets or liabilities arising on such investment property are measured at the tax rate applicable when the Group and the Company sells the property.

### 2.34 Earnings per share ("EPS")

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to owners of the Company by the number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year, excluding treasury shares.

No diluted EPS is disclosed in these financial statements as there are no potential dilutive ordinary shares.

### 3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Directors and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below.

(a) Valuation of insurance contract liabilities

For the General insurance subsidiary, estimates are made for the expected ultimate cost of claims reported and IBNR at the reporting date. It can take a significant period of time before the ultimate claims cost can be established with certainty and for some type of policies, IBNR form the majority of the claims provision. At each reporting date, prior year claims estimates are reassessed for adequacy and changes made are charged to provision.

The ultimate cost of outstanding claims is estimated by using a range of standard actuarial claims projection techniques such as Chain Ladder method and Bornhuetter-Ferguson method based on paid ad reported claims information.

The main assumption underlying these techniques is that the General insurance subsidiary's past claims development experience can be used to project future claims development and hence ultimate claims costs. As such, these methods extrapolate the development of paid and incurred losses, average costs per claim and claim numbers based on the observed development of earlier years and expected loss ratios. Historical claims development is mainly analysed by accident years, but can also be further analysed by significant business lines and claim types. Large claims are usually separately addressed, either by being reserved at the face value of loss adjuster estimates or separately projected in order to reflect their future development. In most cases, no explicit assumptions are made regarding future rates of claims inflation or loss ratios. Instead, the assumptions used are those implicit in the historical claims development data on which the projections are based. Additional qualitative judgement is used to assess the extent to which past trends may not apply in future in order to arrive at the estimated ultimate cost of claims that present the likely outcome from the range of possible outcomes, taking account of all the uncertainties involved.

As at 31 December 2020, the carrying values of provision for outstanding claims and IBNR of the General insurance subsidiary amounted to RM108,474,000 (2019: RM112,433,000) and RM19,158,000 (2019: RM33,157,000) respectively.

### 3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (b) Impairment of insurance receivables

The General insurance subsidiary uses a simplified approach in the calculation of its ECL on its insurance receivables by using a provision matrix that specifies the fixed provision rates. It considers how the current and forward-looking information might affect the customer's historical default rates and consequently, how the information would affect the current expectations and estimates of ECLs.

Historical credit loss rate is computed using the net flow rate of the ageing of receivables based on the number of days it is past due. Whereas, forward looking rate is derived by using forecast information of macroeconomic factors such as GDP and inflation rates through regression analysis.

The assessment of the correlation amongst the historical credit loss rates, forecast economic conditions and ECL is a significant estimate. Thereby, changes in circumstances and forecast on economic conditions will greatly impact the ECL calculation which later on may not be a representation of the customer's actual default in the future.

Insurance receivables of the General insurance subsidiary, net of allowance for impairment losses, amounted to RM60,194,000 (2019: RM56,693,000) as at 31 December 2020.

(c) Estimation of retirement benefit asset/liability

For the General insurance subsidiary, the cost of defined retirement benefit obligation and other post-employment benefits is determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates and future salary increases. Due to the long-term nature of the retirement benefit plan, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

The discount rates used were determined using the market yields of Philippines government bonds with terms consistent with the expected employee benefit payout as at statement of financial position date. Future staff salary increases are based on historical annual merit, market and promotional increase and expected future inflation rates.

The key assumptions in determining the present value of the defined retirement benefit obligation of the General insurance subsidiary is disclosed in Note 25 to the statement of financial statements.

As at 31 December 2020, retirement benefit liability stood at RM1,219,000 (2019: RM1,358,000) with retirement benefit costs of RM673,000 (2019: RM430,000) recognised in statement of profit or loss.

(d) Impairment assessment on goodwill arising from business combinations

The Group performs annual assessment of the carrying value of goodwill against the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating units ("CGUs") to which the goodwill have arose from business combinations carried out by the Group. The measurement of the recoverable amounts of CGUs are determined based on the value-in-use method, incorporating the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the respective CGU's on-going operations. Management judgement is used in the determination of the assumptions made, particularly the cash flow projections, discount rates and the growth rates used. The estimation of pre-tax cash flows is sensitive to the periods for which the forecasts are available and to assumptions regarding the long-term sustainable cash flows, and the management's view of future performance of the CGUs.

During the current financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Group accounted for goodwill arising from the acquisition of Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd ("H360") amounted to RM7,761,568 as disclosed in Note 38(a) to the financial statements. Based on the impairment assessment performed by the Group, an impairment was recognised on the goodwill of RM3,785,000 arising from the acquisition of H360 to the statement of profit or loss.

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

4

GROUP

GROUP								
<u>Non-current</u>	Note	Leasehold land	Office buildings	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Renovation	Work-in- progress	Total
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cost								
At 1 January 2019		178	766	4,787	3,158	2,983	ı	11,872
Additions		ı	I	652	532	1,416	800	3,400
Arising from business combinations	38(b),(c)	I	I	3,302	ı	2,927	·	6,229
Disposals		I	I	(545)	(1,819)	I	·	(2,364)
Written off	32	I	ı	(769)	ı	(2,915)	I	(3,684)
Currency translation differences		I	18	30	25	19	I	92
At 31 December 2019/1 January 2020		178	784	7,457	1,896	4,430	800	15,545
Additions		ı	ı	2,673	314	2,324	890	6,201
Arising from business combinations	38(a)	I	I	939	148	110	1,747	2,944
Transferred to intangible assets	7	I	I	(240)	ı	I	·	(240)
Disposals		I	ı	(99)	(2)	(41)	I	(112)
Written off	32	I	I	(1)	(38)	I	ı	(39)
Reclassification		I	I	1,345	I	2,092	(3,437)	ı
Currency translation differences		ı	33	65	47	62	ı	207
At 31 December 2020		178	817	12,172	2,362	8,977	1	24,506

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020

(continued)

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

GROUP

Non-current	Note	Leasehold land	Office buildings	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Renovation	Work-in- progress	Total
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Accumulated depreciation								
At 1 January 2019		8	288	3,353	1,931	2,131	I	7,711
Disposals		ı	ı	(496)	(1,299)	·	ı	(1,795)
Written off	32	ı	ı	(655)	I	(1,993)	ı	(2,648)
Depreciation charge	33	ı	39	697	151	1,355	ı	2,242
Amortisation charge	33	-	I	ı	I	ı	ı	
Currency translation differences		I	7	20	13	7	ı	47
At 31 December 2019/1 January 2020		0	334	2,919	796	1,500	1	5,558
Transferred to intangible assets	7	'	ı	(167)	ı			(167)
Disposals		ı	I	(44)	(3)	ı	ı	(47)
Written off	32	I	I	(1)	(37)	ı	ı	(38)
Depreciation charge	33	I	41	1,738	175	1,184	I	3,138
Amortisation charge	33	-	I	ı	I	ı	ı	
Currency translation differences		I	14	40	22	61	ı	137
At 31 December 2020		10	389	4,485	953	2,745	I	8,582
Accumulated impairment loss								
At 31 December 2019/31 December 2020		56	I	I		L	I	56
<u>Net book value</u>								
At 31 December 2019		113	450	4,538	1,100	2,930	800	9,931
At 31 December 2020		112	428	7,687	1,409	6,232	1	15,868

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020

(continued)

# 4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

### **COMPANY**

Non-current	Note _	Furniture, fittings and equipment RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost					
At 1 January 2019		1,718	1,534	774	4,026
Additions		71	288	57	416
Disposals		(105)	(1,521)	-	(1,626)
Written off	32	(124)	-	-	(124)
At 31 December 2019/1 January 2020	_	1,560	301	831	2,692
Additions		64	-	-	64
Disposals		(8)	-	-	(8)
Written off	32	(38)	-	-	(38)
At 31 December 2020	_	1,578	301	831	2,710
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2019		1,126	1,119	540	2,785
Disposals		(67)	(1,112)	-	(1,179)
Written off	32	(110)	-	-	(110)
Depreciation charge	33	181	30	83	294
At 31 December 2019/1 January 2020	_	1,130	37	623	1,790
Disposals		(6)	-	-	(6)
Written off	32	(37)	-	-	(37)
Depreciation charge	33	189	30	83	302
At 31 December 2020	_	1,276	67	706	2,049
<u>Net book value</u>					
At 31 December 2019	_	430	264	208	902
At 31 December 2020	_	302	234	125	661

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

# 5 RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

### (a) Right-of-use ("ROU") assets

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Offices		13,492	13,656	1,187	389
Photocopiers		44	84	-	-
	_	13,536	13,740	1,187	389
At 1 January		13,740	4,008	389	813
Arising from business combinations	38	2,946	4,974	-	-
Additions during the year		5,373	8,224	1,221	-
Depreciation charge	33				
- offices		(8,525)	(3,463)	(423)	(424)
- photocopiers		(40)	(37)	-	-
Currency translation differences		42	34	-	-
At 31 December	_	13,536	13,740	1,187	389

The Group leases various offices and photocopiers. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 5 years but may have extension options.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

### (b) Lease liabilities

		GROUP		COMPANY
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Current	6,343	7,613	375	402
Non-current	7,790	6,105	808	-
Total lease liabilities	14,133	13,718	1,183	402

# 5 RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

### (b) Lease liabilities (continued)

The movement of lease liabilities during the financial year is as follows:

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		13,718	3,784	402	813
Arising from business combinations	38	3,410	5,137	-	-
Additions during the year		5,103	7,965	1,221	-
Lease interests	34	674	257	16	45
Repayments of:					
- principal		(8,126)	(3,183)	(440)	(411)
- lease interests		(674)	(257)	(16)	(45)
Currency translation differences		28	15	-	-
At 31 December	_	14,133	13,718	1,183	402

Other expenses relating to leases in the current financial year for the Group and the Company are as follows:

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in office rental)	33	80	52	-	-
Expense relating to leases of low- value assets that are not shown above as short-term leases (included in printing and stationery)	33	132	128	-	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

### 6 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

			GROUP		COMPANY
Non-current	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		51,373	46,234	28,480	28,480
Addition <sup>(N1)</sup>		-	4,829	-	-
Additions from subsequent expenditures		24	470	13	429
Net fair value losses	30	(112)	(688)	(13)	(429)
Currency translation differences		8	528	-	-
At 31 December		51,293	51,373	28,480	28,480
Comprising:					
Leasehold land and buildings		51,293	51,373	28,480	28,480

<sup>(N1)</sup> Properties transferred to the General Insurance subsidiary from claims recovery.

Investment properties are stated at fair values, which have been determined based on valuations performed by external independent professional valuers at the statement of financial position date. Valuations are performed annually based on the properties' fair market value using the direct sale comparison. The fair value gains/losses are recorded in profit or loss.

### Fair value hierarchy

A level is assigned to each fair value measurement based on the lowest level input significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The three-level hierarchy is defined as follows:

Level 1 fair value is derived from unadjusted quoted price in active markets for identical properties that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted price included within Level 1 that are observable for the properties, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 fair value is estimated using unobservable inputs for properties.

The fair value of investment properties are categorised as follows:

		GROUP		COMPANY
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Level 3	51,293	51,373	28,480	28,480

The Group and the Company's policy is to recognise transfer into and transfer out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period. There was no transfer between levels during the financial year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: no transfer).

# **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (continued)

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

GROUP

As at 31 December 2020

Investment property	Fair value	Fair value Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Input	Sensitivity in average price per square feet +/-5%
	RM'000			RM	RM'000
Retail units, office suites and parking bays	28,480	Comparison method	Average price per square feet	156 to 790	+ 1,424 - 1,424
		Comparison method	Average price per parking bay	39,315 to 45,936	
Apartment in London	8,392	Comparison method	Average price per square feet	6,166 to 6,964	+ 420 - 420
Villa in Bali	9,395	Comparison method	Average price per square feet	3,790 to 4,938	+ 470 - 470
Condominium units in Manila	5,026	Sales market approach	Average price per square feet	2,597 to 3,183	+ 251 - 251

51,293

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

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Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) (continued)

GROUP

As at 31 December 2019

Investment property	Fair value	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Input	Sensitivity in average price per square feet +/-5%
	RM'000			RM	RM'000
Retail units, office suites and parking bays	28,480	Comparison method	Average price per square feet	156 to 790	+ 1,424 - 1.424
		Comparison method	Average price per parking bay	39,315 to 45,936	
Apartment in London	8,356	Comparison method	Average price per square feet	4,288 to 7,958	+ 418 - 418
Villa in Bali	9,708	Comparison method	Average price per square feet	4,094 to 5,145	+ 485 - 485
Condominium units in Manila	4,829	Sales market approach	Average price per square feet	2,494 to 3,057	+ 241 - 241
COMPANY	51,373				
As at 31 December 2020/31 December 2019					
Investment property	Fair value	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Input	Sensitivity in average price per square feet +/-5%
	RM'000			RM	RM'000
Retail units, office suites and parking bays	28,480	Comparison method	Average price per square feet	156 to 790	+ 1,424
					- 1,424

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020

(continued)

39,315 to 45,936

Average price per parking bay

Comparison method

28,480

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

# 6 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

The income and related expenses of the investment properties are as follows:

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	_	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Rental income	27	149	267	158	-
Direct operating expenses arising from rental income generating investment properties	33				
- Caretaker fees		(23)	(21)	-	-
- Staff salaries		(148)	(140)	-	-
- Utilities		(69)	(88)	_	-
- Repair and maintenance		(79)	(76)	(6)	-
- Valuation fees		(11)	(11)	-	-
- Property management service fees		(48)	(103)	_	-
<ul> <li>Property maintenance fee and sinking fund</li> </ul>		(239)	-	(239)	-
- Quit rent and assessment		(51)	-	(51)	-
- Securities charges		(187)	-	(187)	-
- Professional fees		(92)	-	(15)	-
- Taxes and others		(71)	(35)	(39)	-
	_	(1,018)	(474)	(537)	-
Direct operating expenses arising from non-rental income generating investment properties	33				
- Repair and maintenance		-	(11)	-	(11)
<ul> <li>Property maintenance fee and sinking fund</li> </ul>		-	(107)	-	(107)
- Quit rent and assessment		-	(89)	-	(89)
- Securities charges		-	(199)	-	(199)
- Professional fees		-	(409)	-	-
- Others		-	(39)	-	(39)
			(854)		(445)

# 7 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

			GROUP		COMPANY
Non-current	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cost					
At 1 January		1,514	1,303	639	637
Arising from business combinations	38	309	38	-	-
Additions		354	170	3	2
Transferred from property, plant and equipment	4	73	-	-	-
Currency translation differences		1	3	-	-
At 31 December	_	2,251	1,514	642	639
Accumulated amortisation					
At 1 January		728	645	588	544
Amortisation charge	33	179	83	44	44
At 31 December	_	907	728	632	588
Net carrying amount		1,344	786	10	51

Intangible assets comprise computer software. Computer software consists mainly of development costs and costs that are directly associated with identifiable software systems controlled by the Group and the Company, that do not form the integral part of the hardware, and that will generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year.

## 8 SUBSIDIARIES

		COMPANY
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Investment in a subsidiary, at cost	256,246	296,498
Less: allowance for impairment loss	(155,498)	(155,498)
	100,748	141,000

On 1 September 2020, MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd ("MAA Corp"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company redeemed 447,740 1997 redeemable preference shares at RM100 each totalling RM44,774,000 as part of settlement of the amounts due by the Company.

On 16 November 2020, MAA Corp issued 4,521,752 new ordinary shares at an issue price of RM1.00 each for a total cash consideration of RM 4,521,752 for working capital.

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss on investment in a subsidiary is as follows:

			COMPANY
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	_	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		155,498	138,988
Allowance for impairment loss	32	-	16,510
At 31 December	_	155,498	155,498

In the previous financial year, an impairment loss was recognised as the subsidiary was in loss making position. The recoverable amount of RM141,000,000 was based on its net assets value, which approximates to its fair value less costs of disposal (Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy).

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

		31.12.2020		31.12.2019		
Name of company	Country of incorporation	Group's effective interest	NCI	Group's effective interest	NCI	Principal activities
		%	%	%	%	
MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd ("MAA Corp")	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Providing property management services and investment holding
Subsidiaries of MAA Corp						
MAA-Medicare Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Investment holding and established MAA-Medicare Charitable Foundation with the trustee under a Trust Deed to provide care and treatment for kidney and heart patients

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows (continued):

		31.12.2	2020	31.12.	2019	
Name of company	Country of incorporation	Group's effective interest	NCI	Group's effective interest	NCI	Principal activities
		%	%	%	%	
<u>Subsidiaries of MAA Corp</u> (continued)						
MAA Credit Berhad	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Money lending, hire purchase and other credit activities
MAA International Group Ltd ("MAAIG")	Labuan, Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Investment holding
#MAA Holdings (BVI) Ltd	British Virgin Islands	100	-	100	-	Providing insurance technical and financial consultancy services
MAACA Legal Advisory Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Providing advisory and consultancy services
MAA International Investments Ltd ("MAAII")	Labuan, Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Investment holding
Menang Bernas Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Property investment, development and other related services
#Maaxsite Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	E-Commerce and E-Business
#Maax Factor Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Providing debt factoring services
#MAA Excel Sdn Bhd (formerly known as Maax Venture Sdn Bhd)	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Dormant
#Edumaax Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Investment holding and provision of education services and operations of education tuition centres
#Kasturi Services Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Carry on the business of rent- to-rent and providing rental management services
Glovtec Sdn Bhd <sup>(1)</sup>	Malaysia	100	-	-	-	Dormant
<sup>#</sup> Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd ("H360") <sup>(2)</sup>	Malaysia	51	49	-	-	Investment holding and providing hotel management and consultancy services

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows (continued):

		31.12.	2020	31.12.2019		
Name of company	Country of incorporation	Group's effective interest	NCI	Group's effective interest	NCI	– Principal activities
		%	%	%	%	
Subsidiary of MAAIG						
<sup>#</sup> MAA General Assurance Philippines, Inc. ("MAAGAP")	Philippines	99	1	99	1	General insurance business
Subsidiaries of MAAII						
#MAA Mutualife Philippines, Inc.	Philippines	100	-	100	-	Inactive
#MAA Capital Singapore Pte Ltd	Singapore	100	-	100	-	Investment holding
Subsidiaries of Edumaax						
<sup>#</sup> Kasturi Academy Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Provision of education services and operations of education tuition centres
Scholastic IB International Sdn Bhd ("SIB")	Malaysia	90	10	90	10	Investment holding
Imperium Edumaax Sdn Bhd (formerly known as HELP College of Arts and Technology Sdn Bhd)	Malaysia	100	-	100	-	Carry on the business of a commercial college for higher education
Edumaax SPA <sup>(1)</sup>	Italy	100	-	-	-	Dormant
Subsidiaries of SIB						
St. John's International Edu Group Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	90	10	90	10	Providing education and related services
St. John's International (Campus 2) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	90	10	90	10	Dormant
Alfaakademik Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	90	10	90	10	Providing education and related services
Subsidiaries of H360						
<sup>#</sup> Trinidad Signature Suites Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	26	74	-	-	Hotel business
<sup>#</sup> Trinidad Cigar Company Sdr Bhd	n Malaysia	51	49	-	-	Retailer in cigars

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows (continued):

		31.12.2020 31.12.2019				
Name of company	Country of incorporation	Group's effective interest	NCI	Group's effective interest	NCI	– Principal activities
		%	%	%	%	
Subsidiaries of H360 (continued)						
#Medianworks Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	51	49	-	-	Reseller of member loyalty program
#Medianworks Facility Management Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	51	49	-	-	Dormant
<sup>#</sup> Trisend Logistic Technologies Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	28	72	-	-	Operator of logistics and dispatch services
#Asiawide Hospitality Group Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	36	64	-	-	Advisor and manager of hotel management
<sup>#</sup> Trinidad Hotel Kuantan Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	51	49	-	-	Hotel business
<sup>#</sup> Perfect Host (M) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	41	59	-	-	Operator and manager of short term accommodation in properties
*Travel Club 360 Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	26	74	-	-	Dormant
#Home 180 Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	51	49	-	-	Dormant
*Staysuites Group Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	26	74	-	-	Operator and manager of short term accommodation in properties
#Decorzo Space Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	31	69	-	-	Renovation

<sup>#</sup> Subsidiaries not audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT.

<sup>(1)</sup> Incorporated during the financial year.

<sup>(2)</sup> As disclosed in Note 49(f) to the financial statements, H360 became a subsidiary of the Group on 3 November 2020.

The Group's subsidiaries that have NCI are as follows:

				31.12.2020
	MAAGAP	SIB Group	H360 Group	Total
NCI percentage of ownership interest and voting interest	1%	10%	49%	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Carrying value of NCI	3,682	73	(7,744)	(3,989)
				31.12.2019
	-	MAAGAP	SIB Group	Total
NCI percentage of ownership interest and voting interest	erest	1%	10%	
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Carrying value of NCI		3,373	41	3,414

A reconciliation of the carrying value of NCI is as follows:

	Note	MAAGAP	SIB Group	H360 Group	Total
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2020		3,373	41	-	3,414
NCI acquired	38(a)	-	-	(6,675)	(6,675)
NCI share of profit/(loss)		309	32	(1,069)	(728)
At 31 December 2020	_	3,682	73	(7,744)	(3,989)

# 8 SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The table below provide summarised financial information for subsidiary, namely H360 that has material NCI:

Summarised statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020

	RM'000
Non-current assets	11,538
Current assets	6,755
Non-current liabilities	(22,947)
Current liabilities	(7,473)
Net liabilities	(12,127)
NCI	3,534
Equity attributable to owner of the company	(8,593)
Summarised statement of profit or loss for two months period ended 31 December 2020	
	RM'000
Operating revenue	2,073
Loss before taxation	(1,670)
Taxation	4
Loss for the financial period	(1,666)
Net loss for the financial period attributable to:	
- Owner of the company	(1,170)
- NCI	(496)
	(1,666)
Summarised statement of cash flows for financial period ended 31 December 2020	
	RM'000
Cash flows generated from/(used in):	
Operating activities	(4,838)
Investing activities	(3,154)
Financing activities	9,573
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,581
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning end of financial year	1,210
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial period	2,791

# 9 GOODWILL ON BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

			GROUP
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000
A4		00.000	01 007
At costs		39,668	31,907
Less: allowance for impairment loss		(8,781)	(4,996)
	_	30,887	26,911
A reconciliation of goodwill on business combinations is as follows:			
<u>At costs</u>			
At 1 January		31,907	-
Goodwill acquired during the financial year	38	7,761	31,907
At 31 December	_	39,668	31,907
Allowance for impairment loss			
At 1 January		4,996	-
Allowance for impairment loss on goodwill acquired	32	3,785	4,996
At 31 December	_	8,781	4,996

Refer to Note 38(a)(ii) and 38(c)(ii) for disclosure on impairment assessment of goodwill.

## 10 ASSOCIATES

		GROUP		
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Unquoted shares, at cost	1,545	245	100	100
Allowance for impairment loss	(245)	(245)	(100)	(100)
	1,300	-	-	-
Share of post-acquisition loss	(75)	-	-	-
	1,225	-	-	-

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss on investments in associates is as follows:

	GROUP			COMPANY
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning/end of financial year	245	245	100	100

Details of the associates are as follows:

	Country ofGroup's effective interest		ctive interest	
Name of company	incorporation	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	Principal activities
		%	%	
MAA Bancwell Trustee Berhad	Malaysia	49	49	Inactive
MicroLEAP PLT <sup>(1)</sup>	Malaysia	35.2	-	Operating of peer-to-peer ("P2P") lending platform
Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd ("H360") <sup>(2)</sup>	Malaysia	-	49	Investment holding and providing hotel management and consultancy services
Subsidiaries of H360 <sup>(2)</sup>				
Trinidad Signature Suites Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	-	49	Hotel business
Trinidad Cigar Company Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	-	49	Retailer in cigars
Medianworks Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	-	49	Reseller of member loyalty program
Medianworks Facility Management Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	-	49	Dormant
Trisend Logistic Technologies Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	-	49	The operator of logistics and dispatch services
Asiawide Hospitality Group Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	-	49	Advisor and manager of hotel management
Associates of H360				
Dine 360 Sdn Bhd (formerly known as Hugos Langkawi Sdn Bhd)	Malaysia	26	49	Pub and Café operator
Trinidad Distributors (EM) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	26	49	Retail and distribution of cigars and related accessories

<sup>(1)</sup> As disclosed in Note 49(e) to the financial statements, MicroLEAP PLT became an associate of the Group on 27 October 2020.

<sup>(2)</sup> As disclosed in Note 49(f) to the financial statements, H360 and its subsidiaries ceased to be associates and became subsidiaries of the Group on 3 November 2020.

## 10 ASSOCIATES (continued)

#### Reconciliation of summarised financial information

A reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying value of the Group's interest in associates is as follows:

		11000	MicroLEAP	
	Note	H360 RM'000	PLT RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 January 2019				
Acquisition of associates				
- cost of investments		_(*)	-	-
- allowance for impairment loss		_(*)	-	-
Share of profit		-	-	-
At 31 December 2019/1 January 2020		-	-	-
Acquisition of associate				
- cost of investments		-	1,250	1,250
Arising from business combination				
- cost of investments	38(a)	50	-	50
- share of loss		(31)	-	(31)
		19	-	19
Share of profit/(loss)		3	(47)	(44)
At 31 December 2020		22	1,203	1,225

(\*) Denote RM49

Accumulated unrecognised share of losses of associates

	MAA Bancwell Trustee Berhad			H360 <sup>(1)</sup>	
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Accumulated losses	(520)	(509)	-	(1,473)	
Interest in associates	49%	49%	-	49%	
Accumulated unrecognised share of losses	(255)	(250)	-	(722)	

<sup>(1)</sup> As disclosed in Note 49(f) to the financial statements, H360 and its subsidiaries ceased to be associates and became subsidiaries of the Group on 3 November 2020.

# 11 DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same tax authority.

The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the statement of financial position:

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	_	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current					
Deferred tax assets		4,583	2,261	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities		(690)	(831)	(62)	(95)
	_	3,893	1,430	(62)	(95)
At 1 January		1,430	1,297	(95)	(129)
Arising from business combination	38(a),(c)	(4)	(146)	-	-
Credited/(charged) to profit or loss:	35				
- property, plant and equipment		25	20	33	34
- allowance for impairment loss		249	(79)	-	-
- unrealised foreign exchange gain		13	72	-	-
- retirement benefit plan		96	258	-	-
- provision for IBNR		(194)	404	-	-
- investment properties		1,509	(1,087)	-	-
- other payables		134	323	-	-
- right-of-use assets		(216)	(210)	-	-
- lease liabilities		281	195	-	-
- others		314	60	-	-
		2,211	(44)	33	34
Credited to other comprehensive income:					
- retirement benefit plan	25	165	308	-	-
Currency translation differences		91	15	-	-
At 31 December	_	3,893	1,430	(62)	(95)

## 11 DEFERRED TAX (continued)

		GROUP		COMPANY
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Subject to income tax:				
Deferred tax assets (before and after offsetting)				
Allowance for impairment loss	672	406	-	-
Provision for IBNR	2,132	2,235	-	-
Retirement benefit plan	908	622	-	-
Lease liabilities	552	260	-	-
Other payables	973	509	-	-
Unrealised foreign exchange gain	28	14	-	-
	5,265	4,046	-	-
Offsetting	(682)	(1,785)	-	-
-	4,583	2,261	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities (before and after offsetting)				
Property, plant and equipment	(273)	(298)	(62)	(95)
Right-of-use assets	(524)	(294)	-	-
Investment properties	-	(1,449)	-	-
Gain on remeasurement of previously held equity interest in an associate	(575)	(575)	-	-
-	(1,372)	(2,616)	(62)	(95)
Offsetting	682	1,785	-	-
-	(690)	(831)	(62)	(95)

The amounts of deductible temporary differences, unabsorbed tax losses and unutilised capital allowances for which no deferred tax assets are recognised in the statement of financial position as it is not probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilised, are as follows:

		GROUP
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Deductible temporary differences	-	11,540
Unabsorbed tax losses	93,327	68,534
Unutilised capital allowances	10,200	9,238
	103,527	89,312

### 11 DEFERRED TAX (continued)

Under the Malaysia Finance Act 2018 which was gazetted on 27 December 2018, the Group's unabsorbed tax losses will be imposed with a time limit of utilisation and the expiry is summarised as follows:

	Unabsorbed tax losses	
Year of assessment ("YA")	<u>RM'000</u>	Time limit of utilisation
YA 2018	64,040	Carry forward up to YA 2025
YA 2019	4,494	Carry forward up to YA 2026
YA 2020	24,793	Carry forward up to YA 2027

There is no expiry date for deductible temporary difference and unutilised capital allowances where deferred tax assets were not recognised.

## 12 INVESTMENTS

The Group's and the Company's investments comprise of the following:

			GROUP		COMPANY
	-	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	-	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Gov	vernment debt securities	64,503	63,405	-	-
Cor	porate debt securities	119,596	100,907	-	-
Equ	ity securities	230,118	119,126	142,690	49,095
Unit	t trusts	2,433	2,308	-	-
Priv	ate trust funds	50	250	-	-
	-	416,700	285,996	142,690	49,095
(a)	Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")				
	At fair value:				
	Equity securities				
	- quoted in Malaysia	23,411	10,572	23,411	10,572
	- quoted outside Malaysia	153,610	59,883	119,279	38,523
	- unquoted outside Malaysia	22,923	22,565	-	-
	-	199,944	93,020	142,690	49,095
	Unit trusts				
	- quoted in Malaysia	2,433	2,308	-	
	-	202,377	95,328	142,690	49,095

### (b) Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

	GROU		
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	
	RM'000	RM'000	
At fair value:			
Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia	45,678	52,150	
Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia	1,140	4,193	
Equity securities			
- quoted outside Malaysia	30,031	26,103	
- unquoted in Malaysia	100	-	
- unquoted outside Malaysia	43	3	
	30,174	26,106	
	76,992	82,449	

The Group has irrevocably elected non-trading equity securities at initial recognition to present its fair value changes in other comprehensive income. The Group considers this classification to be more relevant as these equity securities investments are strategic investments of the Group and not held for trading purpose.

# (b) Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") (continued)

Equity securities at FVOCI comprise the following individual investments:

	GR	
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Quoted:		
San Miguel Corporation Preferred Series 2C	4,573	4,366
Ayala Corporation Preferred B Series 2	4,318	4,016
San Miguel Purefoods Perpetual Preferred Series 2	-	4,012
San Miguel Corporation Preferred Series 2K	4,218	-
San Miguel Corporation Preferred Series 2H	3,184	2,943
Petron Corporation Perpetual Preferred Series 3B	2,799	2,547
Century Properties Group Preferred A	2,764	-
Petron Corporation Perpetual Preferred Series 3A	2,538	2,489
Phoenix Perpetual Preferred Series 4	1,602	1,563
San Miguel Corporation Preferred Series 2H	1,405	1,299
San Miguel Corporation Preferred Series 2E	821	806
Ayala Corporation Preferred B Series 1	871	803
Alabang Country Club Series B	502	587
Sta. Elena Golf Club Shares	419	443
San Miguel Corporation Preferred Series 21	-	107
San Miguel Corporation Preferred Series 2F	-	101
National Reinsurance Corporation of the Philippines	16	20
SM Prime Holdings Inc.	1	1
	30,031	26,103
Unquoted:		
PLDT Inc.	2	2
Philippines Machinery Management Services Corporation	2	1
Hosastay Sdn Bhd	100	-
Isend-Phil Logistic Co Ltd Inc.	39	-
	143	3

30,174	26,106

## (c) Amortised cost ("AC")

	GRO		
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	
	RM'000	RM'000	
At amortised cost:			
Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia	18,846	11,267	
Less: allowance for impairment loss	(21)	(12)	
	18,825	11,255	
Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia	119,663	97,622	
Less: allowance for impairment loss	(1,207)	(908)	
	118,456	96,714	
Private trust funds			
- unquoted in Malaysia	-	200	
- unquoted outside Malaysia	50	50	
	50	250	
	137,331	108,219	

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss for investments at AC is as follows:

				GROUP
	Note	Government debt securities	Corporate debt securities	Total investments at AC
	-	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2019		12	492	504
Allowance for impairment loss	32	-	403	403
Currency translation differences		-	13	13
At 31 December 2019/1 January 2020	-	12	908	920
Allowance for impairment loss	32	10	264	274
Currency translation differences		(1)	35	34
At 31 December 2020	-	21	1,207	1,228

### Carrying values of investments

The following tables show the movements in the Group's and the Company's investments by measurement category:

## <u>GROUP</u>

	Note	FVTPL	FVOCI	AC	Total
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2019		105,273	64,740	69,460	239,473
Arising from business combination	38(c)	-	-	250	250
Purchases		67,588	68,730	72,039	208,357
Disposals/maturities		(78,405)	(58,150)	(34,786)	(171,341)
Dividend income capitalised		108	-	-	108
Fair value gains recorded in:					
- profit or loss	30	290	-	-	290
- other comprehensive income		-	5,491	-	5,491
Allowance for impairment loss	32	-	-	(403)	(403)
Unrealised foreign exchange loss		(181)	-	-	(181)
Currency translation differences		655	1,638	1,659	3,952
At 31 December 2019/1 January 2020		95,328	82,449	108,219	285,996
Arising from business combination	38(a)	-	100	-	100
Purchases		315,558	402,067	127,021	844,646
Disposals/maturities		(228,742)	(415,388)	(102,038)	(746,168)
Dividend income capitalised		97	-	-	97
Fair value gains recorded in:					
- profit or loss	30	22,114	-	-	22,114
- other comprehensive income		-	4,518	-	4,518
Allowance for impairment loss	32	-	-	(274)	(274)
Unrealised foreign exchange loss		(2,475)	-	-	(2,475)
Currency translation differences		497	3,246	4,403	8,146
At 31 December 2020		202,377	76,992	137,331	416,700

Carrying values of investments (continued)

The following tables show the movements in the Group's and the Company's investments by measurement category (continued):

#### COMPANY

	Note	FVTPL
		RM'000
At 1 January 2019		40,319
Purchases		39,826
Disposals		(36,653)
Fair value gains recorded in profit or loss	30	5,784
Unrealised foreign exchange loss		(181)
At 31 December 2019/1 January 2020		49,095
Purchases		285,951
Disposals		(209,960)
Fair value gains recorded in profit or loss	30	20,079
Unrealised foreign exchange loss		(2,475)
At 31 December 2020	_	142,690

Determination of Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy

The Group and the Company classify financial instruments which are measured at fair value according to the following hierarchy, reflecting the significance of inputs used in making the fair value measurement:

- Level 1 The fair value is measured by reference to published quotes in an active market which are readily and regularly available from an exchange, secondary market via dealer and broker, pricing service or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regular occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.
- Level 2 The fair value is measured using a valuation technique based on assumptions that are supported by prices from observable current market transactions obtained via pricing services; where prices have not been determined in an active market.
- Level 3 The fair value is determined using a valuation technique based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data. The main asset class in this category is unquoted equity securities. The unobservable inputs reflect the Group's own assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the instrument. These inputs are developed based on the best information available, which might include the Group's own data.

Determination of Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

The following table show the Group's investments recorded at fair value at the reporting date analysed by the various level within the fair value hierarchy:

## <u>GROUP</u>

## 31 December 2020

RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000           Investments measured at fair value:         Investments at FVTPL:         23,411         23,411         -         -         23,411           Equity securities quoted in Malaysia         23,411         23,411         -         -         23,411           Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia         153,610         -         -         153,610           Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia         2,923         -         -         2,2,923         2,2,923           Unit trusts quoted in Malaysia         2,02,377         179,454         -         22,923         202,377           Investments at FVOCI:         Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         45,678         -         45,678           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         1,140         -         -         1,140           Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia         100         -         100         100         100           Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia         100         -         43         43           To:setments at AC:         Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         18,825         19,476         -         19,476 <t< th=""><th></th><th>Carrying values</th><th>Level 1</th><th>Level 2</th><th>Level 3</th><th>Total fair values</th></t<>		Carrying values	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair values
Investments at FVTPL:         Equity securities quoted in Malaysia       23,411       23,411       -       -       23,411         Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia       153,610       153,610       -       -       153,610         Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia       22,923       -       -       22,923       22,923         Unit trusts quoted in Malaysia       2,433       2,433       -       -       2,433         202,377       179,454       -       22,923       202,377         Investments at FVOCI:       Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia       45,678       45,678       -       -       45,678         Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia       1,140       1,140       -       -       1,140         Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia       100       -       -       100       100         Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia       100       -       -       100       100         Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia       100       -       -       100       100         Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia       43       -       -       43       43         76,992       75,928       921       143		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Equity securities quoted in Malaysia         23,411         23,411         -         -         23,411           Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia         153,610         153,610         -         -         153,610           Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia         22,923         -         -         22,923         22,923           Unit trusts quoted in Malaysia         2,433         2,433         -         -         2,433           202,377         179,454         -         22,923         202,377           Investments at FVOCI:         Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         45,678         45,678         -         -         45,678           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         1,140         1,140         -         1,140           Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia         100         -         100         100           Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia         100         -         43         43           76,992         75,928         921         143         76,992           Investments for which fair values are disclosed:         -         19,476         -         19,476           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         18,825         19,476         -	Investments measured at fair value:					
Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia       153,610       153,610       -       -       153,610         Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia       22,923       -       -       22,923       22,923         Unit trusts quoted in Malaysia       2,433       2,433       -       -       2,433         202,377       179,454       -       22,923       202,377         Investments at FVOCI:       Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia       45,678       45,678       -       -       45,678         Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia       30,031       29,110       921       -       30,031         Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia       100       -       -       100       100         Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia       100       -       -       43       43         Towestments for which fair values are disclosed:       -       43       43       -       -       19,476         Investments for which fair values are disclosed:       -       -       19,476       -       -       19,476         Investments at AC:       -       -       -       19,476       -       -       19,476         Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia	Investments at FVTPL:					
Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia         22,923         -         -         22,923         22,923           Unit trusts quoted in Malaysia         2,433         2,433         2,433         -         -         2,433           202,377         179,454         -         22,923         202,377           Investments at FVOCI:         Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         45,678         45,678         -         45,678           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         1,140         1,140         -         -         1,140           Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia         30,031         29,110         921         -         30,031           Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia         100         -         -         100         100           Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia         100         -         -         43         43           76,992         75,928         921         143         76,992           Investments at AC:         Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         18,825         19,476         -         19,476           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         118,456         120,594         -         -         120,594 <t< td=""><td>Equity securities quoted in Malaysia</td><td>23,411</td><td>23,411</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>23,411</td></t<>	Equity securities quoted in Malaysia	23,411	23,411	-	-	23,411
Unit trusts quoted in Malaysia         2,433         2,433         -         -         2,433           202,377         179,454         -         22,923         202,377           Investments at FVOCI:         Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         45,678         45,678         -         -         45,678           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         1,140         1,140         -         -         1,140           Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia         100         -         -         100         100           Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia         100         -         -         43         43           76,992         75,928         921         143         76,992           Investments for which fair values are disclosed:         -         19,476         -         19,476           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         18,825         19,476         -         19,476           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         18,825         19,476         -         19,476           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         18,456         120,594         -         120,594           Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia         50         -	Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia	153,610	153,610	-	-	153,610
202,377         179,454         -         22,923         202,377           Investments at FVOCI:         Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         45,678         45,678         -         -         45,678           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         1,140         1,140         -         -         1,140           Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia         30,031         29,110         921         -         30,031           Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia         100         -         -         100         100           Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia         100         -         -         43         43           76,992         75,928         921         143         76,992           Investments for which fair values are disclosed:         -         43,43         -         -         19,476           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         18,825         19,476         -         -         19,476           Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia         118,456         120,594         -         120,594           Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia         50         -         50         50	Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia	22,923	-	-	22,923	22,923
Investments at FVOCI: Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia 45,678 45,678 45,678 Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia 1,140 1,140 1,140 Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia 30,031 29,110 921 - 30,031 Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia 100 100 100 Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia 43 43 43 <u>76,992</u> 75,928 921 143 76,992 Investments for which fair values are disclosed: Investments at AC: Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia 18,825 19,476 - 19,476 Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia 118,456 120,594 - 120,594 Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia 50 - 50 50	Unit trusts quoted in Malaysia	2,433	2,433	-	-	2,433
Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia45,67845,67845,678Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia1,1401,1401,140Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia30,03129,110921-30,031Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia100100100Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia43434376,99275,92892114376,992Investments for which fair values are disclosed:Investments at AC:Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia18,82519,476-19,476Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia118,456120,594120,594Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia505050	-	202,377	179,454	-	22,923	202,377
Malaysia45,67845,67845,678Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia1,1401,1401,140Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia30,03129,110921-30,031Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia100100100Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia43434376,99275,92892114376,992Investments for which fair values are disclosed:Investments at AC:Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia18,82519,476-19,476Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia118,456120,594120,594Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia505050	Investments at FVOCI:					
Malaysia1,1401,1401,140Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia30,03129,110921-30,031Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia100100100Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia43434376,99275,92892114376,992Investments for which fair values are disclosed:Investments at AC:Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia18,82519,476-19,476Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia118,456120,594120,594Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia505050	•	45,678	45,678	-	-	45,678
Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia100100100Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia43434376,99275,92892114376,992Investments for which fair values are disclosed:Investments at AC:Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia18,82519,476-19,476Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia118,456120,594-120,594Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia505050		1,140	1,140	-	-	1,140
Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia43434376,99275,92892114376,992Investments for which fair values are disclosed:Investments at AC: Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia18,82519,476-19,476Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia118,456120,594-120,594Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia505050	Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia	30,031	29,110	921	-	30,031
TotalTotalTotalTotalInvestments for which fair values are disclosed:Investments for which fair values are disclosed:Investments at AC:Investment debt securities quoted outside Malaysia18,82519,476Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia118,456120,594120,594Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia505050	Equity securities unquoted in Malaysia	100	-	-	100	100
Investments for which fair values are disclosed: Investments at AC: Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia 18,825 19,476 19,476 Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia 118,456 120,594 120,594 Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia 50 - 50 50	Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia	43	-	-	43	43
Investments at AC: Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia 18,825 19,476 19,476 Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia 118,456 120,594 120,594 Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia 50 - 50 50	-	76,992	75,928	921	143	76,992
Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia18,82519,47619,476Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia118,456120,594120,594Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia505050	Investments for which fair values are disclosed:					
Malaysia18,82519,47619,476Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia118,456120,594120,594Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia505050	Investments at AC:					
Malaysia118,456120,594120,594Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia505050	•	18,825	19,476	-	-	19,476
Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia 50 50 50		118,456	120,594	-	-	120,594
137,331 140.070 - 50 140.120		,	-	-	50	,
	-	137,331	140.070		50	140,120

Determination of Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

The following table show the Group's investments recorded at fair value at the reporting date analysed by the various level within the fair value hierarchy (continued):

#### **GROUP**

## 31 December 2019

	Carrying values	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair values
-	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Investments measured at fair value:					
Investments at FVTPL:					
Equity securities quoted in Malaysia	10,572	10,572	-	-	10,572
Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia	59,883	59,883	-	-	59,883
Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia	22,565	-	-	22,565	22,565
Unit trusts quoted in Malaysia	2,308	2,308	-	-	2,308
-	95,328	72,763	-	22,565	95,328
Investments at FVOCI:					
Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia	52,150	52,150	-	-	52,150
Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia	4,193	4,193	-	-	4,193
Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia	26,103	25,073	1,030	-	26,103
Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia	3	-	-	3	3
-	82,449	81,416	1,030	3	82,449
Investments for which fair values are disclosed:					
Investments at AC:					
Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia	11,255	10,475	-	-	10,475
Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia	96,714	96,149	-	-	96,149
Private trust funds unquoted in Malaysia	200	-	-	200	200
Private trust funds unquoted outside Malaysia	50	-	-	50	50
-	108,219	106,624		250	106,874

Determination of Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers among Level 1, 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019.

The following table show the Company's investments which are measured at fair value at the reporting date analysed by the various level within the fair value hierarchy:

## **COMPANY**

		Level 1
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Investments at FVTPL:		
Equity securities quoted in Malaysia	23,411	10,572
Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia	119,279	38,523
	142,690	49,095

The following table shows the movements in Level 3 investments:

#### **GROUP**

		Unquoted equi	ity securities
	Note	FVTPL	FVOCI
		RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2019		24,079	3
Fair value loss recorded in profit or loss	30	(1,229)	-
Currency translation differences		(285)	-
At 31 December 2019/1 January 2020		22,565	3
Arising from business combination	38(a)	-	100
Addition during the financial year		-	39
Fair value gain recorded in profit or loss	30	509	-
Currency translation differences		(151)	1
At 31 December 2020		22,923	143

#### Determination of Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

The investments above are classified within Level 3 investment as non-market observable inputs are used for valuation techniques. They comprised investments in equity securities of corporation unquoted outside Malaysia. The valuation techniques used are quoted market prices and price per book of comparable companies in active markets, applied a 10% discount as adjustment for lack of marketability associated with a non-controlling interest for the unquoted equity securities held as a practical expedient to derive the fair values of the investments.

### Valuation processes applied by the Group for Level 3 fair value

The Group has an established control framework in respect to the measurement of fair values of financial instruments. This includes a finance team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the Executive Committee. The finance team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments.

The significant unobservable input for the investment above is the discount adjustment for lack of marketability of the unquoted equity instruments. The higher the discount rate, the lower the estimated fair value.

### 13 LOANS AND RECEIVABLES

		GROUP		COMPANY
-	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
_	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Staff loans	46	19	29	15
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit activities	24,936	20,807	-	-
Less: allowance for impairment loss	(9,044)	(20,300)	-	-
-	15,892	507	-	-
Fixed and call deposits with licensed banks with maturity more than three months	11,806	11,824	-	-
Less: allowance for impairment loss	(24)	(22)	-	-
-	11,782	11,802	-	-
-	27,720	12,328	29	15

The carrying amounts disclosed above approximate the fair values at the date of the statement of financial position.

The weighted average effective interest rate of loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit activities during the financial year ranged from 2.05%-6.68% (2019: 1.51%-14.70%) per annum.

The weighted average effective interest rate of fixed and call deposits with licensed banks during the financial year ranged from 0.25%-3.80% (2019: 0.75%-4.75%) per annum.

The total loans portfolio from money lending, hire purchase and other credit activities as at 31 December 2020 included nonperforming loans ("NPL") amounted to RM8,145,000 (2019: RM19,795,000). The borrowers of these NPL have committed repayments on agreed fixed repayment schedules and certain NPL are collateralised by properties and/or shares. The Group has assessed the values of the collaterals and/or committed cash flows stream based on the methods prescribed in Note 2.11 to the financial statements and made allowance for impairment loss where appropriate.

The fair values of the collaterised by properties and shares held by the Group as at the date of the statement of financial position was RM55,786,579 (2019: RM1,319,000).

## 13 LOANS AND RECEIVABLES (continued)

Upon default payment by the borrower, the terms and conditions associated with the use of the collaterals are:

- (i) The Group shall notify the borrower in writing, and may sell the collaterals pledged at its discretion; and
- (ii) The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied towards discharge of the loan interests and principal due to the Group.

The maturity structure of the loans and receivables is as follows:

		GROUP		COMPANY
-	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
-	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Current:				
Staff loans	24	17	10	13
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit activities	203	507	-	-
Fixed and call deposits with licensed banks	11,782	11,802	-	-
-	12,009	12,326	10	13
Non-current:				
Staff loans	22	2	19	2
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit activities	15,689	-	-	-
-	15,711	2	19	2
-	27,720	12,328	29	15

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss for loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit activities is as follows:

			GROUP
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		20,300	19,794
Allowance for impairment loss	32	392	506
Bad debts written off		(11,648)	-
At 31 December	_	9,044	20,300

# 13 LOANS AND RECEIVABLES (continued)

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss for fixed and call deposits with licensed banks with maturity more than three months is as follows:

	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		22	21
Allowance for impairment loss	32	1	-
Currency translation differences		1	1
At 31 December	_	24	22
REINSURANCE ASSETS			
Reinsurance of insurance contracts:			
Provision for outstanding claims	22	49,970	69,349
Provision for unearned premiums	22	12,903	8,203
	-	62,873	77,552
INSURANCE RECEIVABLES			
Current			
Due premiums from brokers and agents		58,323	52,638
Due from reinsurers and ceding companies		521	390
Funds held by ceding companies		643	618
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses		1,604	3,383
		61,091	57,029
Less: allowance for impairment loss		(897)	(336)
	_	60,194	56,693

The carrying amounts disclosed above approximate the fair values at the date of the statement of financial position.

14

15

# 15 INSURANCE RECEIVABLES (continued)

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss for insurance receivables is as follows:

	_		GROUP		
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019		
		RM'000	RM'000		
At 1 January		336	1,041		
Allowance for/(write back of) impairment loss	33	554	(734)		
Currency translation differences		7	29		
At 31 December	_	897	336		

### 16 DEFERRED ACQUISITION COSTS AND DEFERRED REINSURANCE COMMISSIONS

		GROUP
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Deferred Acquisition Costs		
At 1 January	19,435	17,447
Costs deferred during the financial year	44,409	43,802
Amortisation during the financial year	(38,602)	(40,554)
Currency translation differences	(4,157)	(1,260)
At 31 December	21,085	19,435
Deferred Reinsurance Commissions		
At 1 January	908	833
Income deferred during the financial year	2,474	2,087
Amortisation during the financial year	(2,557)	(2,284)
Currency translation differences	1,237	272
At 31 December	2,062	908

# 17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Trade receivables					
At gross		2,317	887	-	-
Less: allowance for impairment loss		(952)	(365)	-	-
		1,365	522	-	-
Factoring receivables					
At gross		27,803	10,071	-	-
Less: allowance for impairment loss		(614)	(342)	-	-
		27,189	9,729	-	-
Amounts due from subsidiaries					
At gross		-	-	68,986	13,800
Less: allowance for impairment loss		-	-	(1,524)	(295)
	_	-	-	67,462	13,505
Amounts due from associates					
At gross		689	3,029	-	-
Less: allowance for impairment loss		(15)	(2,998)	-	-
		674	31	-	-
Retained Consideration from the disposal		F 107	5 107	E 107	F 107
of MAA Takaful Berhad <sup>(N1)</sup>	32	5,127	5,127	5,127	5,127
Less: provision for Zurich's claim	32	(5,127)	(5,127)	(5,127)	(5,127)
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments					
At gross		39,020	32,131	6,455	1,678
Less: allowance for impairment loss		(22,376)	(22,330)	(204)	(204)
		16,644	9,801	6,251	1,474
Purchased Ioan <sup>(N2)</sup>		15,606	14,643	-	-
Inventories		1,139	-	-	-
	_	62,617	34,726	73,713	14,979
Current		61,478	33,048	73,713	14,979
Non-current		1,139	1,678	-	-

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables disclosed above approximate their fair values at the date of the statement of financial position.

### 17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

The weighted average effective interest rate of loans from factoring activities during the financial year was 10.95% (2019: 0.59%) per annum.

The amounts due from subsidiaries and associates bear interest rate at 5.0% per annum, unsecured and are repayable on demand.

(N1) Of the RM93,750,000 balance sale consideration from the disposal of MAA Takaful Berhad ("MAA Takaful") retained by Zurich Insurance Company Ltd ("Zurich"), the Company received RM88,623,400 from Zurich on 1 July 2019 net of Zurich's claims of RM5,126,600. The claims relate to alleged breach of warranties, which mainly comprise of claims of additional taxes and penalties imposed on MAA Takaful by the Inland Revenue Board of Malaysia.

<sup>(N2)</sup> On 27 December 2019, Edumaax purchased an impaired loan of EUR3,160,000 (equivalent to RM14,643,000) ("Loan"). This impaired Loan is secured by mortgage which is valued approximately 2.5 times above the Loan amount.

		GROUP		
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019		
	RM'000	RM'000		
Original Ioan, at gross	39,174	39,174		
Less: allowance for impairment loss	(24,531)	(24,531)		
Currency translation differences	963	-		
Carrying value of purchased loan	15,606	14,643		

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables is as follows:

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		365	-	-	-
Arising from business combinations		653	322	-	-
(Write back of)/allowance for impairment loss	33	(66)	43	-	-
At 31 December		952	365	-	-

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss on factoring receivables is as follows:

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		342	-	-	-
Allowance for impairment loss	33	272	342	-	-
At 31 December	_	614	342	-	-

# 17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss on amounts due from subsidiaries is as follows:

				COMPANY	
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	_	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		-	-	295	-
Allowance for impairment loss	32	-	-	1,229	295
At 31 December	_	-	-	1,524	295

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss on amounts due from associates is as follows:

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	_	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		2,998	-	-	-
Derecognition due to step acquisition		(2,894)	-	-	-
(Write back of)/allowance for impairment loss	32	(89)	2,998	-	-
At 31 December	_	15	2,998	-	-

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss on other receivables is as follows:

		GROUP		
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January	22,330	22,330	204	204
Arising from business combinations	158	-	-	-
Bad debts written off	(112)	-	-	-
At 31 December	22,376	22,330	204	204

# 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		GROUP		COMPANY
-	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
_	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and bank balances	92,134	27,293	46,754	11,410
Fixed and call deposits with licenced banks with maturity of three months or less	18,419	220,017	3,647	147,047
-	110,553	247,310	50,401	158,457
Less: allowance for impairment loss	(90)	(65)	-	-
-	110,463	247,245	50,401	158,457

The carrying amounts disclosed above approximate their fair values at the date of the statement of financial position.

The weighted average effective interest rate of fixed and call deposits with licensed banks during the financial year ranged from 0.13% to 3.80% (2019: 0.02% to 6.25%) per annum.

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment loss for cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		65	92	-	-
Allowance for/(write back of) impairment loss	32	23	(31)	-	-
Currency translation differences		2	4	-	-
At 31 December	_	90	65	-	-

# 19 SHARE CAPITAL

	GROUP/COMPAN	
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Issued and fully paid ordinary shares		
At beginning/end of financial year	304,354	304,354

#### 20 TREASURY SHARES

The shareholders of the Company by an ordinary resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting on 30 June 2020 approved the Company's plan to purchase its own shares. The Directors of the Company are committed to enhance the value of the Company to its shareholders and believe that the share buy-back plan can be applied in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders.

During the current financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Company purchased a total 9,574,100 (2019: RM 211,400) ordinary shares of its issued share capital from the open market at an average price RM0.73 (2019: RM0.83) per share. The total purchase consideration paid for the shares buy-back including transaction costs amounted to RM7,014,656 (2019: RM174,865) and were financed by internally generated funds. The shares purchased were held as treasury shares in accordance with the Companies Act 2016 and carried at purchase cost.

On 1 December 2020, the Company cancelled the whole 9,574,100 treasury shares in accordance with the Companies Act 2016.

As at 31 December 2020, there were no treasury shares held by the Company.

Movement in the share buy-back

	Number of shares	Total nber of purchase shares costs Purchase price per share	Purchase price per share		Average price per share
			Lowest	Highest	
		RM'000	RM	RM	RM
At 1 January 2019	-	-			-
July	35,000	29	0.84	0.84	0.83
August	39,600	33	0.81	0.83	0.83
September	82,900	70	0.84	0.84	0.84
October	33,900	27	0.79	0.80	0.79
November	20,000	16	0.77	0.77	0.80
Total purchased in 2019	211,400	175	1	-	0.83
Cancellation of treasury shares	(211,400)	(175)			
At 31 December 2019/1 January 2020	-	-			
January	23,100	17	0.74	0.76	0.74
February	521,100	410	0.75	0.79	0.79
March	1,039,200	776	0.60	0.79	0.75
April	1,398,200	949	0.57	0.74	0.68
Мау	348,100	251	0.71	0.73	0.72
June	1,538,800	1,114	0.70	0.75	0.72
July	1,569,200	1,167	0.71	0.76	0.74
August	3,136,400	2,331	0.73	0.76	0.74
Total purchased in 2020	9,574,100	7,015		-	0.73
Cancellation of treasury shares	(9,574,100)	(7,015)			
At 31 December 2020		_			

# 21 RETAINED EARNINGS AND RESERVES

Note         (Restated) 31.12.2020         31.12.2020         31.12.2019           RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000           Retained earnings         237,508         205,168         85,233         85,422           Reserves         -         -         -         -         -           - FVOCI reserves         11,142         1,543         -         -           - (8,855)         (4,481)         -         -         -           - (8,855)         200,687         85,233         85,422           Moxement in retained earnings         -         -         -         -           - restated         228,653         200,687         85,233         85,422           Moxement in retained earnings         -         -         -         -           - restated         188,396         236,331         85,442         128,174           - prior year adjustment         48         15,772         -         -         -           - restated         39,789         (14,445)         6,826         (26,166)           - restated         19,789         (14,445)         6,826         (26,166)           - restated         10,7015				GROUP		COMPANY
Retained earnings         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000           Retained earnings         237,508         205,168         85,233         85,422           Reserves         -         -         -         -         -           - FVOCI reserves         (11,142)         (5,824)         -         -         -           - FVOCI reserves         (11,142)         (5,824)         -         -         -           - Retained earnings         (4,481)         -         -         -         -         -           At 1 January         -         -         228,653         200,687         85,433         85,422           Movement in retained earnings         -				(Restated)		
Retained earnings         237,508         205,168         85,233         85,422           Reserves         (11,142)         (5,824)         -         -         -           PVOCI reserves         (2,287         1,343)         -         -         -           (8,855)         (4,481)         -         -         -         -         -           (8,855)         (4,481)         - <td< th=""><th></th><th>Note</th><th>31.12.2020</th><th>31.12.2019</th><th>31.12.2020</th><th>31.12.2019</th></td<>		Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
Reserves       - Foreign exchange reserves			RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
- Foreign exchange reserves       (11,142)       (6,824)       -       -         - FVOCI reserves       2,287       1,343       -       -         (8,855)       (4,481)       -       -       -         228,653       200,687       85,233       85,422         Movement in retained earnings         At 1 January       -       -       -         - as previously stated       188,396       236,931       85,442       128,174         - prior year adjustment       48       16,772       -       -       -         - restated       205,168       236,931       85,442       128,174         Profit/(loss) for the financial year       -	Retained earnings		237,508	205,168	85,233	85,422
- FVOCI reserves       2,287       1,343       -       -         (8,855)       (4,481)       -       -         226,653       200,687       85,233       85,422         Movement in retained earnings         At 1 January       -       -       -         - as previously stated       186,396       236,931       85,442       128,174         - prior year adjustment       48       16,772       -       -       -         - as previously stated       -       16,772       -       -       -         - as previously stated       -       16,772       -       -       -       -         - restated       39,789       (31,217)       6,826       (26,166)       -	Reserves					
(8,855)       (4,481)       -       -         228,653       200,687       85,233       85,422         Movement in retained earnings         At 1 January       -       -       -         - as previously stated       188,396       236,931       85,442       128,174         - prior year adjustment       48       16,772       -       -       -         - restated       205,168       236,931       85,442       128,174         Profit/(loss) for the financial year       - <td>- Foreign exchange reserves</td> <td></td> <td>(11,142)</td> <td>(5,824)</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	- Foreign exchange reserves		(11,142)	(5,824)	-	-
Z26,653         200,687         85,233         85,422           Movement in retained earnings           At 1 January           - as previously stated         188,396         236,931         85,442         128,174           - prior year adjustment         48         16,772         -         -         -           - restated         205,168         236,931         85,442         128,174           Profit/(loss) for the financial year         - <td< td=""><td>- FVOCI reserves</td><td></td><td>2,287</td><td>1,343</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>	- FVOCI reserves		2,287	1,343	-	-
Movement in retained earnings         At 1 January         - as previously stated       186,396       236,931       85,442       128,174         - prior year adjustment       48       16,772       -       -       -         - restated       205,168       236,931       85,442       128,174         Profit/(loss) for the financial year       -			(8,855)	(4,481)	-	-
At 1 January         - as previously stated       186,396       236,931       85,442       128,174         - prior year adjustment       48       16,772       -       -       -         - restated       205,168       236,931       85,442       128,174         Profit/(loss) for the financial year       -       -       -       -       -         - as previously stated       39,789       (31,217)       6,826       (26,166)         - prior year adjustment       48       -       16,772       -       -         - restated       39,789       (31,217)       6,826       (26,166)         - prior year adjustment       48       -       16,772       -       -         - restated       39,789       (14,445)       6,826       (26,166)         Remeasurement loss on retirement benefit       25       (434)       (732)       -       -         Cancellation of treasury shares       20       (7,015)       (175)       (175)       (16,411)         At 31 December       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Movement in foreign exchange reserves       41 January       (5,824)       (7,237)       -       -         Cu		_	228,653	200,687	85,233	85,422
- as previously stated       188,396       236,931       85,442       128,174         - prior year adjustment       48       16,772       -       -       -         - restated       205,168       236,931       85,442       128,174         Profit/(loss) for the financial year       -       -       -       -       -         - as previously stated       -       16,772       -       -       -         - restated       39,789       (31,217)       6,826       (26,166)         - prior year adjustment       48       -       16,772       -       -         - restated       39,789       (14,445)       6,826       (26,166)         Remeasurement loss on retirement benefit plan       25       (434)       (732)       -       -         Cancellation of treasury shares       20       (7,015)       (175)       (175)       (16,411)         At 31 December       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Movement in foreign exchange reserves       41       January       (5,824)       (7,237)       -       -         Currency translation differences arising during the financial year       (5,318)       1,413       -       -       -	Movement in retained earnings					
- prior year adjustment       48       16,772       -       -       -       -         - restated       205,168       236,931       85,442       128,174         Profit/(loss) for the financial year       -       as previously stated       -       16,772       -       -         - prior year adjustment       48       39,789       (31,217)       6,826       (26,166)         - prior year adjustment       48       -       16,772       -       -         - restated       39,789       (14,445)       6,826       (26,166)         Remeasurement loss on retirement benefit plan       25       (434)       (732)       -       -         Cancellation of treasury shares       20       (7,015)       (175)       (7,015)       (175)         Interim dividends paid       36       -       (16,411)       -       (16,411)         At 31 December       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Movement in foreign exchange reserves       41       January       (5,824)       (7,237)       -       -         Currency translation differences arising during the financial year       (5,318)       1,413       -       -	At 1 January					
- restated       205,168       236,931       85,442       128,174         Profit/(loss) for the financial year       - as previously stated        -       -         - as previously stated        -       -       -       -         - prior year adjustment       48        16,772       -       -       -         - restated       39,789       (14,445)       6,826       (26,166)         Remeasurement loss on retirement benefit plan       25       (434)       (732)       -       -         Cancellation of treasury shares       20       (7,015)       (175)       (7,015)       (175)         Interim dividends paid       36       -       (16,411)       -       (16,411)         At 31 December       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Movement in foreign exchange reserves       -       -       -         At 1 January       (5,824)       (7,237)       -       -         Currency translation differences arising during the financial year       (5,318)       1,413       -       -	- as previously stated		188,396	236,931	85,442	128,174
Profit/(loss) for the financial year - as previously stated - prior year adjustment39,789(31,217)6,826(26,166)- restated-16,77239,789(14,445)6,826(26,166)Remeasurement loss on retirement benefit plan25(434)(732)Cancellation of treasury shares20(7,015)(175)(7,015)(175)Interim dividends paid36-(16,411)-(16,411)At 31 December237,508205,16885,23385,422Movement in foreign exchange reserves(5,824)(7,237)At 1 January(5,824)(7,237)Currency translation differences arising 	- prior year adjustment	48	16,772	-	-	-
- as previously stated       39,789       (31,217)       6,826       (26,166)         - prior year adjustment       48       -       16,772       -       -         - restated       39,789       (14,445)       6,826       (26,166)         Remeasurement loss on retirement benefit plan       25       (434)       (732)       -       -         Cancellation of treasury shares       20       (7,015)       (175)       (7,015)       (175)         Interim dividends paid       36       -       (16,411)       -       (16,411)         At 31 December       237,508       205,168       85,233       85,422         Movement in foreign exchange reservess       4t 1 January       (5,824)       (7,237)       -       -         Currency translation differences arising during the financial year       (5,318)       1,413       -       -	- restated		205,168	236,931	85,442	128,174
- prior year adjustment48-16,772 restated39,789(14,445)6,826(26,166)Remeasurement loss on retirement benefit plan25(434)(732)Cancellation of treasury shares20(7,015)(175)(7,015)(175)Interim dividends paid36-(16,411)-(16,411)At 31 December237,508205,16885,23385,422Movement in foreign exchange reserves(5,824)(7,237)At 1 January(5,824)(7,237)Currency translation differences arising during the financial year(5,318)1,413	Profit/(loss) for the financial year					
- restated39,789(14,445)6,826(26,166)Remeasurement loss on retirement benefit plan25(434)(732)Cancellation of treasury shares20(7,015)(175)(7,015)(175)Interim dividends paid36-(16,411)-(16,411)At 31 December237,508205,16885,23385,422Movement in foreign exchange reserves4t 1 January(5,824)(7,237)Currency translation differences arising during the financial year(5,318)1,413	- as previously stated		39,789	(31,217)	6,826	(26,166)
Remeasurement loss on retirement benefit plan25(434)(732)Cancellation of treasury shares20(7,015)(175)(7,015)(175)Interim dividends paid36-(16,411)-(16,411)At 31 December237,508205,16885,23385,422Movement in foreign exchange reservessAt 1 January(5,824)(7,237)Currency translation differences arising during the financial year(5,318)1,413	- prior year adjustment	48	-	16,772	-	-
plan25(434)(732)Cancellation of treasury shares20(7,015)(175)(175)(175)Interim dividends paid36-(16,411)-(16,411)At 31 December237,508205,16885,23385,422Movement in foreign exchange reservesAt 1 January(5,824)(7,237)Currency translation differences arising during the financial year(5,318)1,413	- restated		39,789	(14,445)	6,826	(26,166)
Cancellation of treasury shares20(7,015)(175)(7,015)(175)Interim dividends paid36-(16,411)-(16,411)At 31 December237,508205,16885,23385,422Movement in foreign exchange reservesAt 1 January(5,824)(7,237)Currency translation differences arising during the financial year(5,318)1,413	Remeasurement loss on retirement benef	fit				
Interim dividends paid36-(16,411)-(16,411)At 31 December237,508205,16885,23385,422Movement in foreign exchange reserves </td <td>plan</td> <td>25</td> <td>(434)</td> <td>(732)</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	plan	25	(434)	(732)	-	-
At 31 December237,508205,16885,23385,422Movement in foreign exchange reservesAt 1 January(5,824)(7,237)Currency translation differences arising during the financial year(5,318)1,413	Cancellation of treasury shares	20	(7,015)	(175)	(7,015)	(175)
Movement in foreign exchange reserves         At 1 January       (5,824)       (7,237)       -       -         Currency translation differences arising during the financial year       (5,318)       1,413       -       -	Interim dividends paid	36	-	(16,411)	-	(16,411)
At 1 January(5,824)(7,237)Currency translation differences arising during the financial year(5,318)1,413	At 31 December	_	237,508	205,168	85,233	85,422
Currency translation differences arising during the financial year (5,318) 1,413	Movement in foreign exchange reserves					
during the financial year         (5,318)         1,413         -         -	At 1 January		(5,824)	(7,237)	-	-
At 31 December (11,142) (5,824)			(5,318)	1,413	-	-
	At 31 December		(11,142)	(5,824)		

# 21 RETAINED EARNINGS AND RESERVES (continued)

			GROUP		COMPANY
			(Restated)		
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Movement in FVOCI reserves					
At 1 January		1,343	(3,949)	-	-
Gross fair value changes	12	4,518	5,491	-	-
Realised gains transferred to profit or loss upon disposal of investments at FVOCI	29	(3,561)	(204)	-	-
(Write back of)/allowance for impairment loss transferred to profit or loss	32	(13)	5	-	-
Changes in fair value of investments at FVOCI		944	5,292	-	-
At 31 December	_	2,287	1,343	-	-

# 22 INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES

The General insurance contract liabilities and its movements are further analysed as follows:

#### **GROUP**

	31.12.2020				31.12.2019	
_	Gross Reinsurance		Net	Gross Re	einsurance	Net
_	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Provision for claims reported by						
policyholders	108,474	(37,919)	70,555	112,433	(43,641)	68,792
Provision for IBNR	19,158	(12,051)	7,107	33,157	(25,708)	7,449
_						
Provision for outstanding claims	127,632	(49,970)	77,662	145,590	(69,349)	76,241
		((				
Provision for unearned premiums	72,883	(12,903)	59,980	70,999	(8,203)	62,796
_	200,515	(62,873)	137,642	216,589	(77,552)	139,037

# 22 INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)

The General insurance contract liabilities and its movements are further analysed as follows (continued):

## <u>GROUP</u>

## Provision for outstanding claims

			31.12.2020			31.12.2019
-	Gross R	einsurance	Net	Gross R	einsurance	Net
-	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January	145,590	(69,349)	76,241	89,314	(32,840)	56,474
Claims incurred during the financial year	50,119	(11,895)	38,224	92,210	(35,381)	56,829
Claims paid during the financial year – net of salvage and subrogation	(58,670)	19,274	(39,396)	(54,430)	14,318	(40,112)
(Decrease)/increase in IBNR	(15,439)	14,784	(655)	16,502	(14,737)	1,765
L	(23,990)	22,163	(1,827)	54,282	(35,800)	18,482
Currency translation differences	6,032	(2,784)	3,248	1,994	(709)	1,285
At 31 December	127,632	(49,970)	77,662	145,590	(69,349)	76,241

Provision for unearned premiums

				31.12.2020			31.12.2019
	Note	Gross	Reinsurance	Net	Gross	Reinsurance	Net
	-	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January		70,999	(8,203)	62,796	59,919	(7,183)	52,736
Premiums written during the financial year	26	157,304	(54,955)	102,349	175,671	(59,972)	115,699
Premiums earned during the financial year	26	(158,298)	50,501	(107,797)	(166,121)	59,193	(106,928)
	_	(994)	(4,454)	(5,448)	9,550	(779)	8,771
Currency translation differences		2,878	(246)	2,632	1,530	(241)	1,289
At 31 December		72,883	(12,903)	59,980	70,999	(8,203)	62,796

# 23 INSURANCE PAYABLES

		GROUP
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Current		
Due to reinsurers and ceding companies	20,555	22,676

The carrying amounts disclosed above approximate their fair values at the date of the statement of financial position.

# 24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

			GROUP		COMPANY
			(Restated)		
	Note	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	_	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Defined retirement contribution plan payable		33	39	30	37
Accrual for unutilised staff leave		325	161	161	144
Provision for staff costs			774	487	90
		1,294	774	487	90
Provision for liquidation fees and expenses of a deconsolidated subsidiary	(a)	4,687	4,687	-	-
Commissions payable		18,571	13,095	-	-
Claims payable		2,941	1,306	-	-
Value added tax payable		21,558	14,108	-	-
Withholding tax payable		2,936	4,061	-	-
Other taxes payable		1,054	1,934	-	-
Bond collaterals received from policyholders		3,718	2,385	-	-
Fees received in advance	(b)	13,078	11,768	-	-
Security deposit		5,710	5,528	-	-
Hire purchase creditors	(C)	293	43	-	-
Purchase consideration payable	(d)	3,834	5,000	-	-
Amount due to a director		5,948	-	-	-
Accrual for professional fee		235	1,227	235	1,227
Other payables due to brokers and fund managers		3,164	48	3,164	48
Other payables and accruals		21,328	8,250	1,660	1,549
	_	110,707	74,414	5,737	3,095
Current		110,707	74,414	5,737	3,095
Non-current		-	-	-	-
	—	110,707	74,414	5,737	3,095

#### 24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

The carrying amounts disclosed above approximate their fair values as at the date of the statement of financial position.

(a) In the previous financial year ended 31 December 2015, the Group made a provision of RM5.66 million for the liquidation fees and expenses related to an ex-subsidiary, PT MAA General Assurance ("PT MAAG") which had commenced shareholders' voluntary winding up on 1 December 2015. Following the appointment of the liquidators, the Group had relinquished its control and involvement in the operation and financial matters of PT MAAG to the liquidators. Accordingly, PT MAAG had ceased to be a subsidiary of the Group and had been deconsolidated with effect from 1 December 2015. The said provision was based on the appointed liquidators' schedule of fees and expenses and an estimation of three (3) years to complete the liquidation of PT MAAG.

On 26 December 2019, the Financial Services Authority of Indonesia has approved the extension of time till 31 March 2020 for the liquidators to complete the shareholders' voluntary winding up of PT MAAG. The liquidators have completed all stages of the liquidation process and pending for the Financial Service Authority of Indonesia's approval for the disbursement of the insurance guarantee fund.

(b) The fees received in advance are a contract liability that relates to fees received for services not yet rendered.

		GROUP		COMPANY
_	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
_	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January	11,768	-	-	-
Arising from business combination	-	6,518	-	-
Fee received during the financial year	17,886	5,250	-	-
Amounts recognised as revenue during the financial year	(16,576)	-	-	-
At 31 December	13,078	11,768	-	-

The increase in the contract liabilities arising from fees received in advance is from the acquisition of two educational institutions during the previous financial year. The fees are paid prior to the commencement of the semester, and the entities' performance obligations will be satisfied upon the rendering of the services in the next financial year.

(c) The hire purchase creditors of the Group bear interest rates ranging from 6.6% to 10.4% per annum.

		GROUP		
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Current	56	43	-	-
Non-current	237	-	-	-
	293	43	-	-

<sup>(</sup>d) Consists of RM5.0 million of purchase consideration retained from the acquisition of SIB which is payable to the sellers upon them fulfilling the profit guarantees of RM5.0 million for financial years ended 31 December 2019 and financial year ending 31 December 2020 cumulatively. On 17 July 2020, the Group paid RM1,166,000 for achieving partial yearly profit guarantee for financial year ended 31 December 2019.

## 25 RETIREMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY

The General insurance subsidiary has a funded, non-contributory, defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all of its regular employees. The plan provides a retirement benefit equal to one hundred percent (100%) of Plan Salary for every year of credited service plus retirement bonus, if any. The plan is administered by a local bank as trustee.

The amount of retirement benefit liability recognised in the statements of financial position is as follows:

		GROUP
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Fair value of defined benefit obligation	(6,745)	(5,240)
Fair value of plan assets	5,526	3,882
Retirement benefit liability	(1,219)	(1,358)

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligations recognised in the statements of financial position are as follows:

		GROUP
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January	5,240	3,801
Current service cost	627	430
Interest cost	304	297
Benefits paid	(234)	(183)
Remeasurement losses		
Actuarial losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	975	915
Experience adjustments	(377)	(116)
Currency translation differences	210	96
At 31 December	6,745	5,240

# 25 RETIREMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY (continued)

Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

		GROUP
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January	3,882	3,910
Contributions	1,421	-
Interest income	258	298
Benefits paid	(234)	(183)
Return on plan assets excluding amount in net interest income/cost	49	(238)
Currency translation differences	150	95
At 31 December	5,526	3,882

The amounts of defined benefit costs that are included in profit or loss under 'Staff costs – defined retirement benefit plan' in Note 33 to the financial statements are as follows:

		GROUP	
	2020	2019	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Current service cost	627	430	
Net interest income/(cost)	46	(1)	
Interest on the effect of asset ceiling	-	1	
	673	430	

The amounts of defined benefit costs which are included in other comprehensive income related to remeasurement of retirement benefit liability are as follows:

		GROUP
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Actuarial losses on present value of retirement obligation	(598)	(799)
Return on plan assets excluding amount in net interest income/cost	49	(238)
Effect of asset ceiling	-	9
	(549)	(1,028)
Deferred tax effect	165	308
Currency translation differences	(50)	(12)
	(434)	(732)

### 25 RETIREMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY (continued)

The fair values of plan assets by each class as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

		GROUP
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and cash equivalents	1	361
Investments in:		
Government debt securities	5,017	3,143
Unit trust fund	110	2
Private debt securities	376	349
Accrued trust fees	(6)	(5)
Others	28	32
Total plan assets	5,526	3,882

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in saving deposit, special savings deposit and time deposit accounts. Investments in government debt securities consist of investments in retail treasury bonds while the private debt securities consist of investment in commercial papers, instalment receivables and interest receivables.

All government and private debt securities held, except various receivables, have quoted prices in active market. The remaining plan assets are carried at carrying amounts that approximate the fair values.

The plan assets have diverse investments and do not have any concentration risk.

The principal assumptions used to determine pension benefits for the General insurance subsidiary are as follows:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Discount rate	4.05%	5.54%
Expected salary rate increase	7.00%	7.00%

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of each significant assumption on the fair value of defined benefit obligation as of the end of the reporting period, assuming all other assumptions were held constant:

		Impact on of defined ben	present value efit obligation
	Change in variables	Increa	se/(decrease)
		31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	_	RM'000	RM'000
Discount rate	+100 bps	(686)	(468)
	-100 bps	842	567
Salary increase rate	+100 bps	808	553
	-100 bps	(674)	(467)

### 25 RETIREMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY (continued)

The General insurance subsidiary does not expect any contribution to the plan in next financial year.

In the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, the weighted average duration of the retirement benefit obligation is 11.3 years and 9.9 years respectively.

Maturity profile of the expected undiscounted benefit payments are as follows:

Financial Year	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Year 1	1,018	1,111
Year 2	1,361	55
Year 3	87	1,332
Year 4	197	82
Year 5	317	197
Year 6 to 10	1,226	1,177

### 26 NET EARNED PREMIUMS

		GROUP
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Gross earned premiums		
Gross written premiums	157,304	175,671
Change in unearned premium reserves	994	(9,550)
	158,298	166,121
Premiums ceded to reinsurers		
Gross written premiums ceded to reinsurers	(54,955)	(59,972)
Change in unearned premium reserves	4,454	779
	(50,501)	(59,193)
Net earned premiums	107,797	106,928

### 27 INVESTMENT INCOME

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Rental income from investment properties	6	149	267	158	-
Investments at FVTPL					
Dividend income					
- Equity securities quoted in Malaysia		195	262	195	262
<ul> <li>Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia</li> </ul>		2,168	1,514	1,431	730
<ul> <li>Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia</li> </ul>		-	703	-	-
- Unit trusts quoted in Malaysia		97	109	-	-
		2,460	2,588	1,626	992
Investments at FVOCI					
Dividend income					
- Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia					
<ul> <li>related to those derecognised during the financial year</li> </ul>		134	-	-	-
- related to those held as at the end of					
the financial year		1,513	1,553	-	-
		1,647	1,553	-	-
		4,256	4,408	1,784	992

### 28 INTEREST INCOME

		GROUP		COMPANY
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Investments at FVOCI				
Interest income				
<ul> <li>Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia</li> </ul>	2,024	4,350	-	-
<ul> <li>Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia</li> </ul>	85	208	-	-
- Corporate debt securities unquoted in Malaysia	622	621	622	621
	2,731	5,179	622	621
Investments at AC				
Interest income				
<ul> <li>Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia</li> </ul>	703	399	-	-
<ul> <li>Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia</li> </ul>	6,229	2,255	-	-
- Private trust fund unquoted in Malaysia	25	5	-	-
- Private trust fund unquoted outside Malaysia	8	2	-	-
	6,965	2,661	-	-
Loans and receivables				
Interest income from:				
- Staff loans	3	2	3	1
- Subsidiaries	-	-	2,079	62
- Associates	278	31	-	-
	281	33	2,082	63
Fixed and call deposits interest income	2,721	8,094	1,901	5,935
Income from factory business	5,407	168	-	-
	18,105	16,135	4,605	6,619

### 29 REALISED GAINS AND LOSSES

		GROUP		COMPANY
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Net gains/(losses) from disposal of property, plant				
and equipment	4	(146)	(1)	(163)
Investments at FVTPL				
Net realised gains/(losses)				
- Equity securities quoted in Malaysia	555	571	555	571
- Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia	3,231	2,610	3,420	409
- Unit trusts quoted outside Malaysia	-	(80)	-	(80)
- Derivatives quoted in Malaysia	-	39	-	39
	3,786	3,140	3,975	939
Investments at FVOCI				
Net realised gains/(losses)				
- Government debt securities quoted outside Malaysia	3,569	204	-	-
<ul> <li>Corporate debt securities quoted outside Malaysia</li> </ul>	(8)	-	-	-
	3,561	204	-	-
	7,351	3,198	3,974	776

### 30 FAIR VALUE GAINS AND LOSSES

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Net fair value losses on investment					
properties	6	(112)	(688)	(13)	(429)
Investments at FVTPL					
Net fair value gains/(losses)	12				
- Equity securities quoted in Malaysia		(335)	2,879	(335)	2,879
- Equity securities quoted outside Malaysia		21,912	(1,656)	20,414	2,676
<ul> <li>Equity securities unquoted outside Malaysia</li> </ul>		509	(1,229)	-	-
- Unit trusts quoted in Malaysia		28	67	-	-
- Unit trusts quoted outside Malaysia		-	162	-	162
- Derivatives quoted in Malaysia		-	67	-	67
		22,114	290	20,079	5,784
		22,002	(398)	20,066	5,355

### 31 OTHER OPERATING REVENUE FROM NON-INSURANCE BUSINESSES

		GROUP		COMPANY
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue from non-insurance businesses				
- Management fee income	204	-	386	560
- Fee income from education services	27,729	7,274	-	-
<ul> <li>Interest income from money lending, hire purchase and other credit activities</li> </ul>	1,138	-	-	-
- Hotel room and hotel related services	1,327	-	-	-
- Sale of cigar and accessories	362	-	-	-
- Others	424	240	-	-
	31,184	7,514	386	560

Revenue of the education segment represents course fees of RM7.5 million, school fees of RM17.9 million, tuition fees of RM1.4 million and other fees of RM0.9 million. Revenue from course fees, school fees, tuition fees and other fees will be recognised over time throughout the semester or school period and others are recognised at a point in time upon delivery of services. The credit term to customers is on cash term to 14 days from the date of invoice.

### 32 OTHER OPERATING INCOME/(EXPENSES) - NET

			GROUP		COMPANY
			(Restated)		
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment written off	4	(1)	(1,036)	(1)	(14)
Bad debts recovered		238	-	-	-
(Allowance for)/write back of impairment loss on:					
- investments in subsidiaries	8	-	-	-	(16,510)
- investments at AC	12(c)	(274)	(403)	-	-
<ul> <li>loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit activities – net</li> </ul>	13	(392)	(506)	-	-
<ul> <li>fixed and call deposits with licensed banks</li> </ul>	13	(1)	-	-	-
- amounts due from subsidiaries	17	-	-	(1,229)	(295)
- amounts due from associates	17	89	(2,998)	-	-
- cash and cash equivalents	18	(23)	31	-	-
- investments at FVOCI	21	13	(5)	-	-
Realised foreign exchange (losses)/gains – net		8,950	(127)	(1,827)	(120)
Unrealised foreign exchange losses - net		(2,205)	(1,799)	(2,257)	(183)
Provision for Zurich's claims	17	-	(5,127)	-	(5,127)
Allowance for impairment loss on goodwill acquired	38	(3,785)	(4,996)	-	-
Other income arising from the excess purchase consideration <sup>(N1)</sup>		3,500	-	-	-
Rebate on lease payment		613	-	-	-
Reversal of liabilities	48	-	16,772	-	-
Others		1,154	306	6	32
Others					

<sup>(N1)</sup> Arising from the returned excess purchase consideration of RM3.5 million as result of the reduced purchase consideration of Imperium Edumaax (formerly known as HCAT) as disclosed in Note 49(d) to the financial statements.

### 33 MANAGEMENT EXPENSES

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Staff costs (including Executive Directors)					
- salaries and bonus		22,322	17,995	5,757	6,546
- defined retirement contribution plan		1,689	1,232	550	640
- defined retirement benefit plan	25	673	430	-	-
- annual leave		44	(87)	17	(65)
- executive Director's fees		31	16	-	-
- other staff benefits		1,297	1,528	541	658
		26,056	21,114	6,865	7,779
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4	3,138	2,242	302	294
Amortisation of leasehold land	4	1	1	-	-
Depreciation of ROU assets	5	8,565	3,500	423	424
Direct operating expenses of investment properties	6	1,018	1,328	537	445
Amortisation of intangible assets	7	179	83	44	44
Allowance for/(write back of) impairment loss on:					
- insurance receivables	15	554	(734)	-	-
- trade receivables	17	(66)	43	-	-
- factoring receivables	17	272	342	-	-
Auditors' remuneration					
- statutory audit					
- current year		354	320	251	251
- under provision in prior financial year		34	37	8	37
Auditors' remuneration payable/paid to other audit firms					
- current year		202	175	-	-
- under provision in prior financial year		6	-	-	-
Non-executive Directors' fees and other emoluments	40	566	649	370	439
Fees paid to a company in which certain Directors have an					
interest	40	253	315	217	293
Tutors' fees for education services		9,601	2,740	-	-
Office rental		181	52	-	-
Staff training expenses		72	147	27	54
Staff medical and amenities		1,261	883	273	217
Computer and data processing expenses		1,047	575	262	224
Advertising, promotional and entertainment expenses		2,293	1,330	466	357
Motor vehicle, accommodation and travelling expenses		2,220	1,544	118	701
Printing and stationery		976	942	105	107
Postage, telephone and fax		748	592	54	68
Professional fees		3,506	5,375	1,118	4,151
Electricity and water		979	607	27	29
Security charges		461	114	-	44
Repair and maintenance		1,010	690	45	62
Underwriting expenses		1,754	2,132	-	-
Agency training expenses		1,110	908	-	-
Investment management expenses		3,969	819	3,969	819
Taxes and licenses		797	714	-	-
Others		6,166	3,944	967	1,394
		79,283	53,523	16,448	18,233

### 34 FINANCE COSTS

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Hire purchase interest		3	6	-	-
Lease interests	5(b)	674	257	16	45
Other interest		52	-	-	-
		729	263	16	45

### 35 TAXATION

			GROUP		COMPANY
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Current tax:					
Current financial year		8,178	1,706	2,250	-
(Over)/under provision in prior financial years		(127)	(13)	-	7
Total current tax expenses		8,051	1,693	2,250	7
Deferred tax:	11				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		(2,211)	44	(33)	(34)
Tax expenses/(income)		5,840	1,737	2,217	(27)

### 35 TAXATION (continued)

Numerical reconciliation between the average effective tax rate and the statutory tax rate:

		GROUP		COMPANY
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit/(loss) before taxation	44,901	(29,525)	9,043	(26,193)
Taxation at Malaysia statutory tax rate of 24% (2019: 24%)	10,776	(7,086)	2,170	(6,286)
Tax effects of:				
- expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,077	10,625	1,763	7,057
- income not taxable for tax purposes	(8,707)	(4,071)	(597)	(1,920)
- tax losses not recognised	3,412	2,103	150	1,115
- temporary differences previously not recognised	(1,048)	-	(1,048)	-
- effects of different tax rates in foreign jurisdictions	537	231	-	-
- utilisation of tax losses and capital allowances	(65)	(2)	(30)	-
- (over)/under provision in prior financial years	(127)	(13)	-	7
- tax exemption	(15)	(50)	-	-
- losses claimed under group relief	-	-	(191)	-
Total tax expenses/(income)	5,840	1,737	2,217	(27)

### 36 DIVIDENDS

No interim dividend has been paid by the Company during the financial year ended 31 December 2020 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

The Company paid a first interim dividend of 6 sen per ordinary share under the single-tier dividend system in respect of the current financial year ended 31 December 2019 totaling RM16,411,065 on 20 August 2019.

### 37 BASIC/DILUTED EARNING/LOSS PER SHARE - GROUP

The basic/diluted earning/loss per ordinary share is calculated by dividing the Group's total net profit or loss after NCI over the weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue during the financial year of 268,468,000 shares (2019: 273,462,000 shares).

### 38 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND TRANSACTIONS WITH NCI

(a) Acquisition of Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd ("H360")

On 3 November 2020, the Company via its wholly owned subsidiary, MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd ("MAA Corp") has acquired 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each in H360, representing 2% of the issued and paid up share capital of H360, from Charming Vanguard Sdn Bhd for a total cash purchase consideration of RM2. With this acquisition, MAA Corp's equity interest in H360 increased from 49% to 51%, making H360 a subsidiary of the Group.

Details of the purchase consideration, the net liabilities acquired and goodwill are as follows:

		RM'000
(i)	Purchase consideration	
	Cash paid	_*
	Total purchase consideration	_*
	* Denote RM2.00	

### (ii) Fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarised the recognised amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition:

	Note	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	4	2,944
ROU assets	5(a)	2,946
Intangible assets	7	309
Associates	10	19
Tax recoverable		70
Investments at FVOCI	12	100
Trade and other receivables		2,994
Cash and cash equivalents		3,248
Lease liabilities	5(b)	(3,410)
Deferred tax liabilities	11	(4)
Trade and other payables		(23,642)
Current tax liabilities		(10)
Total fair value of net identifiable liabilities acquired		(14,436)
Add: NCI		6,675
Add: goodwill	9	7,761
Net assets acquired		_*
* Denote RM2.00		

### (a) Acquisition of Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd ("H360") (continued)

Details of the purchase consideration, the net liabilities acquired and goodwill are as follows (continued):

(ii) Fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed (continued)

The goodwill in H360 was attributable mainly to the skill of acquired subsidiaries' workforce and the synergies expected to be achieved from the expansion of the H360's existing hospitality, operator of logistic and dispatch services, provision of renovation services business segments. The goodwill was not deductible for tax purposes.

The key assumptions for the computation of value-in-use include discount rate, probability weighted cash flow projection, growth rates and occupancy rate which are applied as follows:

(a) Discount rate

The discount rate of 7.0% is based on the pre-tax weighted average cost of capital plus an appropriate risk premium, that reflect risks relating to H360. The pre-tax weighted average cost of capital is derived from an appropriate capital asset pricing model, which itself depends on inputs reflecting a number of financial and economic variables including the risk-free rate in the Malaysia.

(b) Cash flow projections and growth rate

Cash flow projections are based on a five-year financial budgets and projections approved by the Board of Directors. Terminal growth rate are forecasted based on growth rate of 3.0%. Cash flows are extrapolated in perpetuity due to the long term perspective of the business.

(c) Occupancy rate

The occupancy rate is projected at the range of 48% to 68% based on industry forecast in a five-year financial budgets and projections approved by the Board of Directors.

The Group had impaired the goodwill of RM3,785,000 arising from the acquisition of H360.

(iii) Net cashflows to the Group

	RM'000
Total purchase consideration	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(3,248)
Net cash inflow from business combination	(3,248)

After acquisition, H360 contributed operating revenue of RM2,073,000 with a loss after taxation of RM1,666,000 to the Group for the financial period from 3 November 2020 to 31 December 2020.

If the acquisition of H360 had occurred on 1 January 2020, the Group would have shown consolidated proforma operating revenue of RM216,734,000 and profit after taxation of RM33,050,000 for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

(b) Acquisition of HELP College of Arts and Technology Sdn Bhd ("HCAT") (now known as Imperium Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Imperium Edumaax"))

On 31 October 2019, Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Edumaax"), the wholly-owned sub-subsidiary of the Company completed the acquisition of 100% equity interest in HCAT (now known as Imperium Edumaax) for a total cash purchase consideration of RM5,500,000 ("Purchase Consideration") via a Share Purchase Agreement ("SPA") with HELP International Corporation Berhad ("Seller"). Upon the fulfilment of the conditions precedent in the SPA, the full Purchase Consideration was paid to the appointed lawyers of the Seller and the Company as stakeholders. On even date, the Company has taken management control of HCAT (now known as Imperium). Notwithstanding this, the shares transfer was pending the approval from the Ministry of Education for the change in shareholder.

Details of the purchase consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill were as follows:

	RM'000
Purchase consideration	
Cash paid	5,500
Total purchase consideration	5,500

### (ii) Fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarised the recognised amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition:

	Note	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	4	2,521
Intangible assets	7	21
Trade and other receivables		930
Cash and cash equivalents		1,032
Trade and other payables		(4,000)
Total fair value of net identifiable assets acquired		504
Add: goodwill	9	4,996
Net assets acquired		5,500

The goodwill was attributable mainly to the skill of HCAT (now known as Imperium Edumaax)'s workforce and the synergies expected to be achieved from the expansion of the Group's existing education business segment from tuition centre education to tertiary education. The goodwill was not deductible for tax purposes.

The Group had impaired the goodwill of RM4,996,000 arising from the acquisition of HCAT (now known as Imperium Edumaax) as the company was in a loss making position. The recoverable amount was based on HCAT (now known as Imperium Edumaax)'s net liabilities position of RM1,319,000 as at 31 December 2019, which approximates its fair value less costs of disposal (Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy). The said impairment was disclosed in Note 32 'Other operating income/(expenses)-net' in the financial statements.

(i)

(b) Acquisition of HELP College of Arts and Technology Sdn Bhd ("HCAT") (now known as Imperium Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Imperium Edumaax")) (continued)

Details of the purchase consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill were as follows (continued):

(iii) Net cashflows to the Group

	RM'000
Total purchase consideration Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	5,500 (1,032)
Net cash outflow from business combination	4,468

Acquisition-related costs of RM83,000 that were not directly attributable to the issue of shares are included in management expenses in the statement of profit or loss and in operating cashflows in the statement of cash flows.

After acquisition, HCAT (now known as Imperium Edumaax) contributed operating revenue of RM1,655,000 with a loss after taxation of RM1,823,000 to the Group for the financial period from 1 November 2019 to 31 December 2019.

(c) Acquisition of Scholastic IB International Sdn Bhd ("SIB")

On 31 October 2019, Edumaax completed the acquisition of 90% equity interest in SIB for a total cash purchase consideration of RM27,000,000 via a Share Acquisition Agreement ("SAA") with Scholastic Ventures Sdn Bhd and PAC Edu KL Sdn Bhd.

Following the completion of the acquisition, SIB and its subsidiaries ("SIB Group") became 90% owned subsidiaries of the Group.

Details of the purchase consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill were as follows:

		Note	RM'000
(i)	Purchase consideration		
	Cash paid Purchase consideration payable	24	22,000 5,000
	Total purchase consideration		27,000

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(c) Acquisition of Scholastic IB International Sdn Bhd ("SIB") (continued)

Details of the purchase consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill were as follows (continued):

(ii) Fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarised the recognised amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition:

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	Note	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	4	3,708
ROU assets	5(a)	4,974
Intangible assets	7	17
Goodwill	9	267
Investments at AC	12	250
Trade and other receivables		8,479
Cash and cash equivalents		152
Lease liabilities	5(b)	(5,137)
Deferred tax liabilities	11	(146)
Trade and other payables		(12,008)
Current tax liabilities		(160)
Total provisional fair value of net identifiable assets acquired		396
Less: NCI		(40)
Add: goodwill	9	26,644
Net assets acquired		27,000

The goodwill was attributable mainly to the skill of SIB Group's workforce, business growth capability with increase in campus capacity, new licences from Ministry of Education to commence pre-school and Cambridge primary school programs in 2020 and the synergies expected to be achieved from the expansion of the Group's existing education business segment from tuition centre education to tertiary education. The goodwill was not deductible for tax purposes. The impairment assessment is based on fair value.

For the purpose of impairment assessment on the goodwill acquired, the recoverable amount was determined by the value-in-use calculations using probability weighted cash flow projections of 5 years. Based on the assessment and sensitivity analysis, no impairment is required as the recoverable amount is higher than the carrying amount.

(c) Acquisition of Scholastic IB International Sdn Bhd ("SIB") (continued)

Details of the purchase consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill were as follows (continued):

(ii) Fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed (continued)

The key assumptions for the computation of value-in-use include the number of students, discount rate, probability weighted cash flow projection and growth rates which are applied as follows:

(a) Discount rate

The discount rate of 8.69% (2019: 7.6%) is based on the pre-tax weighted average cost of capital plus an appropriate risk premium, that reflect risks relating to SIB. The pre-tax weighted average cost of capital is derived from an appropriate capital asset pricing model, which itself depends on inputs reflecting a number of financial and economic variables including the risk-free rate in the Malaysia.

(b) Probability weighted cash flow projections and growth rate

Probability weighted cash flow projections are based on a five-year financial budgets and projections approved by the Board of Directors. Terminal growth rate are forecasted based on the average inflation and GDP growth rate of 1.16% (2019: 1.5%). Cash flows are extrapolated in perpetuity due to the long term perspective of the business.

Any reasonable possible change in the key assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of the goodwill to exceed its recoverable amount, which would warrant any impairment loss to be recognised.

(iii) Net cashflows to the Group

	RM'000
Total cash paid Less: cash and cash equivalents acquired	22,000 (152)
Net cash outflow from business combination	21,848

Acquisition-related costs of RM82,000 that were not directly attributable to the issue of shares are included in management expenses in the statement of profit or loss and in operating cashflows in the statement of cash flows.

After acquisition, SIB Group contributed operating revenue of RM2,623,000 with a profit after taxation of RM113,000 to the Group for the financial period from 1 November 2019 to 31 December 2019.

If both acquisitions of HCAT (now known as Imperium Edumaax) and SIB had occurred on 1 January 2019, the Group would have shown consolidated pro-forma operating revenue of RM218,313,000 and loss after taxation of RM39,110,000 for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

### 39 CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

Significant capital expenditure contracted but not provided for at the date of the statement of financial position is as follows:

		GROUP		COMPANY
	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment				
- Furniture, fitting and equipments	32	-	-	-
- Renovation	19	401	-	-
	51	401	-	-

### 40 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

### Related parties and relationships

The subsidiaries and associates of the Company are disclosed in Notes 8 and 10 to the financial statements respectively. The other related parties of, and their relationships with the Group and the Company are as follows:

Related party	Relationship
Melewar Equities Sdn Bhd	Indirect substantial shareholder of the Company
Trace Management Services Sdn Bhd	Company controlled by certain Directors of the Company
Melewar Industrial Group Berhad	Company controlled by certain Directors of the Company
Mycron Steel Berhad	Company controlled by certain Directors of the Company
Melewar Integrated Engineering Sdn Bhd	Company controlled by certain Directors of the Company
Mycron Steel CRC Sdn Bhd	Company controlled by certain Directors of the Company

### 40 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

### Significant related party transactions

During the financial year, the Group and the Company undertook various transactions based on agreed terms and conditions with its subsidiaries, associates and other companies deemed related parties as disclosed above.

The significant related party transactions during the financial year are as follows:

		GROUP		COMPANY
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Transactions with subsidiaries:				
Interest income from advances to subsidiaries	-	-	2,079	62
Management fee income from subsidiaries	-	-	345	505
Office support fee income from subsidiaries	-	-	41	55
Rental income from subsidiary	-	-	132	-
Transactions with related parties:				
Rental income receivable from:				
Melewar Industrial Group Berhad	87	87	-	-
Melewar Equities Sdn Bhd	56	56	-	-
Office service fee income receivable from:				
Melewar Industrial Group Berhad	20	20	-	-
Melewar Equities Sdn Bhd	13	13	-	-
Company secretarial and related fees payable to Trace Management Services Sdn Bhd	(253)	(315)	(217)	(293)
Factoring facility and ancillary fees receivable from Mycron Steel CRC Sdn Bhd	4,561	-	-	-
Staff secondment fee payable to Melewar Integrated Engineering Sdn Bhd	(25)	-	(25)	-
Related party receivables/payables				

The balances with related parties at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

### 40 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

### Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and of the Company, directly or indirectly, including any Director (whether executive or otherwise). The key management personnel of the Group and of the Company comprised the Chief Executive Officers, all the Directors and certain members of senior management.

Key management personnel received remuneration for services rendered during the financial year. Remuneration and emoluments received by Directors, Chief Executive Officers and other key management personnel of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were as follows:

		GROUP		COMPANY
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Executive Directors:				
- salaries	2,785	2,887	1,678	1,954
- bonus	639	1,291	140	<sup>(N1)</sup> 795
- defined retirement contribution plan	335	474	291	<sup>(N1)</sup> 435
- fees	30	16	-	-
- other emoluments	147	126	-	-
- estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind	29	40	22	33
_	3,965	4,834	2,131	3,217
Non-executive Directors:				
- fees	418	500	245	306
- other emoluments	148	149	125	133
- bonus	-	<sup>(N2)</sup> 46	-	<sup>(N2)</sup> 46
- defined retirement contribution plan	-	<sup>(N2)</sup> 7	-	<sup>(N2)</sup> 7
	566	702	370	492
_	4,531	5,536	2,501	3,709
Chief Executive Officers:				
- salaries	815	975	-	276
- bonus	487	967	-	<sup>(N1)</sup> 515
- defined retirement contribution plan	3	126	-	<sup>(N1)</sup> 122
- fees	17	16	-	-
- other emoluments	89	108	-	-
- estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind	-	5	-	5
_	1,411	2,197	-	918
Other key management personnel:				
- short term employee benefits	1,970	2,940	1,436	2,372

 $^{\rm (N1)}$  included a total payment of RM597,000 from accrual in prior years  $^{\rm (N2)}$  included a total payment of RM53,000 from accrual in prior years

### 41 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The following segment information has been prepared in accordance with MFRS 8 'Operating Segments', which defines the requirements for the disclosure of financial information of an entity's operating segments. It is prepared on the basis of the "management approach", which requires presentation of the segments on the basis of internal reports about the components of the entity which are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker in order to allocate resources to a segment and to assess its performance.

The Group's operating segments as described below are the Group's strategic business units. The strategic business units offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they employ different technology and marketing strategies. The operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Executive Committee of the Company (the chief operating decision maker).

The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's operating segments for the current financial year ended 31 December 2020:

- Investment holdings investment holding
- General insurance business underwriting of all general insurance business
- Education services provision of education services and operations of education tuition centres

The Group's other segments comprise of hire purchase, leasing and other credit activities, business debt factoring services, property management, IT consultancy, advisor and manager of hotel management services, hotel business and operator of short-term accommodation in properties, operator of logistics and dispatch services, provision of renovation services, none of which has met the requirements of MFRS 8 'Operating Segment' to be separately presented as an operating segment.

There have been no material changes in total assets, the basis of segmentation and the basis of measurement of segment profit or loss from the last annual financial statements.

### Measurement and Evaluation of Segment Performance

The Executive Committee evaluates operating segments' performance on the basis of revenue and profit. Expenses directly associated with each operating segment are included in determining their respective profits. Transactions between operating segments are based on mutually agreed allocation bases.

### 41 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

Financial year ended 31 December 2020

	Note	Investment holdings	General insurance	Education services	Other segments	Group
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
External revenue		5,099	169,861	28,042	8,841	211,843
Net earned premiums	26	-	107,797	-	-	107,797
Investment income	27	1,775	2,384	-	97	4,256
Interest income	28	3,087	9,179	313	5,526	18,105
Realised gains	29	3,974	3,371	5	1	7,351
Fair value gains	30	20,476	1,498	-	28	22,002
Other operating revenue from non- insurance businesses	31	237	-	27,729	3,218	31,184
Allowance for impairment loss on goodwill acquired	32	(3,785)	-	-	-	(3,785)
Other income arising from the excess purchase consideration	32	3,500	-	-	-	3,500
Other income - net		5,877	131	2,018	135	8,161
Net claims incurred		-	(37,569)	-	-	(37,569)
Commission expenses - net	16	-	(36,045)	-	-	(36,045)
Allowance for impairment loss on insurance receivables	33	-	(554)	-	-	(554)
Write back of/(allowance for) impairment loss on trade and factoring receivables	33	-	-	88	(294)	(206)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	33	(608)	(354)	(2,036)	(140)	(3,138)
Depreciation of ROU assets	33	(866)	(1,265)	(5,936)	(498)	(8,565)
Amortisation of intangible assets	33	(46)	(40)	(87)	(6)	(179)
Other management expenses		(18,042)	(16,620)	(26,255)	(5,724)	(66,641)
Finance costs	34	(36)	(35)	(555)	(103)	(729)
Profit/(loss) before taxation before share of (loss)/profit of associates		15,543	31,878	(4,716)	2,240	44,945
Share of (loss)/profit of associates	10	(47)	-	-	3	(44)
Segment profit/(loss) before taxation		15,496	31,878	(4,716)	2,243	44,901

### 41 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

Financial year ended 31 December 2019 (Restated)

	Note	Investment holdings	General insurance	Education services	Other segments	Group
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
External revenue		9,909	176,357	7,305	607	194,178
Net earned premiums	26	-	106,928	-	-	106,928
Investment income	27	1,962	2,337	-	109	4,408
Interest income	28	7,709	7,899	31	496	16,135
Realised gains/(losses)	29	775	2,424	-	(1)	3,198
Fair value gains/(losses)	30	3,867	(4,332)	-	67	(398)
Other operating revenue from non- insurance businesses	31	238	-	7,274	2	7,514
Provision for Zurich's claims	32	(5,127)	-	-	-	(5,127)
Allowance for impairment loss on goodwill acquired	32	(4,996)	-	-	-	(4,996)
Other (expenses)/income - net		(4,769)	16,102	(557)	(541)	10,235
Net claims incurred		-	(58,594)	-	-	(58,594)
Commission expenses - net		-	(38,270)	-	-	(38,270)
Write back of impairment loss on insurance receivables	33	-	734	-	-	734
Allowance for impairment loss on trade and factoring receivables	33	-	-	(43)	(342)	(385)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	33	(524)	(1,224)	(481)	(13)	(2,242)
Depreciation of ROU assets	33	(847)	(1,109)	(1,428)	(116)	(3,500)
Amortisation of intangible assets	33	(46)	(20)	(14)	(3)	(83)
Other management expenses		(20,551)	(17,591)	(7,236)	(2,669)	(48,047)
Finance costs	34	(89)	(34)	(126)	(14)	(263)
Segment (loss)/profit before taxation		(22,398)	15,250	(2,580)	(3,025)	(12,753)

### 41 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

	Investment holdings RM'000	General insurance RM'000	Education services RM'000	Other segments RM'000	Group RM'000
<u>31 December 2020</u>					
Segment assets/Total assets	276,617	434,972	80,952	87,990	880,531
31 December 2019 (Restated)					
Segment assets/Total assets	338,796	399,404	76,407	24,597	839,204
Reconciliation of External revenue to Total revenue					
Financial year ended 31 December 2020					
External revenue	5,099	169,861	28,042	8,841	211,843
Premiums ceded to reinsurers	-	(50,501)	-	-	(50,501)
Realised gains	3,974	3,371	5	1	7,351
Fair value gains	20,476	1,498	-	28	22,002
Commission income	-	2,557	-	-	2,557
Other incomes-net	5,592	131	2,018	135	7,876
Total revenue	35,141	126,917	30,065	9,005	201,128
Financial year ended 31 December 2019 (Restated)					
External revenue	9,909	176,357	7,305	607	194,178
Premiums ceded to reinsurers	-	(59,193)	-	-	(59,193)
Realised gains/(losses)	775	2,424	-	(1)	3,198
Fair value gains/(losses)	3,867	(4,332)	-	67	(398)
Commission income	-	2,284	-	-	2,284
Other (expenses)/income-net	(14,892)	16,102	(557)	(541)	112
Total revenue	(341)	133,642	6,748	132	140,181

### **Geographical segments**

The Group operates mainly in Malaysia and Philippines. In determining the geographical segments of the Group, revenues and non-current assets are based on the geographical location of assets.

	Exter	rnal revenue	Non-	current assets
	2020	2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Malaysia	41,859	17,554	87,634	76,978
Philippines	169,861	176,357	8,732	7,699
Indonesia	27	41	9,395	9,708
London	96	226	8,392	8,356
	211,843	194,178	114,153	102,741

### 42 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's capital management underlying objectives are to manage capital and to allocate funds efficiently for business units' operations and to sustain future development of the business, taking into account the associated business risks, meeting regulatory capital requirements and obligations to policyholders, preservation of capital for new investments/business opportunities and the expectation of stakeholders.

The Company manages the capital of the Group to ensure sources of capital and the related costs meet the overall objectives of the capital plan. Excess capital generated from profits at the subsidiary level exceeding planned requirements is returned to the Company in the form of dividends or capital reduction under the Group's capital management plan.

The Group and the Company's capital comprised of initial ordinary share capital and retained earnings as stated on the statement of financial position. The Group has insignificant borrowings in the form of hire purchase financing totalling RM293,000 (2019: RM43,000) as at 31 December 2020. The Company does not have any bank borrowings as at 31 December 2020.

### 43 RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

### **Risk Governance Structure**

The Group's risk governance structure and risk reporting requirements are incorporated in the Group's Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") Framework. The Framework explains the underlying approach and defines an on-going and consistent process for identifying, analysing, evaluating, monitoring, reporting and managing significant risks faced by the business units in the Group. It also outlines the key aspects of the risks management process and identifies the main reporting procedures.

The Board through the Risk and Sustainability Committee ("RSC") is ultimately responsible for effective risk oversight and the framework within the Group. The RSC determines the remit, roles, resources and structure for risk management functions to operate effectively and efficiently and is supported by the Group Financial Services Department ("GFSD") and the outsource internal audit provider, Deloitte Risk Advisory Sdn Bhd. As for the operation in Philippines, the risk management function is supported by their own internal team who report directly to their respective Risk Management Committees, and indirectly to the RSC.

The Group ERM Framework is premised with three lines of defence that serves as the guiding principles within the Group:

- 1. The first line of defence is the Business Units who are primarily responsible for identifying, evaluating and managing risks within their Units. The Head of Business Units are responsible to implement and execute appropriate risk mitigation action plan on a timely manner. The Business Units are responsible to ensure the execution of appropriate risk reduction action plans on a timely manner. Priority is accorded to mitigate high and significant risks in order to ensure that their day-to-day business activities are carried out within acceptable risk level.
- 2. The second line of defence is the GFSD that provides independent oversight of the risk management activities of the first line of defence. The responsibilities of the second line functions typically include participating in risk management meetings, reviewing risk reports and validating compliance to the risk management framework requirements, with the objective of ensuring that risks are actively and appropriately managed.
- 3. The third line of defence is the internal auditors who report independently to the Audit & Governance Committee ("AGC") and the RSC of the Board. The internal auditors review the first and second line of defence activities and results to ensure that the ERM arrangements and structures are appropriate and are discharging their roles and responsibilities completely and accurately.

The Group has also established management committees to act as a platform for two-way communication between the Management and the Board. These committees are responsible for overseeing the development and assessing the effectiveness of risk management policies, reviewing risk exposure and portfolio compositions and ensuring that infrastructure, resources and systems are put in place for effective risk management activities.

### 44 INSURANCE RISK

The risk under an insurance contract is the risk that an insured event will occur including the uncertainty of the amount of any resulting claim. The principal risk the General insurance subsidiary faces under such contracts is that the actual claims and benefits payments exceed the carrying amount of insurance liabilities. This is influenced by the frequency of claims, severity of claims, when actual benefits paid are greater than originally estimated and subsequent development of long-term claims.

The General insurance subsidiary principally issues the following types of General insurance contracts: fire, motor, health and accident, aviation/hull, marine, engineering, professional indemnity, bonds, fidelity guarantee and surety. Risks under general insurance policies usually cover twelve month duration.

For General insurance contracts, the most significant risks arise from climate changes, natural disasters and terrorist activities.

These risks vary significantly in relation to the location of the risk insured by the General insurance subsidiary, type of risk insured and by industry. Undue concentration by amounts can have a further impact on the severity of benefit payments on a portfolio basis.

The above risk exposure is mitigated by diversification across a large portfolio of insurance contracts and geographical areas. The variability of risks is improved by careful selection and implementation of underwriting strategies, which are designed to ensure that risks are diversified in terms of type of risk and level of insured benefits. This is largely achieved through diversification across industry sectors and geography. Further, strict claim review policies to assess all new and ongoing claims, regular detailed review of claims handling procedures and frequent investigation of possible fraudulent claims are all policies and procedures put in place to reduce the risk exposure of the General insurance subsidiary. The General insurance subsidiary further enforces a policy of actively managing and prompt pursuing of claims, in order to reduce its exposure to unpredictable future developments that can negatively impact the company.

The General insurance subsidiary has also limited its exposure by imposing maximum claim amounts on certain contracts as well as the use of reinsurance arrangements in order to limit exposure to catastrophic events, for example, hurricanes, earthquakes and flood damages.

The purpose of these underwriting and reinsurance strategies is to limit exposure to catastrophes to a pre-determined maximum amount based on the General insurance subsidiary's risk appetite as decided by management.

The following table sets out the concentration of the General insurance subsidiary's claims liabilities (excluding provision for IBNR) by the type of contract:

			31.12.2020			31.12.2019
	Gross claims liabilities	Reinsurers' share of claims liabilities	Net claims liabilities	Gross claims liabilities	Reinsurers' share of claims liabilities	Net claims liabilities
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Fire	44,426	(24,567)	19,859	63,274	(36,660)	26,614
Motor	35,496	(1,560)	33,936	29,565	(99)	29,466
Marine	4,730	(2,166)	2,564	5,578	(2,560)	3,018
General accounts	3,846	(53)	3,793	4,264	(1,142)	3,122
Bonds	7,503	(876)	6,627	4,495	(916)	3,579
Personal accident	884	(70)	814	1,034	(73)	961
Engineering	11,589	(8,627)	2,962	4,223	(2,191)	2,032
	108,474	(37,919)	70,555	112,433	(43,641)	68,792

### Terms and Conditions

The major classes of general insurance written by the General insurance subsidiary include fire and motor insurance.

For general insurance contracts, claims provisions (comprising provisions for claims reported by policyholders and IBNR) are established to cover the ultimate cost of settling the liabilities in respect of claims that have occurred and are estimated based on known facts at end of each reporting period.

The provisions are refined quarterly as part of a regular ongoing process as claims experience developed, certain claims are settled and further claims are reported. Outstanding claims provisions are not discounted for the time value of money.

Claims provisions are separately analysed by class of business. In addition, larger claims are usually separately assessed by loss adjusters. The claims projection assumptions are generally intended to provide a best estimate of the most likely or expected outcome.

### **Assumptions**

The principal assumption underlying the estimates is the General insurance subsidiary's past claims development experience. This includes assumptions in respect of average claim costs, claim handling costs, claim inflation factors and claim numbers for each accident year. Additional qualitative judgements are used to assess the extent to which past trends may not apply in the future, for example one-off occurrence, changes in market factors such as public attitude to claiming, economic conditions, as well as internal factors such as portfolio mix, policy conditions and claims handling procedures.

Judgement is further used to assess the extent to which external factors such as judicial decisions and government legislation affect the estimates. Other key assumptions include variation in interest rate, delays in settlement and changes in foreign currency rates.

### **Sensitivities**

The general insurance claims liabilities are sensitive to the key assumptions shown below. The sensitivity of certain assumptions, such as legislative changes, uncertainty in the estimation process, etc. is not possible to quantify.

The analysis below is performed for reasonably possible movements in key assumptions with all other assumptions held constant, showing the impact on gross and net liabilities, profit after tax and equity.

	Change in assumptions	Increase on gross liabilities	Increase on net liabilities	Decrease on profit after tax	Decrease on equity
	%	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>31 December 2020</u>					
Average claim cost	+15%	16,271	10,583	(7,408)	(7,408)
Average number of claims	+10%	10,847	7,055	(4,939)	(4,939)
<u>31 December 2019</u>					
Average claim cost	+15%	16,865	10,319	(7,223)	(7,223)
Average number of claims	+10%	11,243	6,879	(4,815)	(4,815)

### Claims Development Table

The following tables show the General insurance subsidiary's development of claims over a period of time on gross and net reinsurance basis. The tables reflect the cumulative incurred claims for each successive year at end of each reporting period with cumulative payments to-date.

Gross General Insurance Contract Liabilities for 2020

Accident year/Development year	-	0	ю	4	5	9	7	ω	6	10	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2011 and prior	243,613	253,046	264,041	265,236	263,154	262,488	261,741	261,793	261,890	259,996	259,996
2012	34,950	31,936	29,566	29,262	29,093	29,008	28,848	28,794	28,786	ı	28,786
2013	68,575	58,835	55,177	54,394	54,061	52,940	52,823	52,836	I	ı	52,836
2014	36,331	32,571	30,768	28,080	28,220	27,628	27,593	ı	I	ı	27,593
2015	43,821	40,271	36,261	34,620	34,129	34,038	I	ı	I	ı	34,038
2016	49,915	50,778	47,863	52,172	52,226	ı	I	·	I	ı	52,226
2017	67,798	57,270	55,639	53,665	ı	ı	ı	'	I	ı	53,665
2018	67,041	60,707	60,002	ı	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	60,002
2019	105,391	97,968	ı	ı	I	ı	I	ı	I	I	97,968
2020	58,838	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	58,838
Current estimate of cumulative claims incurred	58,838	97,968	60,002	53,665	52,226	34,038	27,593	52,836	28,786	259,996	725,948
Cumulative payments to date	(16,158)	( 59,148)	(51,867)	(46,876)	(46,114)	(33,546)	(27,054)	(51,772)	(28,780)	(256,159)	(617,474)
Gross insurance contract liabilities (excluded provision for IBNR)	42,680	38,820	8,135	6,789	6,112	492	539	1,064	9	3,837	108,474

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

Claims Development Table (continued)

Net General Insurance Contract Liabilities for 2020

Accident year/Development year	-	2	ო	4	2 2	9	7	œ	6	10	Total
	RM'000	RM'000									
2011 and prior	119,394	133,521	143,065	145,097	145,987	145,685	145,415	145,457	145,484	145,443	145,443
2012	17,018	17,660	16,526	16,532	16,520	16,490	16,377	16,366	16,360	ı	16,360
2013	24,266	23,312	20,149	20,814	20,762	20,664	20,570	20,638	I	ı	20,638
2014	24,512	23,529	22,430	21,189	21,142	21,036	20,990	'	I	ı	20,990
2015	36,603	33,047	30,640	29,047	28,556	28,465	·	ı	I	ı	28,465
2016	43,537	42,493	39,069	41,970	42,165	ı	·	ı	I	ı	42,165
2017	55,519	49,564	47,802	47,063	ı	ı	·	ı	I	ı	47,063
2018	54,567	50,370	47,925	ı	ı	ı	·	ı	I	ı	47,925
2019	65,429	63,035	ı	ı	ı	ı	·	ı	I	ı	63,035
2020	43,627	1	ı	I	I			I	I	I	43,627
Current estimate of cumulative claims incurred	43,627	63,035	47,925	47,063	42,165	28,465	20,990	20,638	16,360	145,443	475,711
Cumulative payments to date	(11,941)	(41,760)	(40,971)	(42,422)	(37,282)	(28,051)	(20,623)	(20,492)	(16,359)	(145,255)	(405,156)
Net insurance contract liabilities (excluded provision for IBNR)	31,686	21,275	6,954	4,641	4,883	414	367	146	÷	188	70,555

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

44

Claims Development Table (continued)

Gross General Insurance Contract Liabilities for 2019

Accident year/Development year	-	0	က	4	5	9	7	œ	6	10	Total
	RM'000	RM'000									
2010 and prior	205,326	215,785	226,313	229,003	227,188	226,610	225,936	225,936	226,026	222,965	222,965
2011	28,749	27,354	27,390	25,848	25,663	25,601	25,557	25,607	25,610	ı	25,610
2012	33,582	30,686	28,408	28,116	27,954	27,873	27,719	27,666	ı	ı	27,666
2013	65,890	56,531	53,016	52,265	51,944	50,868	50,755	ı	ı	ı	50,755
2014	34,908	31,296	29,563	26,980	27,115	26,547	'	'	·	'	26,547
2015	42,105	38,694	34,841	33,265	32,793	'	'	'	·	'	32,793
2016	47,960	48,790	45,989	50,129	'	'	'	'	·	'	50,129
2017	65,143	55,028	53,460	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	'	53,460
2018	64,416	58,331	'	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	'	58,331
2019	101,264	·	·	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	'	101,264
Current estimate of cumulative claims incurred	101,264	58,331	53,460	50,129	32,793	26,547	50,755	27,666	25,610	222,965	649,520
Cumulative payments to date	(25,590)	(40,694)	(43,468)	(44,200)	(32,238)	(25,970)	(49,658)	(27,653)	(25,585)	(222,031)	(537,087)
Gross insurance contract liabilities (excluded provision for IBNR)	75,674	17,637	9,992	5,929	555	577	1,097	13	25	934	112,433

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020

(continued)

Claims Development Table (continued)

Net General Insurance Contract Liabilities for 2019

Accident year/Development year	-	2	ო	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	Total
	RM'000	RM'000									
2010 and prior	98,789	112,768	121,951	124,746	125,689	125,396	125,146	125,165	125,187	125,327	125,327
2011	15,931	15,526	15,513	14,670	14,582	14,585	14,576	14,598	14,601	'	14,601
2012	16,352	16,969	15,879	15,885	15,874	15,845	15,736	15,725	ı	'	15,725
2013	23,315	22,242	19,360	19,999	19,949	19,855	19,765	'	ı	'	19,765
2014	23,552	22,608	21,552	20,360	20,315	20,212	ı	·	ı	'	20,212
2015	35,170	31,753	29,400	27,870	27,398	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	27,398
2016	41,833	40,829	37,539	40,326	ı	ı	'	'	ı	'	40,326
2017	53,345	47,623	45,931	ı	I	ı	'	'	ı	'	45,931
2018	52,430	48,397	ı	I	I	ı	ı	·	I	ı	48,397
2019	62,729	ı	ı	I	I	I	ı	ı	I	ı	62,729
Current estimate of cumulative claims incurred	62,729	48,397	45,931	40,326	27,398	20,212	19,765	15,725	14,601	125,327	420,411
Cumulative payments to date	(18,208)	(36,497)	(39,229)	(35,716)	(26,918)	(19,803)	(19,611)	(15,719)	(14,598)	(125,320)	(351,619)
Net insurance contract liabilities (excluded provision for IBNR)	44,521	11,900	6,702	4,610	480	409	154	9	ო	7	68,792

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

### 45 FINANCIAL RISK

The Group and the Company are exposed to a variety of financial risks that includes credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk (which comprise of currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk) and operation risk. The Group's and the Company's overall financial risk management objectives are to ensure that the Group and the Company create value for its shareholders whilst minimising potential exposure to adverse effects on the financial performance and positions.

The Group and the Company are guided by risk management policies which set out the overall business strategies and the general risk management philosophy.

The Group manages these positions within the risk management policies of the General insurance subsidiary to achieve long term investment returns in excess its obligations under the insurance contracts. The key principles of the policies are to match assets to the liabilities by reference to the type of benefits payable to policyholders. The Group has not changed the processes used to manage these risks from previous periods.

The Group's risk management policies are integrated with the management of the financial risks associated with the Group's other classes of financial assets and liabilities not directly associated with insurance liabilities.

The note below explains how financial risks are managed by the Group. In particular, the risk management policies require the management of interest rate risk, price risk and liquidity risk at the portfolio level. Credit risk is managed on a business unit basis. The following notes are in relation to the Group's management disclosure with respect to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss resulting from the failure of a customer, an intermediary or counterparty to settle its financial and contractual obligations to the Group and the Company as and when they fall due.

The Group and the Company's primary exposure to credit risk arise through (i) investments in fixed income securities and (ii) receivables including insurance receivables and reinsurance assets. For investments in corporate debt securities, a downgrade of credit rating or widening of credit spread may also incur financial loss.

Reinsurance is used to manage insurance risk. This does not, however, discharge the Group's liability as primary insurance operator. If a reinsurer fails to pay a claim for any reason, the Group remains liable for the payment to the insurers. The creditworthiness of reinsurers is considered on an annual basis by reviewing their financial strength prior to finalisation of any reinsurance contracts.

Debtor recoverability and risk concentration monitoring are part of credit risk management which is reviewed regularly. The management assesses the credit risks of borrowers based on quantitative and qualitative information that include financial evaluation of the creditworthiness of the borrowers, actual or expected changes in the operating results of the borrowers, aging of debts, repayment patterns, changes in the value of the collaterals or the quality of third-party guarantees. Allowance for impairment loss is made based on forward looking expected credit loss basis.

**Credit Risk** (continued)

# Credit Risk Exposure by Credit Rating

The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Group by classifying assets according to the Group's credit rating of counterparties. AAA is the highest possible rating. Assets that all outside the range of AAA to BBB are classified as speculative grade. Assets which are not rated by rating agencies are classified as non-rated.

### GROUP

	Government Guaranteed	ААА	AA	BB	Non-rated	Not subject to credit risk	Impaired	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
31 December 2020								
Investments at FVTPL Equity securities	ı	ı	ı	I	I	199,944	ı	199,944
Unit trusts	ı	ı	I	ı	I	2,433	ı	2,433
Investments at FVOCI Government debt securities	45.678	ı	1	I	I	I	ı	45,678
Corporate debt securities		1,140	I	'		I	11,110	12,250
Equity securities		·		I	ı	30,174	ı	30,174
Investments at AC								
Government debt securities	18,825	I	I	I	I	ı	21	18,846
Corporate debt securities	I	118,456	I	I	I	I	1,207	119,663
Private trust funds	I	ı	ı	ı	50	I	ı	50
Loans and receivables					0			0
Loans from monev lending. hire purchase and	ı	I		I	40	I		40
other credit facilities	'	I	I	I	15,892	I	9,044	24,936
Fixed and call deposits	I	11,782	ı	I	ı	ı	24	11,806
Insurance receivables		ı	ı	·	60,194		897	61,091
Trade and other receivables	521	531	I	I	58,073	3,492	23,957	86,574
Cash and cash equivalents	I	52,112	56,986	1,145	148	72	06	110,553
Allowance for impairment loss	I	ı	ı	I	ı		(46,350)	(46,350)
	65,024	184,021	56,986	1,145	134,403	236,115	I	677,694

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

## FINANCIAL RISK (continued)

45

Credit Risk (continued)

Credit Risk Exposure by Credit Rating (continued)

### GROUP

	Government Guaranteed	AAA	AA	Non-rated t	Not subject Non-rated to credit risk	Impaired	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
31 December 2019							
Investments at FVTPL							
Equity securities		ı	I	I	93,020	I	93,020
Unit trusts	I	I	I	I	2,308	I	2,308
Investments at FVOCI							
Government debt securities	52,150	ı	I	I	I	I	52,150
Corporate debt securities	I	4,193	I	I	I	11,110	15,303
Equity securities	ı	ı	'	'	26,106	'	26,106
Investments at AC							
Government debt securities	11,255	I	I	I	I	12	11,267
Corporate debt securities	'	96,714	I	I	I	908	97,622
Private trust funds	I	I		250			250
l oans and receivables							
Staff loans	I	ı	ı	19	'	'	19
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit		I	I	507	I	008 00	20 807
	I		I	500	I	FU,UUU	
Fixed and call deposits	I	11,802	ı	ı		22	11,824
Insurance receivables	ı	ı	I	56,693	I	336	57,029
Trade and other receivables	966	673	I	32,005	1,050	26,035	60,761
Cash and cash equivalents	ı	202,512	44,544	165	24	65	247,310
Allowance for impairment loss	I	I	ı	I	ı	(58,788)	(58,788)
	64,403	315,894	44,544	89,639	122,508	1	636,988

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020

(continued)

### 45 FINANCIAL RISK (continued)

### Credit Risk (continued)

Credit Risk Exposure by Credit Rating (continued)

The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Company by classifying assets according to the Company's credit rating of counterparties.

### **COMPANY**

	AAA	AA	Not rated	Not subject to credit risk	Impaired	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>31 December 2020</u>						
Investments at FVTPL Equity securities	-	-	-	142,690	-	142,690
Investments at FVOCI Corporate debt securities	-	-	-	-	11,110	11,110
Loan and receivables Staff loans	-	-	29	-	-	29
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	- 16,370	- 34,026	73,451	262 5	1,728	75,441 50,401
Allowance for impairment loss	-		-	-	(12,838)	(12,838)
	16,370	34,026	73,480	142,957	-	266,833
<u>31 December 2019</u>						
Investments at FVTPL Equity securities	-	-	-	49,095	-	49,095
Investments at FVOCI Corporate debt securities	-	-	-	-	11,110	11,110
Loan and receivables Staff loans	-	-	15	-	-	15
Trade and other receivables	-	-	14,766	213	499	15,478
Cash and cash equivalents Allowance for impairment loss	135,180	23,272	-	5	- (11,609)	158,457 (11,609)
·	135,180	23,272	14,781	49,313	-	222,546

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its financial obligations when due. This situation arises when the Group is unable to convert its financial assets into cash when needed. Demands for funds are usually met through on-going normal operations, premiums received, sale of assets or borrowings through committed credit facilities from bankers. Unexpected demands for liquidity may be triggered by negative publicity, deterioration of the economy, reports of problems in other companies in the same or similar lines of business, unanticipated policy claims, unexpected high levels of policies lapses/ surrenders, or other unexpected cash demands from policyholders.

Expected liquidity demands are managed through a combination of treasury, investment and asset-liability management practices, which are monitored on an ongoing basis. Actual and projected cash inflows and outflows are monitored regularly and an adequate cushion in the form of cash and very liquid investments are maintained at all times.

### 45 FINANCIAL RISK (continued)

### Liquidity Risk (continued)

### Maturity Profile

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial assets and liabilities based on outstanding terms to maturity still remaining. All assets and liabilities are presented on a contractual cash flow basis except for insurance contract liabilities and reinsurance assets, the maturity profiles of which are determined based on the estimated timing of net cash outflows from the recognised insurance liabilities.

### **GROUP**

### 31 December 2020

Einancial assets           Investments at FVTPL Equity securities         199,944         -         -         -         199,944         199,944           Investments at FVOCI Government debt securities         2,433         -         -         -         2,433         2,433           Investments at FVOCI Government debt securities         1,140         -         642         303         382         -         1,327           Equity securities         30,174         -         17,956         13,486         3,785         -         35,227           Investments at AC Government debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         18,825         0.50         -         -         -         600           Loans and receivables         118,456         22,523         50,262         29,169         36,738         -         15,892           Fixed and call deposits         11,782         118,70         -         -         46           Loans form money lending, hire purchase and other provision for outstanding claims		Carrying value	Up to a year	2 – 3 Years	4 – 5 years	Over 5 years	No maturity date	Total
Investments at FVTPL         Equity securities         199,944         -         -         -         199,944         199,944           Unit trusts         2,433         -         -         -         2,433         2,433           Investments at FVOCI Government debt securities         45,678         -         534         35,906         19,198         -         55,638           Corporate debt securities         1,140         -         642         303         382         -         1,327           Equity securities         30,174         -         17,956         13,486         3,785         -         35,227           Investments at AC         Government debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         118,856         22,523         50,262         29,169         36,738         -         136,692           Private trust funds         50         50         -         -         -         60           Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities         15,892         203         151         15,538         -         -         15,892           Reinsurance assets - provision for outstanding claims		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Equity securities         199,944         -         -         -         -         199,944         199,944           Unit trusts         2,433         -         -         -         2,433         2,433           Investments at FVOCI Government debt securities         45,678         -         534         35,906         19,198         -         55,638           Corporate debt securities         1,140         -         642         303         382         -         1,327           Equity securities         30,174         -         17,956         13,486         3,785         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         18,825         50         50         -         -         -         50           Loans and receivables         50         50         -         -         -         50           Staff loans         46         24         15         7         -         -         49,970           Insurance assets - provision for outstanding claims         49,970         49,970         -         -         -         62,617	Financial assets							
Unit frusts         2,433         -         -         -         2,433         2,433           Investments at FVOCI Government debt securities         45,678         -         534         35,906         19,198         -         55,638           Corporate debt securities         1,140         -         642         303         382         -         1,327           Equity securities         30,174         -         17,956         13,486         3,785         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         18,825         50,262         29,169         36,738         -         13,862           Private trust funds         50         50         -         -         -         50           Loans and receivables         -         118,456         22,523         151         15,538         -         -         118,862           Staff loans         46         24         15         7         -         -         118,872           Insurance assets -         provision for outstanding claims         49,970         49,970         -         -         -	Investments at FVTPL							
Investments at FVOCI Government debt securities 45,678 - 534 35,906 19,198 - 55,638 Corporate debt securities 1,140 - 642 303 382 - 1,327 Equity securities 30,174 - 17,956 13,486 3,785 - 35,227 Investments at AC Government debt securities 18,825 - 7,787 - 15,758 - 23,545 Corporate debt securities 18,825 - 7,787 - 15,758 - 23,545 Corporate debt securities 18,825 - 7,787 - 15,758 - 23,545 Corporate debt securities 18,825 - 7,787 - 15,758 - 23,545 Corporate debt securities 18,825 - 7,787 - 5,788 - 5,638 Corporate debt securities 18,825 - 7,787 - 5,758 - 23,545 Corporate debt securities 18,825 - 7,787 - 5,758 - 23,545 Corporate debt securities 18,825 - 7,787 - 5,758 - 23,545 Corporate debt securities 18,825 - 7,787 - 15,758 - 23,545 Corporate debt securities 18,825 2,523 50,262 29,169 36,738 - 5,55 Corporate debt securities 11,8456 22,523 50,262 29,169 36,738 - 5,55 Loans and receivables 50 50 460 Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities 15,892 203 151 15,538 15,892 Fixed and call deposits 11,782 11,870 11,870 Reinsurance assets - provision for outstanding claims 49,970 49,970 49,970 Insurance receivables 60,194 60,194 60,194 Trade and other receivables 62,617 61,478 1,139 6,2,617 Cash and cash equivalents 110,463 110,573 110,573 <u>727,664 316,885 78,486 94,409 75,861 202,377 768,018</u> Financial liabilities nsurance contract liabilities - provision for outstanding claims 127,632 127,632 127,632 Lease liabilities 14,133 8,392 6,834 62 - 15,288 Insurance payables 20,555 20,555 20,555	Equity securities	199,944	-	-	-	-	199,944	199,944
Government debt securities         45,678         -         534         35,906         19,198         -         55,638           Corporate debt securities         1,140         -         642         303         382         -         1,327           Equity securities         30,174         -         17,956         13,486         3,785         -         35,227           Investments at AC         Government debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         18,825         50         -         -         -         50           Loans and receivables         50         50         -         -         -         50           Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other ceivables         15,892         203         151         15,538         -         -         11,870           Reinsurance assets - provision for outstanding claims         49,970         -	Unit trusts	2,433	-	-	-	-	2,433	2,433
Corporate debt securities         1,140         -         642         303         382         -         1,327           Equity securities         30,174         -         17,956         13,486         3,785         -         35,227           Investments at AC         Government debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         118,456         22,523         50,262         29,169         36,738         -         158,692           Private trust funds         50         50         -         -         -         -         50           Loans and receivables         50         50         -         -         -         46           Staff loans         46         24         15         7         -         -         46           Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities         15,892         203         151         15,538         -         -         15,892           Fixed and call deposits         11,782         11,870         -         -         11,870           Insurance receivables         60,194         60,194         -         -         -         110,	Investments at FVOCI							
Equity securities         30,174         -         17,956         13,486         3,785         -         35,227           Investments at AC Government debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         118,456         22,523         50,262         29,169         36,738         -         138,692           Private trust funds         50         50         -         -         -         50           Loans and receivables         50         50         -         -         -         50           Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities         15,892         203         151         15,538         -         -         15,892           Fixed and call deposits         11,782         11,870         -         -         -         11,870           Insurance receivables         60,194         -         -         -         62,617           Insurance receivables         60,194         -         -         -         62,617           Cash and cash equivalents         110,463         110,573         -         -         110,573           Trade and other receivables         727,664	Government debt securities	45,678	-	534	35,906	19,198	-	55,638
Investments at AC         Government debt securities       18,825       -       7,787       -       15,758       -       23,545         Corporate debt securities       118,456       22,523       50,262       29,169       36,738       -       138,692         Private trust funds       50       50       -       -       -       -       50         Loans and receivables       Staff loans       46       24       15       7       -       -       46         Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities       15,892       203       151       15,538       -       -       11,870         Fixed and call deposits       11,782       11,870       -       -       -       11,870         Reinsurance assets – provision for outstanding claims       49,970       49,970       -       -       -       49,970         Insurance receivables       60,194       60,194       -       -       -       62,617         Cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       110,573         Trade and other receivables       62,617       61,478       1,139       -       -       62,617         Cash and cash e	Corporate debt securities	1,140	-	642	303	382	-	1,327
Government debt securities         18,825         -         7,787         -         15,758         -         23,545           Corporate debt securities         118,456         22,523         50,262         29,169         36,738         -         138,692           Private trust funds         50         50         -         -         -         50           Loans and receivables         50         50         -         -         -         -         50           Staff loans         46         24         15         7         -         -         46           Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities         15,892         203         151         15,538         -         -         15,892           Fixed and call deposits         11,782         11,870         -         -         -         11,870           Reinsurance assets – provision for outstanding claims         49,970         49,970         -         -         -         49,970           Insurance receivables         60,194         60,194         -         -         -         110,573           Cash and cash equivalents         110,463         110,573         -         -         -         110,573	Equity securities	30,174	-	17,956	13,486	3,785	-	35,227
Corporate debt securities         118,456         22,523         50,262         29,169         36,738         -         138,692           Private trust funds         50         50         -         -         -         -         50           Loans and receivables         Staff loans         46         24         15         7         -         -         46           Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities         15,892         203         151         15,538         -         -         15,892           Fixed and call deposits         11,782         11,870         -         -         -         118,700           Reinsurance assets – provision for outstanding claims         49,970         49,970         -         -         -         49,970           Insurance receivables         60,194         60,194         -         -         -         60,194           Trade and other receivables         62,617         61,478         1,139         -         -         110,573           727,664         316,885         78,486         94,409         75,861         202,377         768,018           Einancial liabilities         -         -         -         -         127,632	Investments at AC							
Private trust funds       50       50       -       -       -       -       50         Loans and receivables       Staff loans       46       24       15       7       -       -       46         Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities       15,892       203       151       15,538       -       -       15,892         Fixed and call deposits       11,782       11,870       -       -       -       11,870         Reinsurance assets - provision for outstanding claims       49,970       49,970       -       -       -       49,970         Insurance receivables       60,194       60,194       -       -       -       62,617         Cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       110,573         Trade and other receivables       62,617       61,478       1,139       -       -       62,617         Cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       110,573         Trade and other receivables       62,617       61,478       1,139       -       -       110,573         Trade and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -	Government debt securities	18,825	-	7,787	-	15,758	-	23,545
Loans and receivables       46       24       15       7       -       46         Staff loans       46       24       15       7       -       -       46         Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities       15,892       203       151       15,538       -       -       15,892         Fixed and call deposits       11,782       11,870       -       -       -       11,870         Reinsurance assets - provision for outstanding claims       49,970       49,970       -       -       -       49,970         Insurance receivables       60,194       60,194       -       -       -       60,194         Trade and other receivables       62,617       61,478       1,139       -       -       110,573	Corporate debt securities	118,456	22,523	50,262	29,169	36,738	-	138,692
Staff loans       46       24       15       7       -       -       46         Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities       15,892       203       151       15,538       -       -       15,892         Fixed and call deposits       11,782       11,870       -       -       -       11,870         Reinsurance assets – provision for outstanding claims       49,970       49,970       -       -       -       49,970         Insurance receivables       60,194       60,194       -       -       -       60,194         Trade and other receivables       62,617       61,478       1,139       -       -       62,617         Cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       110,573         Trace contract liabilities       727,664       316,885       78,486       94,409       75,861       202,377       768,018         Einancial liabilities       -       -       -       -       -       110,573         -       -       127,632       127,632       -       -       -       127,632         Insurance contract liabilities       14,133       8,392       6,834       62       -	Private trust funds	50	50	-	-	-	-	50
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities       15,892       203       151       15,538       -       -       15,892         Fixed and call deposits       11,782       11,870       -       -       -       11,870         Reinsurance assets - provision for outstanding claims       49,970       49,970       -       -       -       11,870         Insurance receivables       60,194       60,194       -       -       -       60,194         Trade and other receivables       62,617       61,478       1,139       -       -       62,617         Cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       110,573         Trace contract liabilities       -       -       -       -       110,573         To cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       110,573         Trace contract liabilities       -       -       -       110,673       -       -       110,573         Trace and other receivables       127,632       127,632       -       -       110,573         Trace and cash equivalents       -       -       -       110,573       -       -       110,573     <	Loans and receivables							
hire purchase and other credit facilities $15,892$ $203$ $151$ $15,538$ $  15,892$ Fixed and call deposits $11,782$ $11,870$ $    11,870$ Reinsurance assets - provision for outstanding claims $49,970$ $49,970$ $   49,970$ Insurance receivables $60,194$ $60,194$ $   60,194$ Trade and other receivables $62,617$ $61,478$ $1,139$ $  62,617$ Cash and cash equivalents $110,463$ $110,573$ $   110,573$ Trade and other receivables $62,617$ $61,478$ $1,139$ $   62,617$ Cash and cash equivalents $110,463$ $110,573$ $   110,573$ Trade and other receivables $62,617$ $61,478$ $1,139$ $   110,573$ Trade and other receivables $110,463$ $110,573$ $   110,573$ Trade and cash equivalents $110,463$ $110,573$ $   110,573$ Trade and cash equivalents $127,632$ $127,632$ $    127,632$ Lease liabilities $14,133$ $8,392$ $6,834$ $62$ $  15,288$ Insurance payables $20,555$ $20,555$ $    20,555$	Staff loans	46	24	15	7	-	-	46
credit facilities       15,892       203       151       15,538       -       -       15,892         Fixed and call deposits       11,782       11,870       -       -       -       11,870         Reinsurance assets – provision for outstanding claims       49,970       49,970       -       -       -       -       49,970         Insurance receivables       60,194       60,194       -       -       -       60,194         Trade and other receivables       62,617       61,478       1,139       -       -       62,617         Cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       110,573         Trace contract liabilities       -       -       -       -       110,573       -       -       110,573         Trace and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       110,573         Trace and cash equivalents       127,632       127,632       -       -       -       110,573         Insurance contract liabilities       -       -       -       127,632       -       -       -       127,632         Lease liabilities       14,133       8,392       6,834       62								
Fixed and call deposits       11,782       11,870       -       -       -       11,870         Reinsurance assets - provision for outstanding claims       49,970       49,970       -       -       -       49,970         Insurance receivables       60,194       60,194       -       -       -       60,194         Trade and other receivables       62,617       61,478       1,139       -       -       62,617         Cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       110,573         727,664       316,885       78,486       94,409       75,861       202,377       768,018         Financial liabilities       -       -       -       -       127,632       127,632       -       -       -       127,632         Lease liabilities       14,133       8,392       6,834       62       -       15,288       1surance payables       20,555       20,555       -       -       -       20,555		45.000	000	454	45 500			45.000
Reinsurance assets - provision for outstanding claims49,97049,97049,970Insurance receivables $60,194$ $60,194$ $60,194$ Trade and other receivables $62,617$ $61,478$ $1,139$ 62,617Cash and cash equivalents $110,463$ $110,573$ $110,573$ Trade and other receivables $62,617$ $61,478$ $1,139$ $62,617$ Cash and cash equivalents $110,463$ $110,573$ 110,573Trade and other receivables $62,617$ $61,478$ $1,139$ $62,617$ Insurance contract liabilities $127,632$ $127,632$ $78,486$ $94,409$ $75,861$ $202,377$ $768,018$ Financial liabilities $127,632$ $127,632$ $-$ 127,632Lease liabilities $14,133$ $8,392$ $6,834$ $62$ -15,288Insurance payables $20,555$ $20,555$ 20,555					15,538	-	-	
provision for outstanding claims         49,970         49,970         -         -         -         49,970           Insurance receivables         60,194         60,194         -         -         -         60,194           Trade and other receivables         62,617         61,478         1,139         -         -         62,617           Cash and cash equivalents         110,463         110,573         -         -         -         110,573           727,664         316,885         78,486         94,409         75,861         202,377         768,018           Financial liabilities         -         -         -         -         110,573           Insurance contract liabilities         -         -         -         110,573           Lease liabilities         127,632         127,632         -         -         -         127,632           Insurance payables         14,133         8,392         6,834         62         -         15,288           Insurance payables         20,555         20,555         -         -         -         20,555	Fixed and call deposits	11,782	11,870	-	-	-	-	11,870
claims       49,970       49,970       -       -       -       49,970         Insurance receivables       60,194       60,194       -       -       -       60,194         Trade and other receivables       62,617       61,478       1,139       -       -       -       62,617         Cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       110,573         727,664       316,885       78,486       94,409       75,861       202,377       768,018         Financial liabilities       -       -       -       -       110,573         Insurance contract liabilities       -       -       -       127,632       127,632       -       -       -       127,632         Lease liabilities       14,133       8,392       6,834       62       -       15,288         Insurance payables       20,555       20,555       -       -       -       20,555								
Insurance receivables         60,194         60,194         -         -         -         -         60,194           Trade and other receivables         62,617         61,478         1,139         -         -         -         62,617           Cash and cash equivalents         62,617         61,478         1,139         -         -         -         62,617           Trade and other receivables         62,617         61,478         1,139         -         -         -         62,617           Cash and cash equivalents         110,463         110,573         -         -         -         1110,573           727,664         316,885         78,486         94,409         75,861         202,377         768,018           Financial liabilities         -         -         -         -         -         110,573           Insurance contract liabilities         -         -         -         -         -         127,632           Lease liabilities         14,133         8,392         6,834         62         -         -         15,288           Insurance payables         20,555         20,555         -         -         -         -         20,555		40.070	40.070					40.070
Trade and other receivables       62,617       61,478       1,139       -       -       -       62,617         Cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       -       110,573         727,664       316,885       78,486       94,409       75,861       202,377       768,018         Financial liabilities       Insurance contract liabilities       -       -       -       -       127,632         Insurance contract liabilities       127,632       127,632       -       -       -       127,632         Lease liabilities       14,133       8,392       6,834       62       -       15,288         Insurance payables       20,555       20,555       -       -       -       20,555				-	-	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents       110,463       110,573       -       -       -       110,573         727,664       316,885       78,486       94,409       75,861       202,377       768,018         Financial liabilities       Insurance contract liabilities       -       -       -       -       110,573         Lease liabilities       127,632       127,632       -       -       -       127,632         Insurance payables       20,555       20,555       -       -       -       202,377       768,018				1 130	_	_		
727,664         316,885         78,486         94,409         75,861         202,377         768,018           Einancial liabilities         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         127,632         -         -         -         -         127,632         -         -         -         127,632         -         -         -         127,632         127,632         -         -         -         127,632         127,632         -         -         -         127,632         127,632         -         -         -         127,632         -         -         127,632         -         -         127,632         -         -         -         127,632         -         -         -         127,632         -         -         127,632         -         -         127,632         -         -         127,632         -         -         127,632         -         -         127,632         -         -         127,632         -         -         127,632         -         -         127,632         -         -         15,288         -         15,288         -         -         20,555         20,555         -         -         -				-	_	-		
Financial liabilities         Insurance contract liabilities         - provision for outstanding         claims       127,632       127,632       -       -       -       127,632         Lease liabilities       14,133       8,392       6,834       62       -       -       15,288         Insurance payables       20,555       20,555       -       -       -       20,555								
Insurance contract liabilities         - provision for outstanding         - claims         127,632         127,632          - 127,632           claims         127,632         127,632         -         -         -         127,632           Lease liabilities         14,133         8,392         6,834         62         -         -         15,288           Insurance payables         20,555         20,555         -         -         -         20,555		727,664	316,885	78,486	94,409	75,861	202,377	768,018
- provision for outstanding         claims       127,632       127,632       -       -       -       127,632         Lease liabilities       14,133       8,392       6,834       62       -       -       15,288         Insurance payables       20,555       20,555       -       -       -       20,555	Financial liabilities							
claims127,632127,632127,632Lease liabilities14,1338,3926,8346215,288Insurance payables20,55520,55520,555								
Lease liabilities         14,133         8,392         6,834         62         -         -         15,288           Insurance payables         20,555         20,555         -         -         -         20,555		127,632	127,632	-	-	-	-	127,632
Insurance payables 20,555 20,555 20,555	Lease liabilities			6,834	62	-	-	15,288
				-	-	-	-	20,555
	Trade and other payables	110,707	110,707	-	-	-	-	110,707
273,027 267,286 6,834 62 274,182		273,027	267,286	6,834	62			274,182

### 45 FINANCIAL RISK (continued)

### Liquidity Risk (continued)

Maturity Profile (continued)

### <u>GROUP</u>

### 31 December 2019

	Carrying value	Up to a year	2 – 3 Years	4 – 5 years	Over 5 years	No maturity date	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets							
Investments at FVTPL							
Equity securities	93,020	-	-	-	-	93,020	93,020
Unit trusts	2,308	-	-	-	-	2,308	2,308
Investments at FVOCI							
Government debt securities	52,150	-	2,051	4,690	45,409	-	52,150
Corporate debt securities	4,193	573	3,877	2,962	1,609	-	9,021
Equity securities	26,106	4,012	8,459	11,041	18,167	1,054	42,733
Investments at AC							
Government debt securities	11,255	-	-	-	14,633	-	14,633
Corporate debt securities	96,714	-	35,042	44,582	34,515	-	114,139
Private trust funds	250	250	-	-	-	-	250
Loans and receivables							
Staff loans	19	17	2	-	-	-	19
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other							
credit facilities	507	507	-	-	-	-	507
Fixed and call deposits	11,802	11,820	-	-	-	-	11,820
Reinsurance assets –							
provision for outstanding							
claims	69,349	69,349	-	-	-	-	69,349
Insurance receivables	56,693	56,693	-	-	-	-	56,693
Trade and other receivables	34,726	33,048	1,678	-	-	-	34,726
Cash and cash equivalents	247,245	247,486	-	-	-	-	247,486
	706,337	423,755	51,109	63,275	114,333	96,382	748,854
Financial liabilities							
Insurance contract liabilities – provision for outstanding							
claims	145,590	145,590	-	-	-	-	145,590
Lease liabilities	13,718	8,228	6,363	-	-	-	14,591
Insurance payables	22,676	22,676	-	-	-	-	22,676
Trade and other payables	74,414	74,414	-	-	-	-	74,414
	256,398	250,908	6,363	-	-		257,271
-							

### Liquidity Risk (continued)

## Maturity Profile (continued)

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial assets and liabilities based on outstanding terms to maturity still remaining. All liabilities are presented on a contractual cash flow basis.

## COMPANY

#### 31 December 2020

	Carrying value RM'000	Up to a year RM'000	2 - 3 Years RM'000	4 – 5 years RM'000	No maturity date RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial assets						
Investments at FVTPL Equity securities	142,690	-	-	-	142,690	142,690
Loans and receivables Staff loans	29	10	12	7	-	29
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	73,713 50,401	73,713 50,401	-	-	-	73,713 50,401
	266,833	124,124	12	7	142,690	266,833
Financial liabilities						
Lease liabilities	1,183	456	874	-	-	1,330
Trade and other payables	5,737	5,737	-	-	-	5,737
	6,920	6,193	874	-	-	7,067

#### Liquidity Risk (continued)

## Maturity Profile (continued)

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial assets and liabilities based on outstanding terms to maturity still remaining. All liabilities are presented on a contractual cash flow basis (continued).

## **COMPANY**

## 31 December 2019

	Carrying value	Up to a year	2 – 3 Years	No maturity date	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets					
Investments at FVTPL					
Equity securities	49,095	-	-	49,095	49,095
Loans and receivables					
Staff loans	15	13	2	-	15
Trade and other receivables	14,979	14,979	-	-	14,979
Cash and cash equivalents	158,457	158,600	-	-	158,600
	222,546	173,592	2	49,095	222,689
Financial liabilities					
Lease liabilities	402	418	-	-	418
Trade and other payables	3,095	3,095	-	-	3,095
	3,497	3,513	-	-	3,513

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three (3) types of risk i.e. foreign exchange rate (currency risk), market interest rate (interest rate risk) and market price (price risk).

The Group manages market risks through setting of investment policy and asset allocation, approving portfolio limit structure and risk management methodologies, approving hedging if needed and alternative risk transfer strategies. Investment limits monitoring is in place at various levels to ensure that all investment activities are aligned with the Group's risk management principles and philosophies. Compliance with established financial risk limits forms an integral part of the risk governance and financial reporting framework.

#### Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group's and the Company's primary transactions are carried out in RM. The Group has an overseas subsidiary that operates in Philippines whose revenue and expenses are denominated in Philippine Peso ("Peso"). Some of the Group's and the Company's financial assets are held in United States Dollar ("USD"), Australian Dollar ("AUD"), Singapore Dollar ("SGD"), Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD"), Thai Baht ("THB"), Indonesia Rupiah ("IDR"), Philippine Peso ("PHP"), Euro ("EUR") and Japanese Yen ("JPY"). Consequently, the Group and the Company are exposed to risks of fluctuation of these other foreign currencies exchange rates to their functional currencies.

Foreign exchange transaction risk impacting the Group's and the Company's profit or loss arises both from external investing activities and intra-company operating activities. Currency risk relating to investing and operating activities in the normal course of business are generally not hedged.

The tables below show the Group's and the Company's exposure to foreign currency risk, based on carrying value amounts as at the end of the reporting period was:

#### GROUP

	USD	AUD	SGD	HKD	THB	IDR	PHP	EUR	JPY	Total
	RM'000									
31 December 2020										
Investments at FVTPL										
Equity securities	7,310	10,181	36,257	40,603	1,036	10,372	6,563	5,722	1,235	119,279
Insurance receivables	2,964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,964
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,643	-	14,643
Cash and cash equivalents	5,675	-	7,754	14,192	-	-	-	-	1,186	28,807
	15,949	10,181	44,011	54,795	1,036	10,372	6,563	20,365	2,421	165,693
31 December 2019										
Investments at FVTPL										
Equity securities	6,319	14,176	5,804	9,108	394	1,684	1,038	-	-	38,523
Insurance receivables	1,528	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,528
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,672	-	14,672
Cash and cash equivalents	44,860	4,760	3,951	2,255	-	-	-	-	-	55,826
	52,707	18,936	9,755	11,363	394	1,684	1,038	14,672	-	110,549

#### Market Risk (continued)

## Currency Risk (continued)

The tables below show the Group's and the Company's exposure to foreign currency risk, based on carrying value amounts as at the end of the reporting period was (continued):

## **COMPANY**

	USD	AUD	SGD	HKD	тнв	IDR	PHP	EUR	JPY	Total
	RM'000									
31 December 2020										
Investments at FVTPL										
Equity securities	7,310	10,181	36,257	40,603	1,036	10,372	6,563	5,722	1,235	119,279
Cash and cash equivalents	2,798	-	7,754	14,192	-	-	-	-	1,186	25,930
	10,108	10,181	44,011	54,795	1,036	10,372	6,563	5,722	2,421	145,209
31 December 2019										
Investments at FVTPL										
Equity securities	6,319	14,176	5,804	9,108	394	1,684	1,038	-	-	38,523
Cash and cash equivalents	3,095	-	3,951	2,255	-	-	-	-	-	9,301
	9,414	14,176	9,755	11,363	394	1,684	1,038	-	-	47,824

The analysis below is performed for reasonably possible movements in foreign exchange rate with all other variables held constant, showing the impact to profit after tax and equity.

	Changes in									
	variables	USD	AUD	SGD	HKD	THB	IDR	PHP	EUR	JPY
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
GROUP										
31 December 2020	+5% -5%	606 (606)	387 (387)	1,672 (1,672)	2,082 (2,082)	39 (39)	394 (394)	249 (249)	774 (774)	92 (92)
31 December 2019	+5% -5%	2,003 (2,003)	720 (720)	371 (371)	432 (432)	15 (15)	64 (64)	39 (39)	551 (551)	-
COMPANY										
31 December 2020	+5% -5%	384 (384)	387 (387)	1,672 (1,672)	2,082 (2,082)	39 (39)	394 (394)	249 (249)	217 (217)	92 (92)
31 December 2019	+5% -5%	358 (358)	539 (539)	371 (371)	432 (432)	15 (15)	64 (64)	39 (39)	-	-

## Market Risk (continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group and the Company are exposed to interest rate risk primarily through their short-term deposits.

The analysis below is performed for reasonably possible movements in interest rates with all other variables held constant, showing the impact to profit after tax and equity.

	Changes in variables	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000
GROUP			
Interest rate	+ 100 basis points	229	1,762
Interest rate	- 100 basis points	(229)	(1,762)
COMPANY			
Interest rate	+ 100 basis points	28	1,118
			,
Interest rate	- 100 basis points	(28)	(1,118)

The method used for deriving sensitivity information and significant variables did not change from previous year.

#### Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest/profit rate risk or currency risk), regardless whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or factors affecting similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The equity investment portfolio of the Group and the Company are exposed to movements in equity markets. The Group and the Company monitor and manage the equity exposure against policies set and as agreed by the Investment Committees of the Company and the subsidiary. These policies include monitoring the equity exposure against benchmark set, single security exposure of the portfolio against the limits set and using duration and convexity measurements.

The Group and the Company are exposed to price risk arising from investments held by the Group and the Company and classified in the statement of financial position at FVTPL and FVOCI that comprise quoted equities, unit trusts and derivatives.

## Market Risk (continued)

## Price Risk (continued)

The analysis below is performed for reasonably possible movements in market price with all other variables held constant, showing the impact to profit after tax for investments at FVTPL and equity for investments at FVOCI.

		Impact to	profit after tax	
	Changes in variables	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	
		RM'000	RM'000	
GROUP				
FTSE Bursa Malaysia				
FBM KLCI	+15%	3,877	1,932	
FBM KLCI	-15%	(3,877)	(1,932)	
HKEX Hang Seng				
HSI	+15%	6,090	1,366	
HSI	-15%	(6,090)	(1,366)	
SGX Singapore Securities Market				
STI	+15%	5,922	1,818	
STI	-15%	(5,922)	(1,818)	
IDX Indonesia Stock Market				
JCI	+15%	1,556	253	
JCI	-15%	(1,556)	(253)	
SET Stock Exchange of Thailand				
SET	+15%	155	59	
SET	-15%	(155)	(59)	
PSE Philippines Stock Exchange				
PSEi	+15%	6,134	3,360	
PSEi	-15%	(6,134)	(3,360)	
ASX Australian Securities Exchange				
S&P/ASX 200	+15%	1,527	2,126	
S&P/ASX 200	-15%	(1,527)	(2,126)	
NYSE New York Stock Exchange				
NYA	+15%	613	-	
NYA	-15%	(613)	-	
ENX European Stock Exchange				
CAC 40	+15%	502	-	
CAC 40	-15%	(502)	-	
FRA Frankfurt Stock Exchange				
DAX	+15%	356	-	
DAX	-15%	(356)	-	
JPX Tokyo Stock Exchange				
NIKKEI 225	+15%	185	-	
NIKKEI 225	-15%	(185)	-	

## Market Risk (continued)

## Price Risk (continued)

The analysis below is performed for reasonably possible movements in market price with all other variables held constant, showing the impact to profit after tax for investments at FVTPL and equity for investments at FVOCI (continued).

		Im	npact to equity	
	Changes in variables	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	
		RM'000	RM'000	
GROUP				
PSE Philippines Stock Exchange PSEi	+15%	4,505	3,915	
PSEi	-15%	(4,505)	(3,915)	
		(,,)	(-,)	
			profit after tax	
	Changes in variables	31.12.2020	31.12.2019	
		RM'000	RM'000	
COMPANY				
FTSE Bursa Malaysia				
FBM KLCI	+15%	3,512	1,586	
FBM KLCI	-15%	(3,512)	(1,586)	
HKEX Hang Seng				
HSI	+15%	6,090	1,366	
HSI	-15%	(6,090)	(1,366)	
SGX Singapore Securities Market				
STI	+15%	5,922	1,818	
STI	-15%	(5,922)	(1,818)	
IDX Indonesia Stock Market				
JCI	+15%	1,556	253	
JCI	-15%	(1,556)	(253)	
SET Stock Exchange of Thailand				
SET	+15%	155	59	
SET	-15%	(155)	(59)	
PSE Philippines Stock Exchange				
PSEi	+15%	984	156	
PSEi	-15%	(984)	(156)	
ASX Australian Securities Exchange				
S&P/ASX 200	+15%	1,527	2,126	
S&P/ASX 200	-15%	(1,527)	(2,126)	
NYSE New York Stock Exchange				
NYA	+15%	613	-	
NYA	-15%	(613)	-	

#### Market Risk (continued)

#### Price Risk (continued)

The analysis below is performed for reasonably possible movements in market price with all other variables held constant, showing the impact to profit after tax for investments at FVTPL and equity for investments at FVOCI (continued).

		Impact to I	profit after tax
	Changes in variables	31.12.2020	31.12.2019
		RM'000	RM'000
COMPANY			
ENX European Stock Exchange			
CAC 40	+15%	502	-
CAC 40	-15%	(502)	-
FRA Frankfurt Stock Exchange			
DAX	+15%	356	-
DAX	-15%	(356)	-
JPX Tokyo Stock Exchange			
NIKKEI 225	+15%	185	-
NIKKEI 225	-15%	(185)	-

The method used for deriving sensitivity information and significant variables did not change from previous year.

#### **Operation Risk**

Operation risk arises from inadequate or failed performance of business functions or internal processes. Exposure to this risk can cause deficiencies or breakdowns in internal controls or processes, technology and external events such as interruption of business operations due to a breakdown of IT systems, landslide or flood.

The Group has developed comprehensive operating policies and procedures manuals for all business units to implement, measure, monitor and control the risks in order to avoid or reduce losses. Furthermore, the Group Financial Services Department facilitates regular internal audit and risk review be conducted by appointed advisors on business units to ensure the current procedures adhere to all rules and regulations.

#### 46 COMPLIANCE RISK

Compliance risk is the risk arising from violations of, or non-conformance with business principles, internal policies and procedures, related laws, rules and regulations governing the Group's products and activities.

Consequently, the exposure to this risk can damage the Group's reputation, and lead to legal or regulatory sanctions and/or financial loss.

The Group has established a Compliance Framework to ensure that the companies within the Group are in compliance with all laws and regulatory requirements. The Audit & Governance Committee and the Board have oversight of the Group's compliance matters through the Compliance Framework implemented by the Compliance officers in the Group. In addition, the core regulated subsidiaries in the Group have their respective dedicated compliance and/or governance teams to manage the compliance functions to ensure its process, internal policies and procedures comply with the applicable laws and guidelines issued by the regulatory authorities.

## 47 ALLOWANCE FOR IMPAIRMENT LOSS

(a) Breakdown of the allowance for impairment loss by class of financial assets as at 31 December 2020 are shown below:

	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Simplified Approach	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Investments at FVOCI					
Corporate debt securities					
Gross carrying amounts	-	11,110	-	-	11,110
Allowance for impairment loss	-	(11,110)	-	-	(11,110)
	-	-	-	-	-
Investments at AC					
Government debt securities					
Gross carrying amounts	18,846	-	-	-	18,846
Allowance for impairment loss	(21)	-	-	-	(21)
	18,825	-	-	-	18,825
Corporate debt securities					
Gross carrying amounts	119,663	-	-	-	119,663
Allowance for impairment loss	(1,207)	-	-	-	(1,207)
	118,456	-	-	-	118,456
Loans and receivables					
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities					
Gross carrying amounts	16,790	-	8,146	-	24,936
Allowance for impairment loss	(898)	-	(8,146)	-	(9,044)
	15,892	-	-	-	15,892
Fixed and call deposits					
Gross carrying amounts	11,806	-	-	-	11,806
Allowance for impairment loss	(24)	-	-	-	(24)
	11,782	-	-	-	11,782
Insurance receivables					
Due from brokers and agents					
Gross carrying amounts	-	-	-	58,323	58,323
Allowance for impairment loss		-	-	(517)	(517)
	-	-	-	57,806	57,806
Due from and fund held by ceding companies					
Gross carrying amounts	-	-	-	1,164	1,164
Allowance for impairment loss	-	-	-	(125)	(125)
	_	-	-	1,039	1,039

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

## 47 ALLOWANCE FOR IMPAIRMENT LOSS (continued)

(a) Breakdown of the allowance for impairment loss by class of financial assets as at 31 December 2020 are shown below (continued):

	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Simplified Approach	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses					
Gross carrying amounts	_	-	1,604	-	1,604
Allowance for impairment loss	-	-	(255)	-	(255)
	-	-	1,349	-	1,349
Trade and factoring receivables					
Gross carrying amounts	27,803	-	-	2,317	30,120
Allowance for impairment loss	(614)	-	-	(952)	(1,566)
	27,189	-	-	1,365	28,554
Amounts due from associates					
Gross carrying amounts	-	-	689	-	689
Allowance for impairment loss	-	-	(15)	-	(15)
	-	-	674	-	674
Other receivables					
Gross carrying amounts	17,006	-	22,014	-	39,020
Allowance for impairment loss	(362)	-	(22,014)	-	(22,376)
	16,644	-	-	-	16,644
Cash and cash equivalents					
Gross carrying amounts	110,553	-	-	-	110,553
Allowance for impairment loss	(90)	-	-	-	(90)
	110,463	-	-	-	110,463
Total carrying amounts as at 31 December					
2020	319,251	-	2,023	60,210	381,484

(a) Breakdown of the allowance for impairment loss by class of financial assets as at 31 December 2019 are shown below:

	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Simplified Approach	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Investments at FVOCI					
Corporate debt securities					
Gross carrying amounts	-	11,110	-	-	11,110
Allowance for impairment loss	-	(11,110)	-	-	(11,110)
	-	-	-	-	-
Investments at AC					
Government debt securities					
Gross carrying amounts	11,267	-	-	-	11,267
Allowance for impairment loss	(12)	-	-	-	(12)
	11,255	-	-	-	11,255
Corporate debt securities					
Gross carrying amounts	97,622	-	-	-	97,622
Allowance for impairment loss	(908)	-	-	-	(908)
	96,714	-	-	-	96,714
Loans and receivables					
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities					
Gross carrying amounts	1,013	-	19,794	-	20,807
Allowance for impairment loss	(506)	-	(19,794)	-	(20,300)
	507	-	-	-	507
Fixed and call deposits					
Gross carrying amounts	11,824	-	-	-	11,824
Allowance for impairment loss	(22)	-	-	-	(22)
	11,802	-	-	-	11,802
Insurance receivables					
Due from brokers and agents					
Gross carrying amounts	-	-	-	52,638	52,638
Allowance for impairment loss		-	-	(271)	(271)
	-	-	-	52,367	52,367
Due from and fund held by ceding companies					
Gross carrying amounts	-	-	-	1,008	1,008
Allowance for impairment loss		-	-	(64)	(64)
	-	-	-	944	944

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2020 (continued)

## 47 ALLOWANCE FOR IMPAIRMENT LOSS (continued)

(a) Breakdown of the allowance for impairment loss by class of financial assets as at 31 December 2019 are shown below (continued):

	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Simplified Approach	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses					
Gross carrying amounts	-	_	3,383	-	3,383
Allowance for impairment loss	-	-	(1)	-	(1)
· · ·	-	-	3,382	-	3,382
Trade and factoring receivables					
Gross carrying amounts	10,071	-	-	887	10,958
Allowance for impairment loss	(342)	-	-	(365)	(707)
	9,729	-	-	522	10,251
Amounts due from associates					
Gross carrying amounts	-	-	3,029	-	3,029
Allowance for impairment loss	-	-	(2,998)	-	(2,998)
	-	-	31	-	31
Other receivables					
Gross carrying amounts	10,117	-	22,014	-	32,131
Allowance for impairment loss	(316)	-	(22,014)	-	(22,330)
	9,801	-	-	-	9,801
Cash and cash equivalents					
Gross carrying amounts	247,310	-	-	-	247,310
Allowance for impairment loss	(65)	-	-	-	(65)
	247,245	-	-	-	247,245
Total carrying amounts as at 31 December					
2019	387,053	-	3,413	53,833	444,299

(b) Reconciliation of the opening balance to the closing balance for allowance for impairment loss by class of financial assets as at 31 December 2020 are shown below:

	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Simplified Approach	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2020					
Investments at FVOCI					
Corporate debt securities	-	11,110	-	-	11,110
Investments at AC					
Government debt securities	12	-	-	-	12
Corporate debt securities	908	-	-	-	908
Loans and receivables					
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities	506	-	19,794	-	20,300
Fixed and call deposits	22	-	-	-	22
Insurance receivables					
Due from brokers and agents	-	-	-	271	271
Due from and fund held by ceding companies	-	-	-	64	64
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses	-	-	1	-	1
Trade and factoring receivables	342	-	-	365	707
Other receivables	316	-	22,014	-	22,330
Amounts due from associates	-	-	2,998	-	2,998
Cash and cash equivalents	65	-	-	-	65
	2,171	11,110	44,807	700	58,788

Investments at AC					
Government debt securities	10	-	-	-	10
Corporate debt securities	264	-	-	-	264
Loans and receivables					
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities	392	-	-	-	392
Fixed and call deposits	50	-	-	-	50
Insurance receivables					
Due from brokers and agents	-	-	-	983	983
Due from and fund held by ceding companies	-	-	-	348	348
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses	-	-	258	-	258
Trade and factoring receivables	272	-	-	587	859
Other receivables	158	-	-	-	158
Cash and cash equivalents	68	-	-	-	68
	1,214	-	258	1,918	3,390

(b) Reconciliation of the opening balance to the closing balance for allowance for impairment loss by class of financial assets as at 31 December 2020 are shown below (continued):

	Stage 1 12-month ECL RM'000	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL RM'000	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL RM'000	Simplified Approach RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial assets derecognised or repaid (not written off)					
Loans and receivables					
Fixed and call deposits	(49)	-	-	-	(49)
Insurance receivables					
Due from brokers and agents	-	-	-	(965)	(965)
Due from and fund held by ceding companies	-	-	-	(340)	(340)
Amounts due from associates	-	-	(2,983)	-	(2,983)
Cash and cash equivalents	(46)	-	-	-	(46)
	(95)	-	(2,983)	(1,305)	(4,383)
Change in ECL assumptions	1	-	-	270	271
Amount written off	(112)	-	(11,648)	-	(11,760)
Currency translation differences	37	-	(4)	11	44
At 31 December 2020	3,216	11,110	30,430	1,594	46,350

(b) Reconciliation of the opening balance to the closing balance for allowance for impairment loss by class of financial assets as at 31 December 2020 are shown below (continued):

	Stage 1 12-month ECL RM'000	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL RM'000	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL RM'000	Simplified Approach RM'000	Total RM'000
					1111 000
At 1 January 2019					
Investments at FVOCI					
Corporate debt securities	-	11,110	-	-	11,110
Investments at AC					
Government debt securities	12	-	-	-	12
Corporate debt securities	492	-	-	-	492
Loans and receivables					
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities	-	-	19,794	-	19,794
Fixed and call deposits	21	-	-	-	21
Insurance receivables					
Due from brokers and agents	-	-	-	439	439
Due from and fund held by ceding companies	-	-	-	47	47
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses	-	-	555	-	555
Other receivables	316	-	22,014	-	22,330
Cash and cash equivalents	92	-	-	-	92
	933	11,110	42,363	486	54,892
Financial assets originated or purchased					
Investments at AC					
Corporate debt securities	403	-	-	-	403
Loans and receivables					
Loans from money lending, hire purchase and other credit facilities	506	-	-	-	506
Fixed and call deposits	46	-	-	-	46
Insurance receivables					
Due from brokers and agents	-	-	-	825	825
Due from and fund held by ceding companies	-	-	-	354	354
Trade and factoring receivables	342	-	-	365	707
Amounts due from associates	-	-	2,998	-	2,998
Cash and cash equivalents	404	-	-	-	404

1,701

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2,998

1,544

6,243

(b) Reconciliation of the opening balance to the closing balance for allowance for impairment loss by class of financial assets as at 31 December 2020 are shown below (continued):

	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Simplified Approach	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets derecognised or repaid (not written off)					
Loans and receivables					
Fixed and call deposits	(46)	-	-	-	(46)
Insurance receivables					
Due from brokers and agents	-	-	-	(788)	(788)
Due from and fund held by ceding companies	-	-	-	(347)	(347)
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses	-	-	(571)	-	(571)
Cash and cash equivalents	(434)	-	-	-	(434)
	(480)	-	(571)	(1,135)	(2,186)
Change in ECL assumptions	(1)	-	-	(207)	(208)
Currency translation differences	18	-	17	12	47
At 31 December 2019	2,171	11,110	44,807	700	58,788

## 48 PRIOR YEARS' ADJUSTMENTS

During the current financial year ended 31 December 2020, MAAGAP, a general insurance subsidiary of the Group restated value added tax liabilities ("VAT"), resulting in a decrease in trade and other payables and an increase in retained earning amounting to PHP208 million (equivalent to RM16.8 million) as at 31 December 2019. The restatement of prior period financial statements relates to derecognition of VAT collected from certain policy holders which were included in the trade and other payable balance as at 31 December 2019. It was determined that the Group did not have further liabilities to the tax authorities upon conclusion of a tax audit conducted by the Bureau of Inland of Revenue in Philippines in 2019 in respect of year of assessment 2018 and prior. The Directors have also assessed that the Group does not have any obligation to refund the liabilities to any other parties including the policy holders in respect of this excess VAT liabilities. Consequently, these VAT liabilities as at 31 December 2019 were reversed accordingly.

The following tables disclose the prior years' adjustments effects of the restatement to each of the line items.

	As previously stated RM'000	Effects of restatement RM'000	Restated RM'000
Group's statements of financial position			
<u>As at 31.12.2019</u>			
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	91,186	(16,772)	74,414
Equity			
Retained earnings	188,396	16,772	205,168
Group's statements of profit or loss			
For the financial year ended 31 December 2019			
Other income/(expenses)-net	(16,660)	16,772	112
Loss before taxation	(29,525)	16,772	(12,753)
Loss for the financial year	(31,262)	16,772	(14,490)
Loss for the financial year attributable to:			
- Owners of the Company	(31,217)	16,772	(14,445)
- NCI	(45)	-	(45)
Basic loss per ordinary share attributable to owners of the Company (sen)	(11.42)	6.14	(5.28)
Group's statements of cash flows			
For the financial year ended 31 December 2019			
Loss for the financial year	(31,262)	16,772	(14,490)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	13,742	(16,772)	(3,030)

#### 49 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND AFTER THE FINANCIAL YEAR

(a) On 30 September 2011, the Company became an affected listed issuer pursuant to Practice Note 17 ("PN17") of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") ("Main Market Listing Requirements") whereby a listed issuer has suspended or ceased its major business, i.e. in this case the disposal of Malaysian Assurance Alliance Berhad (now known as Zurich Insurance Malaysia Berhad).

Nonetheless, the Company did not trigger any of the other prescribed criteria under PN17 of Main Market Listing Requirements, such as consolidated shareholders' equity of 25% or less of the issued and paid up share capital, a default in payment by the Group, the auditors having expressed an adverse or disclaimer opinion on the Company's latest audited accounts, etc.

Pursuant to Paragraph 8.04(3) of the Main Market Listing Requirements, the Company is required to regularise its condition by undertaking a regularisation plan. The regularisation plan was required to be submitted to Bursa Securities on 30 September 2012, and was subsequently extended to 30 April 2021 via Bursa Securities' letters dated 6 November 2020, 5 May 2020, 20 November 2019, 17 May 2019, 30 October 2018, 27 June 2018, 12 January 2018, 18 July 2017, 16 February 2017, 21 July 2016, 18 February 2016, 4 August 2015, 23 March 2015, 21 October 2014, 11 March 2014, 1 August 2013 and 20 December 2012.

On 24 November 2020, the Company had submitted an application for a waiver from having to comply with Paragraph 8.04(3)(a) and PN17 of the Main Market Listing Requirements. Bursa Securities had, vide its letter dated 25 March 2021, decided to grant the Company a waiver from complying with Paragraph 8.04(3)(a) of the Main Market Listing Requirements. With the waiver being granted, MAAG was uplifted from being classified as a PN17 Company effective from 26 March 2021.

- (b) On 7 July 2020, MAA Corporation Sdn Bhd ("MAA Corp"), the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company had subscribed for two (2) new ordinary shares of RM2 each, representing 100% of the issued and paid up capital in a new subsidiary, Glovtec Sdn Bhd, a company incorporated in Malaysia, for cash consideration of RM4.
- (c) On 31 July 2020, Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Edumaax"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of MAA Corp, which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company had subscribed for fifty thousand (50,000) new ordinary shares of Euro1 each, representing 100% of the issued and paid up capital in a new subsidiary, Edumaax SPA, a company incorporated in Italy, for cash consideration of Euro50,000 (equivalent to RM248,600).
- (d) On 13 September 2019, Edumaax had entered into a share purchase agreement ("SPA") with HELP International Corporation Berhad ("Vendor") for the acquisition of 30,259,564 ordinary shares representing 100% equity interest in HELP College of Arts and Technology Sdn Bhd ("HCAT") (now known as Imperium Edumaax Sdn Bhd ("Imperium Edumaax")) for a total purchase consideration of RM5,500,000 ("Acquisition of HCAT").

However, the SPA was rescinded pursuant to Clause 3A.2 of the SPA on 24 June 2020 in view that the post conditions under the SPA were not fulfilled by the Vendor before the deadline of 12 January 2020 and there was no mutual agreement between the Vendor and Edumaax to extend the said deadline.

Subsequently, Edumaax and the Vendor had, on 20 July 2020, entered into a new Share Purchase Agreement ("SPA dated 20 July 2020") with the Vendor for the Acquisition of HCAT for the purchase consideration of RM2,000,000 only.

On 28 August 2020, Jabatan Pendidikan Tinggi ("JPT"), Ministry of Higher Education had approved the change in shareholdings, shareholders and directors in HCAT (now known as Imperium Edumaax). Upon obtaining the approval, HCAT shares were officially transferred to Edumaax on 26 October 2020.

(e) MAA Corp had on 27 October 2020 entered into a Partnership Interest Subscription ("PISA") with MicroLEAP PLT ("MicroLEAP") and all the Existing Partners for the subscription of 35.20% interest in MicroLEAP for a total consideration of RM1,250,000 ("Proposed Subscription") subject to further terms and conditions stipulated in the PISA.

The Proposed Subscription will enable the Group to diversify into peer-to-peer financing business in Malaysia which is expected to be a high yielding business and to alleviate the financing gap encountered by both the micro, small and medium enterprises.

This is in line with the MAAG Group's aspiration to diversify its income stream.

(f) On 3 November 2020, MAA Corp acquired 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each in Hospitality 360 Sdn Bhd ("H360"), representing 2% of the issued and paid up share capital of H360, from Charming Vanguard Sdn Bhd for a total cash purchase consideration of RM2. With this acquisition, MAA Corp's equity interest in H360 increased from 49% to 51%, making H360 a subsidiary of the Group.

## 49 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND AFTER THE FINANCIAL YEAR (continued)

(g) The World Health Organisation ("WHO") had on 11 March 2020 declared the COVID-19 as a pandemic in recognition of its rapid spread across the globe. Globally, increasing measures are being taken to contain it, and these have led to a significant downturn in the financial markets resulting in an adverse impact on the global business and economic activity.

On 16 March 2020, the Malaysian Government has imposed the Movement Control Order ("MCO") starting from 18 March 2020 to curb the spread of the COVID-19 in Malaysia. The COVID-19 also resulted in travel restriction, lockdown and other precautionary measures imposed in various countries. The emergence of the COVID-19 outbreak since early 2020 has brought significant economic uncertainties in Malaysia and markets in which the Group operate.

Despite of challenging situation of education segment in year 2020, management sees slow recovery stepping into year 2021. Students' enrolment for primary education is on target while students' enrolment for secondary education is almost reaching the optimum level. For tertiary education, there is a considerable impact in first quarter of 2021 with lower headcount enrolment due to the postponement of Sijil Pelajaran Malaysia ("SPM") examination but the impact is only on timing differences. On the flip side, due to restriction of overseas travel, there is a great opportunity for the college to capture more local students in year 2021.

Further to the above, the COVID-19 vaccination program roll out in February 2021, and the anticipated lifting of interstate travel restrictions by the Government after the current Conditional Movement Control Order ("CMCO") to boost economic activities has added optimism to the outlook for the H360 Group. The incentives under the Pemerkasa 2021 program announced by the Prime Minister on 20 March 2021, and internal cost cutting measures implemented also helps in reducing the overheads and expenses of the H360 Group.

The Group has assessed that the impact of the COVID-19 on the Group's operations that there is no material adverse effects on the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020. However, the Group remains cautious in maintaining the same level of profitability for next year amid ongoing uncertainties to the economy arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. The Group is closely monitoring the developing situation and the potential impact of the spread of COVID-19 on its operations. Nevertheless, the Group's strong cash position should be able to cushion COVID-19's negative impact on its business.

## LIST OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 1 APRIL 2021

## LIST OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 1 APRIL 2021

Name	No. of Shares Held	% of Shares <sup>(a)</sup>
Tunku Dato' Yaacob Khyra ("TY") Indirect Interest	105,777,084	40.10 (1)
Khyra Legacy Berhad ("KLB") Indirect Interest	105,777,084	40.10 <sup>(2)</sup>
Melewar Equities Sdn Bhd ("MESB") Indirect Interest	105,777,084	40.10 <sup>(3)</sup>
Melewar Acquisitions Limited ("MAL") Direct Interest	78,839,140	29.89
Melewar Equities (BVI) Ltd ("MEL") Direct Interest	26,937,944	10.21

## DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 1 APRIL 2021

	No. of Shares Held				
Name	Direct	⁰∕₀ <sup>(a)</sup>	Indirect	⁰∕₀ <sup>(a)</sup>	
TY	-	-	105,777,084	40.10 (1)	
Yeo Took Keat	80,000	0.03	-	-	

Notes:

- <sup>(a)</sup> The percentages of substantial shareholders and Directors' shareholdings are calculated by dividing the shares held by the respective substantial shareholders and Directors with the total number of issued shares.
- <sup>(1)</sup> TY is deemed interested by virtue of him being a trustee and one of the beneficiaries of KLB.
- <sup>(2)</sup> KLB, a family trust founded by TY, is deemed interested by virtue of its 100% equity interest in MAL through MESB and 100% equity interest in MEL pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2016.
- <sup>(3)</sup> MESB is a wholly-owned subsidiary of KLB and is deemed interested by virtue of its 100% equity interest in MAL.

## **STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS** AS AT 1 APRIL 2021

Share Capital	RM304,353,752
Class of Shares	Ordinary Shares
Total Number of Issued Shares	263,732,252
Number of Shareholders	5,265

No. Of Size Of Holdings	No. Of Holders	% Of Holders	No. Of Shares	% Of Shares
1 - 99	432	8.20	11,027	0.00
100 - 1000	799	15.18	530,590	0.20
1001 - 10000	2,702	51.32	13,328,558	5.05
10001 - 100000	1,143	21.71	36,845,879	13.97
100001 and below 5% of issued shares	187	3.55	107,239,114	40.66
5% and above of issued shares	2	0.04	105,777,084	40.11
TOTAL	5,265	100.00	263,732,252	100.00

## THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 01 APRIL 2021

No.	Name	No. Of Shares Held	% Of Shares
1	MELEWAR ACQUISITIONS LIMITED	78,839,140	29.89
2	MELEWAR EQUITIES (BVI) LTD	26,937,944	10.21
3	UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS)	11,812,894	4.48
4	CIMB GROUP NOMINEES (ASING) SDN. BHD. BENEFICIARY : EXEMPT AN FOR DBS BANK LTD (SFS)	6,649,800	2.52
5	MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : FUA KIA PHA	5,468,888	2.07
6	HSBC NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EXEMPT AN FOR CREDIT SUISSE (SG BR-TST-ASING)	4,296,666	1.63
7	LIM KHUAN ENG	3,080,000	1.17
8	ONG HUNG HOCK	2,500,000	0.95
9	MAYBANK SECURITIES NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : MAYBANK KIM ENG SECURITIES PTE LTD FOR KEGANI PACIFIC LTC FUND L.P.	2,402,100	0.91
10	GOH TEN FOOK	2,257,500	0.86
11	LEE KEK MING	2,220,000	0.84
12	LAM CHEE CHIANG	2,063,000	0.78
13	ARTHUR VARKEY SAMUEL	2,000,000	0.76
14	MICHEAL OOI CHUNG GHEE	1,919,900	0.73
15	KENANGA NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EXEMPT AN FOR PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD (CLIENT ACCOUNT)	1,669,332	0.63
16	LEE KERWYN	1,659,500	0.63
17	LAW KOK THYE	1,647,700	0.63
18	SANJEEV CHADHA	1,605,600	0.61

## THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 01 APRIL 2021 (continued)

No.	Name	No. Of Shares Held	% Of Shares
19	KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR GOH TAI SIANG	1,576,800	0.60
20	HILARY FERNANDEZ	1,500,000	0.57
21	NIRMALA NAVINCHANDRA SHAH	1,297,000	0.49
22	CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EXEMPT AN FOR CGS-CIMB SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD. (RETAIL CLIENTS)	1,259,824	0.48
23	TAN WAI HENG	1,200,000	0.46
24	GOH TECK YIEW	1,147,200	0.43
25	GOH TAI SIANG	1,145,600	0.43
26	PUBLIC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG SUI YUING (E-BTL)	1,099,200	0.42
27	BALVINDER SINGH A/L BHAGWAN SINGH	1,006,000	0.38
28	LOW CHU MOOI	1,000,000	0.38
29	PUBLIC INVEST NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EXEMPT AN FOR PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD (CLIENTS)	920,000	0.35
30	CHEAH SOOK PINN	900,000	0.34
	TOTAL	173,081,588	65.63

## NOTICE OF TWENTY THIRD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 23RD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held electronically in its entirety via Remote Participation and Voting facilities at the broadcast venue at Astana Meeting Room, 15th Floor, No. 566, Jalan Ipoh, 51200 Kuala Lumpur on Monday, 31 May 2021 at 10.00 a.m. for the following purposes:

AG	ENDA	Resolution
AS	ORDINARY BUSINESS	
(1)	To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 together with the Reports of the Directors and the Auditors thereon. <i>[Please refer to Explanatory Note A]</i>	
(2)	To approve the payment of Directors' fees of RM350,000.00 for the period from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022 to be payable quarterly in arrears to the Non-Executive Directors of the Company and its subsidiary.	1
(3)	To approve an amount of up to RM250,000.00 as benefits payable to the Non-Executive Directors of the Company and its subsidiary for the period from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022. <i>[Please refer to Explanatory Note B]</i>	2
(4)	To re-elect the following Directors who are retiring in accordance with Article 96(1) of the Company's Constitution and who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election:	
	<ul> <li>(i) Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya bin Tunku Tan Sri Abdullah</li> <li>(ii) Yeo Took Keat</li> </ul>	3 4
(5)	To re-appoint Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.	5

## **AS SPECIAL BUSINESS**

- (6) To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions:-
- (a) Proposed Continuation in Office as an Independent Non-Executive Director in accordance with Practice 4.2 of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2017 ("MCCG 2017")

"THAT approval be and is hereby given for Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilal Rugnath, who will have served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of nine (9) years on 4 September 2021, to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company." [Please refer to Explanatory Note C]

#### (b) Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority

"THAT subject to compliance with Section 127 of the Companies Act 2016 ("the Act"), the Main Market Listing Requirements ("Listing Requirements") of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") and any prevailing laws, rules, regulations, orders, guidelines and requirements issued by any relevant authority, the Company be and is hereby unconditionally and generally authorised to purchase and hold such amount of shares in the Company ("Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority") as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time-to-time through the Bursa Securities upon such terms and conditions as the Directors may deem fit in the interest of the Company provided that the aggregate number of shares to be purchased pursuant to this resolution does not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company and that an amount not exceeding the Company's total audited retained profits of RM85,232,524 as at 31 December 2020 would be allocated by the Company for the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority.

AND THAT such authority shall commence immediately upon passing of this Ordinary Resolution and will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company unless earlier revoked or varied by Ordinary Resolution of shareholders of the Company in a general meeting or upon the expiration of the period within which the next AGM is required by law to be held whichever is earlier but not so as to prejudice the completion of purchase(s) made by the Company before the aforesaid expiry date.

6

7

NOTICE OF TWENTY THIRD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (continued)

## Resolution

8

AND THAT the Directors be and are hereby authorised to take all steps necessary to implement, finalise and to give full effect to the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority and further THAT authority be and is hereby given to the Directors to decide in their absolute discretion to either retain the shares so purchased as treasury shares or cancel them or both."

#### (c) Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature with Trace Management Services Sdn Bhd

"THAT approval be hereby given for the renewal of the mandate granted by the shareholders of the Company on 30 June 2020 pursuant to Paragraph 10.09 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, authorising the Company and/or its subsidiaries to enter into the recurrent related party transactions ("RRPTs") of a revenue or trading nature as set out in Section 3.3 of Part B(i) of the Circular to Shareholders dated 30 April 2021 ("the Circular"), with Trace Management Services Sdn Bhd ("the Related Party") mentioned therein which are necessary, for the Company and/or its subsidiaries' for day-to-day operations which are carried out in the ordinary course of business on terms which are not more favourable to the related party than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of minority shareholders and on arm's length based on normal commercial terms.

THAT the authority conferred by such mandate shall commence upon the passing of this resolution and continue to be in force until:-

- (a) the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company following the forthcoming AGM at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at that meeting or Extraordinary General Meeting whereby the authority is renewed; or
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM of the Company is required to be held pursuant to Section 340(2) of the Act but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 340(4) of the Act; or
- (c) revoked or varied by a resolution passed by the shareholders in a general meeting of the Company;

whichever is the earlier.

THAT the Directors be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this Ordinary Resolution."

#### (d) Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature

9

"THAT the mandate granted by the shareholders of the Company on 30 June 2020 pursuant to Paragraph 10.09 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, authorising the Company and its subsidiaries ("the MAAG Group") to enter into the RRPTs which are necessary for the MAAG Group's day-to-day operations as set out in Section 3.4 of Part B(i) of the Circular to Shareholders dated 30 April 2021 with the related parties mentioned therein, be and is hereby renewed, provided that:-

- (a) the transactions are in the ordinary course of business and are on terms which are not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to the public and on terms not to the detriment of the minority shareholders of the Company; and
- (b) the transactions are made at arm's length and on normal commercial terms.

AND THAT, authority conferred by such renewed and granted mandate shall continue to be in force (unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting), until:

(a) the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company following the forthcoming AGM at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at that meeting or Extraordinary General Meeting whereby the authority is renewed; or NOTICE OF TWENTY THIRD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (continued)

- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after the date it is required to be held pursuant to Section 340(2) of the Act but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 340(4) of the Act; or
- (c) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in general meeting;

whichever is the earliest.

AND THAT the Directors of the Company be authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) as they may consider expedient or necessary to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this Ordinary Resolution."

#### (e) Authority to Issue and Allot Shares Pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Act

10

Resolution

"THAT, subject always to the Act, the Constitution of the Company and the approvals of the relevant governmental/regulatory authorities, where such approval is necessary, the Directors be and are hereby authorised pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Act, to issue and allot shares in the Company at any time until the conclusion of the next AGM, and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued does not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being and that the Directors be and are also empowered to obtain the approval from Bursa Securities for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued."

(7) To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as Special Resolution:-

#### (a) Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company ("Proposed Amendments")

"THAT the Proposed Amendments to the Company's Constitution as set out in Part B(ii) of the Circular to Shareholders dated 30 April 2021 be and are hereby approved AND THAT the Directors be and are hereby authorised to do all such acts and things and to take such steps that are necessary to give effect to the Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company."

## BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

LILY YIN KAM MAY (MAICSA NO. 0878038) Company Secretary

Kuala Lumpur 30 April 2021

## NOTES:-

- 1. As part of the initiatives to curb the spread of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19), the 23rd AGM will be conducted electronically in its entirety via Remote Participation and Voting ("RPV") facilities which are available on website at <u>www.tracemanagement.com.my</u>. Please follow the procedures provided in the Administrative Details of 23rd AGM in order to register, participate and vote remotely via the RPV facilities.
- 2. The Broadcast Venue of the 23rd AGM is strictly for the purpose of complying with Section 327(2) of the Act which requires the Chairman of the meeting to be at the main venue of the meeting. No shareholders/proxies from the public should be physically present at the Broadcast Venue on the day of the 23rd AGM.
- 3. Members may submit questions to the Board of Directors prior to the 23rd AGM to the Investor Relations at <u>AngelineLim@maa.my</u> or <u>lily@crestcorp.com.my</u> no later than 10.30 a.m. on Monday, 24 May 2021 or to use the Question and Answer platform to transmit questions to Board of Directors via RPV facilities during live streaming.
- 4. Since the 23rd AGM will be conducted electronically in its entirety via RPV facilities, a member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint the Chairman of the meeting as his/her proxy and indicate the voting instruction in the Proxy Form.
- 5. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointments shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 6. Where a member is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account") as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, there shall be no limit to the number of proxies which the Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 7. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, executed by the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under its seal or signed by an officer or attorney so authorised.
- 8. The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office, Suite 11.05, 11th Floor, No. 566, Jalan Ipoh, 51200 Kuala Lumpur, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 9. Any alteration in the form of proxy must be initialled.
- 10. Form of Proxy sent through facsimile transmission shall not be accepted.
- 11. For the purpose of determining a member who shall be entitled to attend this 23rd AGM, the Company shall be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd in accordance with Articles 72(4)(a), 72(4)(b) and 72(4)(c) of the Company's Constitution and Section 34(1) of the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 to issue a General Meeting Record of Depositors as at 24 May 2021. Only a depositor whose name appears on the Record of Depositors as at 24 May 2021 shall be entitled to attend, speak and vote at the said meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend, speak and/or vote on his/her behalf.
- 12. Explanatory Notes to Ordinary Business:

#### (A) Audited Financial Statements

This Agenda item is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 340(1)(a) of the Act does not require a formal approval of the shareholders and hence, is not put forward for voting.

#### (B) Benefits Payable to Non-Executive Directors (Resolution 2)

Section 230(1) of the Act provides amongst others that the fees of the Directors and any benefits payable to the Directors of a listed company and its subsidiaries shall be approved at a general meeting.

The proposed Resolution 2 is to seek shareholders' approval for payment of Directors' Benefits (excluding Directors' fees) to the Non-Executive Directors for the period from 1 July 2021 until 30 June 2022.

The benefits comprise the meeting allowances, benefits in kind and other emoluments payable to the Non-Executive Directors of the Company and its subsidiary, namely MAA International Group Ltd ("MAAIG").

In determining the estimated total amount of remuneration (excluding Directors' fees) for the Non-Executive Directors of the Company and its subsidiary, MAAIG, the Board considered various factors including the number of scheduled meetings for the Board and Board Committees as well as the number of Non-Executive Directors involved in these meetings.

The Board is of the view that it is just and equitable for the Non-Executive Directors to be paid the directors' remuneration (excluding Directors' fees) as and when incurred, particularly after they have discharged their responsibilities and rendered their services to the Company and its subsidiary throughout the relevant period.

13. Explanatory Notes to Special Business:

## (C) Proposed Continuation in Office as an Independent Non-Executive Director in accordance with Practice 4.2 of the MCCG 2017 (Ordinary Resolution 6)

In line with the Practice 4.2 of the MCCG 2017, the Proposed Ordinary Resolution 6, if passed, will enable Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilal Rugnath ("Dato' Jasani"), who will have served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of nine (9) years on 4 September 2021, to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company.

Both the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board have assessed the independence of Dato' Jasani and recommended him to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company until the conclusion of the next AGM based on the following justifications:

- (i) The Group has benefited from Dato' Jasani based on his long service to the Group and therefore possessed detailed knowledge of the Group's business, standard operating procedures, internal controls and risks profile and has proven commitment, experience, competence and wisdom to effectively advise the Management from time to time.
- (ii) He is independent in character and judgement, independent of management and free from any relationship or circumstances which are likely to affect or could affect his judgement or making of decisions in the best interest of the Company.
- (iii) He had fulfilled the criteria under the definition of Independent Director as stated in the Listing Requirement of Bursa Securities, and thus he would be able to function as check and balance and bring an element of objectivity to the Board.
- (iv) He has vast experience and is actively involved in the professional accounting industry enabling him to provide the Board with a diverse set of experience, expertise and independent judgement in financial controls and financial information.
- (v) He had devoted sufficient time and attention to his professional obligations for an informed and balanced decision making.
- (vi) He had consistently challenged management in an effective and constructive manner and provided an independent voice on the Board besides providing continued valuable guidance to Management during his tenure with the Company.
- (vii) He had also exercised his due care and diligence during his tenure as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company and had carried out his professional duties in the best interest of the Company and shareholders.

The profile of Dato' Jasani is set out in the Directors' Profile on page 008 of the Annual Report.

## (D) Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority (Resolution 7)

The Proposed Resolution 7, if passed, would empower the Directors to exercise the power of the Company to purchase its own shares ("the Proposal") by utilising its financial resources not immediately required. The Proposal may have a positive impact on the market price of the Company's shares. This authority, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

# (E) Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature (Resolutions 8 and 9)

The Proposed Resolutions 8 and 9, if passed, will empower the Company to conduct recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature which are necessary for the Group's day-to-day operations, and will eliminate the need to convene separate general meetings from time to time to seek shareholders' approval. This will substantially reduce administrative time, inconvenience and expenses associated with the convening of such meetings, without compromising the corporate objectives of the Group or adversely affecting the business opportunities available to the Group.

#### (F) Authority to Issue and Allot Shares Pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Act (Resolution 10)

The Ordinary Resolution proposed under Resolution 10 of the Agenda is a renewal of the General Mandate for the Directors to issue and allot shares pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Act. This mandate will provide flexibility for the Company to undertake future possible fund raising activities, including but not limited to placement of shares for purpose of funding the Company's future investment projects, working capital and/or acquisition(s) without having to convene another general meeting.

The Proposed Resolution 10, if passed, will give authority to the Directors of the Company, from the date of the above AGM, to issue and allot shares in the Company up to an amount not exceeding in total ten percent (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being, for such purposes as they consider would be in the interest of the Company. This authority, unless revoked or varied by the Company at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

As at the date of this Notice, no new shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the mandate granted to the Directors at the 22nd AGM held on 30 June 2020 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the 23rd AGM to be held on 31 May 2021.

#### (G) Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company (Special Resolution 1)

The proposed amendments to the Company's Constitution under Special Resolution 1 are made mainly to have expressed constitutional provisions to allow remote participation at general meetings and to further enhance administrative efficiency of the Company.

#### 14. Poll Voting

All the Resolutions mentioned above will be put to vote by Poll.

The detailed information on Special Business of Agenda 6 except for Ordinary Resolutions 6 and 10 as mentioned above is set out in the Circular to Shareholders of the Company dated 30 April 2021 which is dispatched together with the Company's 2020 Annual Report.

## PERSONAL DATA POLICY

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents) of proxies and representatives appointed for the AGM (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof) and in order for the Company (or its agents) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.

## STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Pursuant to Paragraph 8.27(2) of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, the details of the Directors who are seeking for re-election or re-appointment in Agenda 4 of the Notice of the 23rd AGM of the Company are set out in the Directors' Profile on pages 006 and 007 of this Annual Report.

The detailed information relating to general mandate for issue of securities pursuant to Paragraph 6.03(3) of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities are set out under Note F of the Notice of the 23rd AGM of the Company.



(please refer to the notes below)



No. of shares held CDS Account No.

I/We \_\_\_\_

of —

\_\_\_ NRIC No./Co. No./CDS No.: \_\_\_\_

(Full Name in Block Letters)

(Full Address and Contact No.)

being a member/members of MAA GROUP BERHAD hereby appoint \* Chairman of the meeting or

Name of Proxy:	Full Address:	
NRIC No:	Contact No & email address:	
or failing him/her	-	

Name of Proxy:	Full Address:
NRIC No:	Contact No & email address:

as \*my/our proxy to vote for \*me/us and on \*my/our behalf at the 23rd Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company to be conducted electronically in its entirety via remote participation and voting ("RPV") facilities at the Broadcast Venue at Astana Meeting Room, 15th Floor, No. 566, Jalan Ipoh, 51200 Kuala Lumpur on Monday, 31 May 2021 at 10.00 a.m. or at any adjournment thereof on the following resolutions referred to in the Notice of 23rd AGM. My/our proxy is to vote as indicated below:-

		FIRST PROXY		SECOND PROXY	
		For	Against	For	Against
Resolution	Ordinary Business				
1	To approve the payment of Directors' fees of RM350,000.00 for the period from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022 to be payable quarterly in arrears to the Non-Executive Directors of the Company and its subsidiary.				
2	To approve an amount of up to RM250,000.00 as benefits payable to the Non-Executive Directors of the Company and its subsidiary for the period from 1 July 2021 until 30 June 2022.				
	To re-elect the following Directors who are retiring in accordance with Article 96(1) of the Company's Constitution and who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election:				
3	(i) Tunku Yahaya @ Yahya bin Tunku Tan Sri Abdullah				
4	(ii) Yeo Took Keat				
5	To re-appoint Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.				
	Special Business				
6	Approval for Dato' Narendrakumar Jasani A/L Chunilal Rugnath to continue in office as Independent Non-Executive Director.				
7	To approve the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority.				
8	To approve the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions with Trace Management Services Sdn Bhd.				
9	To approve the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions.				
10	Authority to issue and allot shares pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016.				
	Special Resolution				
1	Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company.				

[Please indicate with a "\" or "x" in the spaces provided above on how you wish your vote to be cast. If no specific direction as to voting is given, the Proxy/ Proxies will vote or abstain at his/her discretion]

The proportion of my holdings to be represented by my \*proxy/proxies are as follows:

	Number of Shares	Percentage
First proxy		%
Second proxy		%
Total		100%

NOTES:-

- As part of the initiatives to curb the spread of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19), the 23rd AGM will be conducted electronically in its entirety via RPV facilities which are available on website at www.tracemanagement.com.my. Please follow the procedures provided in the Administrative Details of 23rd AGM in order to register, participate and vote remotely via the RPV facilities.
- The Broadcast Venue of the 23rd AGM is strictly for the purpose of complying with Section 327(2) of the Companies Act, 2016 which requires the Chairman of the meeting to be at the 2. main venue of the meeting. No shareholders/proxies from the public should be physically present at the Broadcast Venue on the day of the 23rd AGM.
- Members may submit questions to the Board of Directors prior to the 23rd AGM to the Investor Relations at AngelineLim@maa.my or lily@crestcorp.com.my no later than 10.30 a.m. 3. on Monday, 24 May 2021 or to use the Question and Answer platform to transmit questions to Board of Directors via RPV facilities during live streaming.
- Since the 23rd AGM will be conducted electronically in its entirety via RPV facilities, a member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint the Chairman of the meeting as 4. his/her proxy and indicate the voting instruction in the Proxy Form.
- A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the 5. Company. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointments shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. 6. Where a member is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account") as defined
- under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, there shall be no limit to the number of proxies which the Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds. 7. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, executed by the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under its seal or
- signed by an officer or attorney so authorised.
- The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office, Suite 11.05, 11th Floor, No. 566, Jalan Ipoh, 51200 Kuala Lumpur, not less than 48 hours 8. before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 9. Any alteration in the form of proxy must be initialed. 10.
- Form of Proxy sent through facsimile transmission shall not be accepted. For the purpose of determining a member who shall be entitled to attend this 23rd AGM, the Company shall be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd in accordance with 11. Articles 72(4)(a), 72(4)(b) and 72(4)(c) of the Company's Constitution and Section 34(1) of the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 to issue a General Meeting Record of Depositors as at 24 May 2021. Only a depositor whose name appears on the Record of Depositors as at 24 May 2021 shall be entitled to attend, speak and vote at the said meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend, speak and/or vote on his/her behalf.
- 12. Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements, all resolutions set out in the Notice of 23rd AGM will be put to vote on a poll.

\*Please strike out whichever is not desired. (Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he/she thinks fit)

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**STAMP** 

The Secretary **MAA GROUP BERHAD** Suite 11.05, 11th Floor No. 566, Jalan Ipoh 51200 Kuala Lumpur

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